



Web Services Resource 1.2 (WS-Resource)

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Abstract:

This specification defines a WS-Resource, which describes the relationship between a Web service and a resource in the WS-Resource Framework. This document also defines the term WS-Resource Access Pattern, the abstract concept of how resources are accessed through Web services, as well as several concrete embodiments based on various Web services referencing mechanisms.

Status:

This document is published by this TC as a "working draft". It is possible that it may change significantly during this process, but should nonetheless provide a stable reference for discussion and early adopters' implementations.

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For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights section of the WSRF TC web page (<http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/wsrf/>).

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1 Introduction

This specification defines a WS-Resource, which describes the relationship between a Web service and a resource in the WS-Resource Framework. This document also defines the term WS-Resource Access Pattern, the abstract concept of how resources are accessed through Web services, as well as several concrete embodiments based on various Web services referencing mechanisms.

1.1 Goals and Requirements

The goal of WS-Resource is to standardize the terminology and concepts needed to express the relationship between Web services and resources.

1.1.1 Requirements

In meeting this goal, the specification MUST address the following specific requirements:

- Define the term “resource”
- Define the term “WS-Resource”, describing the relationship between Web services and resources.
- Define the term “WS-Resource Access Pattern”, the abstract means by which a resource can be distinguished in a message exchange between a requestor and a Web service.
- Define one or more concrete embodiments of the WS-Resource Access Pattern.

1.2 Terminology

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119].

When describing abstract data models, this specification uses the notational convention used by the [XML Infoset]. Specifically, abstract property names always appear in square brackets (e.g., [some property]).

This specification uses a notational convention, referred to as “Pseudo-schemas” in a fashion similar to the WSDL 2.0 Part 1 specification [WSDL 2.0]. A Pseudo-schema uses a BNF-style convention to describe attributes and elements:

- ‘?’ denotes optionality (i.e. zero or one occurrences),
- ‘*’ denotes zero or more occurrences,
- ‘+’ one or more occurrences,
- ‘[’ and ‘]’ are used to form groups,
- ‘|’ represents choice.
- Attributes are conventionally assigned a value which corresponds to their type, as defined in the normative schema.

```
<!-- sample pseudo-schema -->
<element
  required_attribute_of_type_QName="xs:QName"
  optional_attribute_of_type_string="xs:string"? >
  <required_element />
  <optional_element />?
```

```
<one_or_more_of_these_elements />+
[ <choice_1 /> | <choice_2 /> ]*
</element>
```

1.3 Namespaces

The following namespaces are used in this document:

Prefix	Namespace
s12	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope
xs	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
wsa	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing
wsdl	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl
wsrf-r	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsr/2005/03/wsr/WS-Resource-1.2-draft-03.xsd
wsrf-rw	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsr/2005/03/wsr/WS-Resource-1.2-draft-03.wsdl
wsrf-bf	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsr/2005/03/wsr/WS-BaseFaults-1.2-draft-04.xsd
wsrfmd	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsr/2004/10/ws-rap/ws-md.xsd

2 WS-Resource Terminology

The following terms are important to define the relationship between a Web service and one or more resources.

2.1 Resource

A resource is a logical entity that has the following characteristics:

- It MUST be identifiable; a resource has at least one resource identifier (see Section 2.2).
- It MUST have a set of zero or more properties, which are expressible in XML infoset.
- It MAY have lifecycle.

2.2 Resource Identifier

A resource identifier embodies sufficient information required to distinguish one resource from all other resources within its scope of identification.

2.3 WS-Resource

A WS-Resource is a Web service through which a resource can be accessed. A WS-Resource is further defined as follows:

- An identifier of the resource MUST appear as part of any message to a WS-Resource to allow the WS-Resource to disambiguate the resource targeted by the message. We refer to this pattern of access as the “**WS-Resource Access Pattern**” (WS-RAP).
- The set of properties of the resource MUST be expressed using an XML Infoset described by XML schema. The WS-Resource MUST support accessing resource properties through message exchanges defined by the WS-Resource Properties specification [WSRF-RP].
- If access to the lifecycle of the resource is exposed through the WS-Resource, the WS-Resource MAY support the message exchanges defined by the WS-Resource Lifetime specification [WSRF-RL].

