

XACML 3.0 Additional Combining Algorithms Profile Version 1.0

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Related work:

This specification is related to:

- *eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) Version 3.0*. Edited by Erik Rissanen. ~~22 January 2013~~–OASIS Standard. Latest version. <http://docs.oasis-open.org/xacml/3.0/xacml-3.0-core-spec-en.html>.

Abstract:

This profile defines new useful but optional combining algorithms for XACML 3.0.

Status:

This document was last revised or approved by the OASIS eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) TC on the above date. The level of approval is also listed above. Check the "Latest version" location noted above for possible later revisions of this document.

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1 Introduction

This profile defines additional combining algorithms for XACML 3.0, [XACML3]. These algorithms may be useful in certain contexts, but have not been considered important enough to include as mandatory items in the core XACML specification.

1.1 Terminology

The key words “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

1.2 Normative References

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| [RFC2119] | S. Bradner, S., “Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels”, <u>BCP 14</u> , IETF RFC 2119, March 1997. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt |
| [XACML3] | <i>eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) Version 3.0</i> , 22 January 2013. OASIS Standard. http://docs.oasis-open.org/xacml/3.0/xacml-3.0-core-spec-os-en.doc |

1.3 XACML Terminology

The XACML decision values “Permit”, “Deny”, “Indeterminate”, “Indeterminate{P}”, “Indeterminate{D}” and “Indeterminate{DP}” have the meanings defined by the XACML 3.0 specification. [XACML3].

~~4.3 The XACML structural elements Policy and Policy Set have the meanings defined by the XACML 3.0 specification, [XACML3]~~
Non-Normative References

None

.

2 on-permit-apply-second policy combining algorithm

2.1 Algorithm definition

This section defines the “on-permit-apply-second” policy combining algorithm of a policy set.

The policy combining algorithm defined here has the following identifier:

urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:3.0:policy-combining-algorithm:on-permit-apply-second

The following is a non-normative informative description of this combining algorithm:

The on permit deny second combining algorithm is primarily intended for those cases where it would be desirable to attach a condition to a policy or policy set. This algorithm has the following behavior.

The input contains an array of children (policies and/or policy sets).

1. If there are not exactly two or three children, then the result is "Indeterminate{DP}".
2. Otherwise, if the decision from the first child is "NotApplicable", "Deny", or "Indeterminate{D}", then the result is "NotApplicable" if there is no third child, or the decision of the third child if there is a third child.
3. Otherwise, if the decision from the first child is "Permit", then the result is the decision from the second child.
4. Otherwise, the result is "Indeterminate{DP}".

The following pseudo-code represents the normative specification of this policy combining algorithm. The algorithm is presented here in a form where the input to it is an array with children (the policies or policy sets) of the policy set.

```
Decision onPermitApplySecondCombiningAlgorithm(Node[] children)
{
    if (lengthOf(children) < 2 || lengthOf(children) > 3) {
        // Use status code
        // urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:status:processing-error
        return Indeterminate{DP}
    }
    Decision decision0 = children[0].evaluate();
    if (decision0 == NotApplicable ||
        decision0 == Deny ||
        decision0 == Indeterminate{D}) {
        if (lengthOf(children) == 2) {
            return NotApplicable;
        }
        Decision decision2 = children[2].evaluate();
        return decision2;
    }
    if (decision0 == Permit) {
        Decision decision1 = children[1].evaluate();
        return decision1;
    }
    // decision0 is Indeterminate{P} or Indeterminate{DP}
    // Use status code of decision0
    return Indeterminate{DP};
}
```

Obligations and advice **MUST** be combined as described in **[XACML3]**.

2.2 Discussion (non-normative)

XACML 3.0, [XACML3], does not allow <Condition> elements at the policy or policy set levels. In some cases it may be useful to have a <Condition> at the policy or policy set level since a <Condition> allows for more expressive matching than a <Target>, which can only match against constant values.

