# OASIS 🕅

# Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1 Errata 01

# **OASIS Approved Errata**

# 22 July 2013

### **Specification URIs**

#### This version:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/v1.1/errata01/os/OpenDocument-v1.1-errata01-os.odt (Authoritative)

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#### Additional artifacts:

This prose specification is one component of a Work Product which also includes:

 Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1. 22 July 2013. OASIS Standard incorporating Approved Errata 01. http://docs.oasisopen.org/office/v1.1/errata01/os/OpenDocument-v1.1-errata01-os-complete.html.

#### **Related work:**

This specification provides errata for:

 Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1. 01 February 2007. OASIS Standard. http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/v1.1/OS/OpenDocument-v1.1html/OpenDocument-v1.1.html.

#### Abstract:

This specification lists errata for Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1.

#### Status:

This document was last revised or approved by the OASIS Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) TC on the above date. The level of approval is also listed above. Check the "Latest version" location noted above for possible later revisions of this document.

Technical Committee members should send comments on this Work Product to the Technical Committee's email list. Others should send comments to the Technical Committee by using the "Send A Comment" button on the Technical Committee's web page at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/office/.

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#### **Citation format:**

When referencing this Work Product the following citation format should be used:

#### [OpenDocument-v1.1-errata01]

Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1 Errata 01. 22 July 2013. OASIS Approved Errata. http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/v1.1/errata01/os/OpenDocument-v1.1-errata01-os.html.

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# **1** Introduction

[All text of this document is informative.]

This document provides the first Errata document for *Open Document Format for Office Applications* (*OpenDocument*) v1.1 [ODF 1.1].

The errata items have three sources:

- Errata items developed for the earlier [ODF 1.0] that also apply to the text of [ODF 1.1]
- Additional errata based on comments submitted to or originated in the OASIS Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) TC
- Errata identified for achieving technical alignment of [ODF 1.1] and International Standard for OpenDocument [IS 26300:2006] as amended for mutual alignment [AMD1]

These errata do not apply to the International Standard. To facilitate technical-alignment review, these errata entries identify whether an equivalent errata item has already been included in changes that align the International Standard with ODF 1.1.

Some ODF 1.0 Errata items do not apply to ODF 1.1. Those are accounted for in (Appendix B).

Some ODF 1.1 Errata 01 items have arisen since the International Standard corrigenda and amendment were produced. Those items are identified in the Errata items (section 2 Errata Items) and also summarized in a form applicable to the amended International Standard (Appendix C).

### 1.1 Terminology

Within the ODF 1.1 specification and the extracts presented in errata items, the terms "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", and "**may**" are interpreted as described in Annex H of [ISO/IEC Directives] if they appear in bold letters [ODF 1.1]. Occurrences have their effect in the ODF 1.1 specification. They do not apply to the interpretation of this document.

### **1.2 Normative References**

This is an informative specification. There is no introduction of normative conditions and conformance clauses by reference or in any other manner.

### 1.3 Non-Normative References

#### [ISO/IEC Directives]

*ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2: Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards.* Fifth edition, 2004. International Organization for Standardization and International Electrotechnical Commission. Sixth edition with unchanged Annex H available at http://www.iso.org/directives

#### [ODF 1.0]

*Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0.* 01 May 2005. OASIS Standard. Available at http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/v1.0/OpenDocument-v1.0-os.pdf

#### [1.0-1]

Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) 1.0 Errata 01. 24 November 2008. OASIS Approved Errata. All formats available at http://docs.oasisopen.org/office/v1.0/errata/os/

#### [1.0-2]

Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) 1.0 Errata 02. 20 September 2010. OASIS Approved Errata. All formats available at http://docs.oasisopen.org/office/v1.0/errata/os/

#### [ODF 1e2]

Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) 1.0 (Second Edition). 19 July 2006. OASIS Committee Specification 01. Available at https://www.oasisopen.org/committees/document.php?document\_id=19274 (PDF) and https://www.oasisopen.org/committees/document.php?document\_id=19275 (ODT)

#### [ODF 1.1]

Öpen Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1. 01 February 2007. OASIS standard. All formats available at http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/v1.1/OS/

#### [IS 26300:2006]

Information Technology – Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0. Available at http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html (entry for Standard ISO/IEC 26300:2006)