Note: there are circumstances under which the resource identifier of the resource also appears as application data in the message. A message which otherwise satisfies the WS-Resource Access Pattern, and in which a resource identifier *also* appears in the message does not violate the WS-Resource Access Pattern.

2.4 WS-Resource Reference

A WS-Resource reference (or just reference) is a representation through which a single WS-Resource can be accessed. A reference encapsulates a resource identifier and may contain other information necessary to access the WS-Resource.

For a given resource identifier there may be many references. The way two references are compared for equality is implementation-specific and not defined by this specification.

3 WS-Resource Access Pattern Embodiments

As defined above, the term “WS-Resource Access Pattern” defines a concept describing how a Web service disambiguates which resource is targeted by a message to a WS-Resource. There are many ways in which this can be achieved. We refer to a concrete realization of the WS-Resource Access Pattern as an “embodiment”. A WS-Resource MUST support at least one embodiment. A message exchange conformant to the WS-Resource Access Pattern is NOT required to implement all embodiments of the WS-Resource Access Pattern.

Each embodiment of the WS-Resource Access Pattern MUST:

- Specify the form of the WS-Resource reference
- Specify how the resource identifier appears in the WS-Resource reference
- Specify how a resource identifier appears in the message

Each embodiment SHOULD provide a non-normative, simple XML example illustrating how the embodiment achieves the requirements of being a WS-Resource Access Pattern embodiment.

The following sections define an initial set of embodiments of the WS-Resource Access Pattern. Applications may define additional embodiments.

3.1 WS-Addressing Embodiment

This embodiment is one in which WS-Addressing is used [WSA].

In this embodiment, the form of the reference to a WS-Resource is an endpoint reference, or more precisely an XML element whose type is, or is derived (by extension) from the complexType named EndpointReferenceType defined by the WS-Addressing specification.

The address of the Web service endpoint part of the WS-Resource is contained in the wsa:Address element information item of the endpoint reference. There are two ways in which the resource identifier may appear:

1) in the contents of the wsa:ReferenceProperty element information item of the endpoint reference (Note, the wsa:ReferenceProperty element information item MUST have at least one child element information item)

or

2) embedded as part of the wsa:Address element information item of the endpoint reference.

We label (non-normatively) the first style of encoding the resource identifier encoding as “WS-Addressing embodiment using Reference Properties” and we label (non-normatively) the second style of encoding the resource identifier as “WS-Addressing embodiment using Address”.

In a message that is conformant to this embodiment of the WS-Resource Access Pattern, the address of the Web service endpoint and the resource identifier of the resource must appear in the message according to binding-specific rules outlined in WS-Addressing. For example, in the SOAP binding defined by WS-Addressing, the Web service endpoint address is contained in the wsa:Address element information item in the endpoint reference and appears in the message as the contents of the wsa:To SOAP header, and each direct child element information item (if any) of the wsa:ReferenceProperties element information item appears in the message as a separate SOAP header.

3.1.1 Example

The following diagram illustrates an example set of components that comprise a small collection of WS-Resources:



In the example above, there is one Web service that has a URL address of "http://www.example.com/service". This Web service provides access to two resources, identified simply as "R1" and "R2". A reference to the WS-Resource associated with this Web service and the resource identified by "R1" would appear as follows:

```
<wsa:EndpointReference>
  <wsa:Address>http://www.example.com/service</wsa:Address>
  <wsa:ReferenceProperties>
    <tns:SomeDisambiguatorElement>R1</tns:SomeDisambiguatorElement>
  </wsa:ReferenceProperties> ?
...
</wsa:EndpointReference>
```

This reference uses the form of this embodiment labeled as "WS-Addressing embodiment using Reference Properties". An example GetResourceProperties message, in a SOAP/HTTP binding, following this embodiment of the WS-Resource Access Pattern would look as follows:

```
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
  xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
  xmlns:wsrf-rp="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-
ResourceProperties-1.2-draft-06.xsd">
  <S:Header>
    <wsa:To> http://www.example.com/service </wsa:To>
    <wsa:Action>
      http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/WS-ResourceProperties/GetResourceProperty
    </wsa:Action>
    <tns:SomeDisambiguatorElement>R1</tns:SomeDisambiguatorElement>
    ...
  </S:Header>
  <S:Body>
```

```
214     <wsrf-rp:GetResourceProperty ...  
215     ...  
216     </S:Body>  
217 </S:Envelope>
```

3.2 WSDL 1.1 Service Element Embodiment

This embodiment is one in which WSDL 1.1 is used [WSDL11]. The form of a reference is a WSDL definitions element which contains exactly one WSDL service child element which, in turn, contains one or more WSDL port child elements, each bound to the same portType element. Each port offers a potentially different binding to the same WS-Resource,

The resource identifier MUST be encoded within the child element(s) of the port element that specify the address as defined by WSDL 1.1; in the case of SOAP binding, this MUST be within the soap:address element.