For instance, someone may want to write a policy which applies to the cases where the subject is the owner of the resource. In this case the policy should apply if the subject-id of the request equals the owner attribute of the resource in the request. This matching cannot be done with a <Target> since it is not a match expression against a constant value. Such a policy would require a <Condition> at the Policy level.

The on-permit-apply-second combining algorithm makes it possible to define a policy structure which behaves as if there was a <Condition> at the policy or policy set level, without changes to the XACML 3.0 schema.

For instance, assume that someone wants to define policy A, which should contain condition A. Ideally the user would like to define this policy:

```
Policy A:
  Target A
  Condition A
  Rules of A...
```

This is not possible in XACML 3.0, but with the help of the on-permit-apply-second combining algorithm, the above policy structure can be refactored into the following structure, which has the desired effect:

```
PolicySet X [on-permit-apply-second]
  Target A
  Policy Y
    Rule Z [Permit]
      Condition A
  Policy A:
    Rules of A...
```

If Target A matches, then the on-permit-apply-second combining algorithm will evaluate policy Y. If Condition A applies, policy Y will say Permit and policy A is evaluated and the result of policy A is used as the result of policy set X. If Condition A does not apply, then policy set X returns NotApplicable.

A similar structure can be used to get the effect of a <Condition> in a <PolicySet>.

Likewise there is no combining algorithm in XACML 3.0, [XACML3], which ensures that if a specific branch of a policy tree has been evaluated, then no other branch is evaluated, even if the first branch would evaluate to NotApplicable. The on-permit-apply-second algorithm can take a third child which will be used only in the case the second child is not selected by the condition, similarly to an “if-then-else” construct which is available in many computer languages. In the following example, depending on condition C, either policy A or policy B is evaluated, but in no case are both A and B evaluated.

```
PolicySet X [on-permit-apply-second]
  Policy
    Rule [Permit]
      Condition C
  Policy A:
    Rules of A...
  Policy B:
    Rules of B...
```

3 Conformance

~~The following table lists the defined algorithms in~~ To conform to this profile. ~~Each of them is optional to implement so~~ an implementation ~~may choose~~ MUST conform to **[XACML3]** ~~implement as defined in Section 10 Conformance of [XACML3]~~ and MUST conform to ~~one or more~~ the requirements of the ~~described~~ combining ~~algorithms depending on the usefulness of the~~ algorithm `urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:3.0:policy-combining-algorithm:on-permit-apply-second` ~~as defined in section 2.1~~ the implementation context ~~of this profile.~~

<code>urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:3.0:policy-combining-algorithm:on-permit-apply-second</code>

Appendix A. Acknowledgments

The following individuals have participated in the creation of this specification and are gratefully acknowledged:

Participants:

- David Brossard, Axiomatics
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- Richard Hill, The Boeing Company
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- Jean-Paul Buu-Sao, Transglobal Secure Collaboration Participation, Inc. (TSCP)
- Bill Parducci, Individual Member
- Hal Lockhart, Oracle
- Rich Levinson, Oracle

Appendix B. Revision History

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
WD 01	17 Feb 2012	Erik Rissanen	Initial version with the on-permit-apply-second algorithm.
WD 02	22 Aug 2012	Erik Rissanen	Added acknowledgements
WD 03	31 Oct 2012	Erik Rissanen	Changed the example for refactoring conditions into a slightly different form. Generalized the definition of the on-permit-apply-second algorithm based on discussion on the XACML TC list.
WD 04	19 Jun 2013	Erik Rissanen	Generalized the on-permit-apply-second algorithm to also accept two children. Simplified handling of Indeterminate. Updated cross reference to XACML 3.0 OASIS standard version.
WD 05	27 Jun 2013	Erik Rissanen	Changed the return value of on-permit-apply-second in case of Indeterminate
WD 06	16 Dec 2013	Erik Rissanen	Corrected the non-normative description of on-permit-apply-second to match the change made in WD05.
WD 07	24 Mar 2014	Erik Rissanen	Made changes based on OASIS TAB comments in public review.