#### [COR1]

Information Technology – Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0, Technical Corrigendum 1. 2010-12-15. Available at http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html (entry for Standard ISO/IEC 26300:2006/Cor.1:2010)

#### [COR2]

Information Technology – Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0, Technical Corrigendum 2. 2011-12-01. Available at http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html (entry for Standard ISO/IEC 26300:2006/Cor.2:2011)

#### [AMD1]

Information Technology – Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.0 – Amendment 1: Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) v1.1. 2012-03-15. Available at http://standards.iso.org/ittf/PubliclyAvailableStandards/index.html (entry for Standard ISO/IEC 26300:2006/Amd.1:2012)

### **1.4 Errata Tabulation Format**

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
2.1.1	[Instructions and other notations that are not the texts themselves are included in these brackets.]]	N1078:10 3798	COR2 WG6	Ý
	Removed text is shown in light red strike-through. <u>Inserted</u> text is shown in light blue underlined. Other text is shown without change and to provide sufficient context for the changes []			
2.1.2/ Version	Style changes are shown in <u>magenta</u> , <u>double</u> <u>underlined</u> . The text is shown in the desired resulting style.	N0942:50	1.0-1	N

### **1.5 Notation Conventions**

### 1.5.1 Section/Subsection Entries

When instructions apply to a numbered section outside of any subsection, the section number is used alone. For example, "2.1.1" refers to ODF 1.1 section 2.1.1 Document Root Element Content Models.

When the instructions apply in a named subsection, the subsection name follows the numbered section identification. For example, "2.1.2/Version" refers to the Version subsection of section 2.1.2 Document Root Attributes.

### 1.5.2 Issue Identifications

Issue identifications beginning with N, such as N0942:50 and N1078:10, refer to numbered issues in defect reports on [IS 26300:2006] received from ISO/IEC JTC1/SC34. Further details on those defect items and their disposition in [ODF 1.0] are found in ODF 1.0 Errata 02 [1.0-2].

Issues identified by numerals, *nnnn*, such as 3798, refer to an issue identified OFFICE-*nnnn* (e.g., OFFICE-3798) in the issue database of the OASIS Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) TC.

Whenever an issue identification has a link, there is (also) discussion of the issue in the issue database. The link is to the corresponding issue entry (e.g., "N1078:10" linked to associated issue OFFICE-1802, "3798" linked to associated issue OFFICE-3798).

### 1.5.3 Issue Sources

All errata items originate in ODF 1.0 Errata and/or ODF 1.1-specific issues captured in the OpenDocument TC issue database. The Source indicates additional information that is pertinent to the alignment of ODF 1.1 and IS 26300:2006:

- 1.0-1 indicates an ODF 1.0 Errata 01 item [1.0-1]
- COR1 indicates an ODF 1.0 Errata 01 item that was also applied in IS 26300:2006 [COR1]
- 1.0-2 indicates an ODF 1.0 Errata 02 item [1.0-2]
- COR2 indicates an ODF 1.0 Errata 02 item that was also applied in IS 26300:2006 [COR2]
- TC indicates an ODF 1.1 item that originated in the OpenDocument TC
- WG6 indicates an ODF 1.1 item that originated in ISO/IEC JTC1/SC34 WG6 as part of creating the [AMD1] alignment for ODF 1.1.

### 1.5.4 Amd? Status

This column indicates whether or not there is an issue that is or is not reflected in [AMD1]:

- 1. Entry "-" signifies that [AMD1] coverage was unnecessary. This is usually an item that was covered with [COR1] or [COR2].
- 2. Entry "Y" signifies that [AMD1] also covered the errata item.
- Entry "N" signifies that [AMD1] did not cover the errata item and any coverage depends on subsequent work by ISO/IEC JTC1/SC34 WG6. These items are also accounted for in Appendix C IS 26300:2006/Amd1 Reconciliation.