In this embodiment, the address contained within the WSDL port element contains both the address of the Web service endpoint and the resource identifier.

For example, the following is a valid reference to a WS-Resource in this embodiment:

```
<wsdl:definitions ... >  
  <wsdl:service name="svc">  
    <wsdl:port ... >  
      <soap:address="http://www.example.com/R1"/>  
    </wsdl:port>  
  </wsdl:service>  
</wsdl:definitions>
```

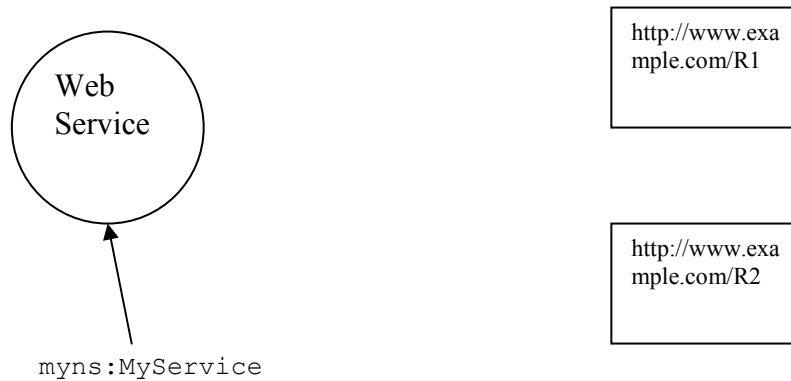
In this case, messages sent to `http://www.example.com/R1` are, actually, sent to the endpoint of the Web service which provides access to the resource, in this example identified by the string "R1". Note that even though resource identifier does not appear within the SOAP envelope contained in messages associated with this reference, it MUST appear as part of the HTTP message (in the form of the URL).

3.3 WS-MessageDelivery Embodiment

This embodiment is based on WS-MessageDelivery Version 1.0 [WSMD]. This embodiment defines the form of the reference to a WS-Resource, namely `wsrfmd:WSResourceReference`, and a normative dereferencing mechanism when using the SOAP protocol.

3.3.1 Example

The following diagram illustrates an example set of components that comprise two WS-Resources:



250 In the example above, there is one Web service that is identified by the WSDL service QName
 251 “myns:MyService”. This Web service provides access to two resources, identified as
 252 “http://www.example.com/R1” and “http://www.example.com/R2”. A reference to the WS-
 253 Resource associated with this Web service and the resource identified by
 254 “http://www.example.com/R1” would appear as follows:

255

```

256 <wsrfmd:WSResourceReference>
257   <!-- Web service reference -->
258   <wsrfmd:WSReference wsmd:wsdlLocation="http://example.com/wsdlloc">
259     <wsmd:serviceQName xmlns:myns="http://example.com/myns">
260       myns:MyService
261     </wsmd:serviceQName>
262   </wsrfmd:WSReference>
263   <!--resource identifier -->
264   <wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier uri="http://www.example.com/R1" />
265 </wsrfmd:WSResourceReference>
  
```

266

267 The reference to the WS-Resource consists of the QName of the WSDL service element that
 268 identifies the Web service and the URI [URI] “http://www.example.com/R1” -- the resource
 269 identifier.

270 An example GetResourceProperties message, when using SOAP, following this embodiment of
 271 the WS-Resource Access Pattern would look as follows:

272

```

273 <S:Envelope>
274   <S:Header>
275     <wsmd:MessageDestination>...</wsmd:MessageDestination>
276     <wsmd:MessageOriginator>...</wsmd:MessageOriginator>
  
```

```

277     <wsmd:OperationName>...<wsmd:OperationName>
278     <wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier uri="http://www.example.com/R1" />
279   </S:Header>
280   <S:Body>...</S:Body>
281 </S:Envelope>

```

The value of the resource identifier is sent as a separate SOAP header block.

3.3.2 WSResourceReference

In this embodiment, the form of the reference to a WS-Resource is wsrfmd:WSResourceReference, or more precisely an element information item whose type is, or is derived from, wsrfmd:WSResourceReferenceType as defined in Appendix D. The following pseudo-schema describes the contents of this element:

```

291 <wsrfmd:WSResourceReference>
292   <wsrfmd:WSReference>wsmd:destination</wsrfmd:WSReference>
293   <wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier uri="xs:anyURI"?>
294     any
295   </wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier?>
296 </wsrfmd:WSResourceReference>

```

wsrfmd:WSResourceReference element information item contains a reference to a Web service (either a WSDL service element or a QName that identifies a WSDL service element) and an optional resource identifier as defined in Section 3.3.3.

The element information item wsrfmd:WSReference MUST conform to WS-MessageDelivery Version 1.0. This requires that the WSDL service element MUST conform to section 2.1 of [WSMD]. The wsrfmd:WSReference element information item identifies the Web service to which messages targeted for the WS-Resource are sent.

The element wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier, if present, specifies the identity of the resources. If the element wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier is absent then the resource is identified by the WSDL service element itself.

3.3.3 ResourceIdentifier

This element information item identifies the resource and is specified by the following pseudo-schema:

```

312 <wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier uri="xs:anyURI"?>
313   any
314 </wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier>

```

315 The entire wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier information element represents the resource identifier in
316 this embodiment.
317 This element is part of the WS-Resource reference as well as a SOAP header block as defined in
318 Section 3.3.4. When used as a SOAP header block, all the SOAP processing rules related to
319 SOAP header blocks apply.

320 **3.3.4 Dereferencing WSResourceReference using SOAP**

321 When a messages is targeted to a particular WS-Resource, the entire wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier
322 information element, if present, is included in the message in a protocol/binding-specific way. This
323 section defines this mapping when using SOAP. It is expected that mappings for other
324 protocols/bindings will be defined by other specifications.

325 To dereference and send a message to a WS-Resource identified by
326 wsrfmd:WSResourceReference using SOAP:

- 327 1. The Web service to which the message to be sent is identified by the contents of
328 wsrfmd:WSReference – this contains either a WSDL service element or a QName that
329 identifies the WSDL service element. A port that supports a SOAP binding within that
330 service element is selected.
- 331 2. When accessing an operation on the selected port by sending a message to the WS-
332 Resource, wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier element, if present in the WSResourceReference,
333 MUST be sent as a SOAP header block.

334 The content of the SOAP header block, if present, identifies the resource targeted by the
335 message. When dereferencing a WSResourceReference the message exchange MUST conform
336 to the WSDL and WS-MessageDelivery specifications.

337

4 Faults

A WS-Resource may respond to any message with the following fault message:

wsrf-rw:ResourceUnknownFault

The resource identified in the message (which follows the WS-Resource Access Pattern) is not known to the Web service. The fault may contain additional application-specific information in it

Note: All faults generated must be compliant with the WS-BaseFaults [WS-BaseFaults] specification.

5 References

5.1 Normative

- [RFC2119] S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
- [URI] T. Berners-Lee, R. Fielding, L. Masinter, "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax," RFC 2396, MIT/LCS, U.C. Irvine, Xerox Corporation, August 1998.
- [WSA] <http://www.w3.org/Submission/2004/SUBM-ws-addressing-20040810/>
- [WSDL 1.1] <http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl>
- [WSMD] <http://www.w3.org/Submission/2004/SUBM-ws-messagedelivery-20040426>
- [WS-ResourceLifetime] <http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-ResourceLifetime-1.2-draft-05.pdf>
- [WS-ResourceProperties] <http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-ResourceProperties-1.2-draft-06.pdf>
- [XML-Infoset] <http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-infoset/>

5.2 Non-Normative

- [SOAP 1.2] <http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-part1/>

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Appendix B. XML Schema

The XML types and elements used in this specification are included here for convenience. The authoritative version of this schema document is available at:

<http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-03.xsd>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!--

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431
432 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE OF THE
433 INFORMATION HEREIN WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED
434 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
435
436 -->
437 <xsd:schema
438     xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
439     xmlns:wsrf-r=
440     "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
441 03.xsd"
442     xmlns:wsrf-bf=
443     "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-BaseFaults-1.2-
444 draft-04.xsd"
445     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
446     elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified"
447     targetNamespace=
448     "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
449 03.xsd"
450 >
451
452     <xsd:import
453         namespace=
454         "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-BaseFaults-1.2-
455 draft-04.xsd"
456         schemaLocation=
457         "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-BaseFaults-1.2-
458 draft-04.xsd"
459     />
460
461 <!-- ===== WS-Resource fault types ===== -->
462
463     <xsd:complexType name="ResourceUnknownFaultType">
464         <xsd:complexContent>
465             <xsd:extension base="wsrf-bf:BaseFaultType"/>
466         </xsd:complexContent>
467     </xsd:complexType>
468     <xsd:element name="ResourceUnknownFault"
469         type="wsrf-r:ResourceUnknownFaultType"/>
470 </xsd:schema>
471

```


Appendix C. WSDL 1.1

The WSDL 1.1 for the Web service methods described in this specification is compliant with WS-I Basic Profile 1.1 and is included here for convenience. The authoritative version of this WSDL is available at:

<http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-03.wsdl>

```
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-->

<wsdl:definitions name="WS-Resource"
  xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:wsrf-r=
    "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.xsd"
  xmlns:wsrf-rw=
    "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.wsdl"
  targetNamespace=
    "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.wsdl"
>

<!-- ===== Types Definitions ===== -->
  <wsdl:types>
    <xsd:schema
      xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
      targetNamespace=
        "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.wsdl"
      elementFormDefault="qualified"
      attributeFormDefault="unqualified">

      <xsd:import
        namespace=
          "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.xsd"
        schemaLocation=
          "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2005/03/wsrf-WS-Resource-1.2-draft-
03.xsd"
      />

    </xsd:schema>
  </wsdl:types>

```

```
561 <!-- ===== WS-Resource faults ===== -->
562 <wsdl:message name="ResourceUnknownFault">
563     <part name="ResourceUnknownFault"
564         element=
565
566
567 </wsdl:definitions>
568
569
570
571
```

Appendix D. XML Schema for WS-MessageDelivery Embodiment

The XML Schema types and element used by the WS-MessageDelivery embodiment are defined in the following XML schema:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!--

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```

```

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621 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
622 -->
623
624 <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
625           xmlns:wsmd="http://www.w3.org/2004/04/ws-messagedelivery"
626           xmlns:wsrfmd="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2004/10/ws-rap/ws-
627 md.xsd"
628
629           targetNamespace=" http://docs.oasis-open.org/wsrf/2004/10/ws-
630 rap/ws-md.xsd"
631           elementFormDefault="qualified">
632
633   <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2004/04/ws-messagedelivery"/>
634
635   <!-- holder for resource identifier -->
636   <xs:element name="ResourceIdentifier"
637             type="wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifierType"/>
638   <xs:complexType name="ResourceIdentifierType" >
639     <xs:sequence>
640       <xs:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"
641 processContents="lax"/>
642     </xs:sequence>
643     <xs:attribute name="uri" type="xs:anyURI" />
644     <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
645   </xs:complexType>
646
647   <!-- syntactic struct that contains the reference to the WS and the
648        resource identifier -->
649   <xs:element name="WSResourceReference"

```

```

        type="wsrfmd:WSResourceReferenceType" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="WSReference" type="wsmd:destination" />
        <xs:element ref="wsrfmd:ResourceIdentifier" minOccurs="0" />
        <xs:any namespace="##other" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"
processContents="lax" />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax" />
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

```

Appendix E. Revision History

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
wd-01	2004-08-27	Steve Graham	Initial version created based on 08/23 and 08/24 meeting amongst the authors.
wd-02	2004-09-02	sgg	Modifications per feedback on 09/01 telecon, and email from Anish and Igor.
wd-01.a-f	Various	sgg	Reflected various progress
wd-01g	2004-09-29	sgg	Reflected final agreements
wd-02a	2004-10-07	ir	Editorial and TC issues
Wd-02.b	2004-11-22	sgg	Resolved WSRF75 and WSRF76
Wd-02	2004-12-09	ir	Editorial
wd-03.a	2005-02-17	ir	Issues 50, 62, 77, 81, 86, 93, 96
Wd-03.b	2005-03-08	Jem Treadwell	Fixed minor typos.

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