# 2 Errata Items

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
1.3	[Change, in the Prefix column of Table 1]	N1309:9	COR2	-
	draw <del>ing</del>			
1.6	[Change the entire section]	N1309:10	COR2	-
	1.6 White-Space Processing <del>and EOL</del> <del>Handling</del>			
	ODF processing of whitespace characters is in conformance with the provisions of In conformance with the W3C XML specification [XML1.0];			
	In addition, ODF processors shall ignore all element children ([RNG] section 5, Data Model) of ODF-defined elements that are strings consisting entirely of whitespace characters and which do not satisfy a pattern of the ODF schema definition for the element.			
	Any special treatment of additional occurrences of white- space characters depend on the specific definition of individual ODF elements, attributes, and their datatypes. See, in particular, section 5.1.1. optional white space characters- that are contained in elements that have element content (in- other words that must contain elements only but not text) are ignored. This applies to the following white space and end- of-line ( <b>EOL</b> )[UNICODE] characters:			
	[deleting the remainder of the section]			
	As a consequence of the white-space and EOL processing- rules, any CARRIAGE RETURN characters that are- contained either in the text content of an element or in an- attribute value must be encoded by the character entity- . The same applies to the HORIZONTAL- TABULATION and LINE FEED characters if they are- contained in an attribute value.			
2.1.1	[Change the first paragraph of the section]	N0942:41	1.0-01	Y
	The content models of the five root elements is summarized in the following table. Note that <office:document> may contain all supported top-level elements. <u>AllNone of the</u> four subdocument root elements contain the complete data, but- four combined dotogether contain the same information as an <office:document> element that contains the same subdocument root elements.</office:document></office:document>			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
2.1.2/ Version	[Change the first paragraph of the subsection] All root elements take an office:version attribute, which indicates which version of this specification it complies with. The version number is in the format revision.version. If the file has a version known to an XML processor, it may- validate the document. Otherwise, it is optional to validate the document, but the document must be well formed.	N1309:6	COR2	-
2.3.1/ Use Soft Page Breaks	[Change the fifth and sixth paragraphs of the subsection] A generating application that stores soft page breaks shall indicate this by setting the text:use-page-breaks attribute to true. A generating application that does not store soft page breaks shall indicate that by omitting this attribute, or by setting it to <u>false</u> . An application that does not support pagination and soft page-breaks, that modifies an OpenDocument file, which includes soft page-breaks, shall at least set the text:use- page-breaks attribute to false (or remove it). It should also remove the <text:soft-page-break> elements from the document but is not required to do so.</text:soft-page-break>	3694	WG6	Y
3.1.15	[Change, in the last paragraph] The manner in which the language is represented is similar- to The syntax and semantics of the language tag are specified described in [RFC3066]. It consists of a two or three- letter Language Code taken from the ISO 639 standard- optionally followed by a hyphen (-) and a two-letter Country- Code taken from the ISO 3166 standard.	N1078:1	COR2	-
3.1.18	<pre>[Change, in the schema] [] <optional></optional></pre>	3743	TC	N

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
4.4.1/ Protected Sections	[Change, at the end of the last paragraph] [[]] To avoid saving the password directly into the XML file, only a hash value of the password is stored. <u>The hashing</u> is implementation-dependent.	N1078:18	COR2	-
4.7	[In some forms of the ODF 1.1 specification, there may need to be some or all of these changes to have the correct form of the last sentence. <i>Change, in the last sentence of the section</i> ]] See section 2.3.1:2.3.1 Use Soft Page BreaksUse Soft Page Breaks for details regarding soft page breaks.	2712	WG6	Y
5.1.1	[Change, in the last line preceding the start of the "Space Character Subsection] , in other words they are processed in the same way that [HTML4] processes them.	2713	TC	-
5.1.4	[Change, in the beginning of the list] <ul> <li>Name</li> <li><u>Title</u></li> <li>[]</li> </ul>	3797	WG6	Y
6.3	[Change the first paragraph] OpenDocument text documents can contain [ ] Most variable fields support different value types, such as numbers, dates, strings, and so on. In the OpenDocument file format, a variable must be declared at the beginning of a document.	N1309:1 N1309:2	COR2	-
6.7.2	<pre>[Change the first paragraph] The text:fixed attribute specifies whether or not the value of a field element is fixed. If the value of a field is fixed, the value of the field element to which this attribute is attached is preserved in all future edits of the document. If the value of the field is not fixed, the value of the field may be replaced by a new value when the document is edited. The defined values of the text:fixed attribute are: true: value of the field element where this attribute appears is preserved.</pre>	N1078:2	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
6.7.5	[Change the text of the first list item] <ul> <li>value</li> <li>This value displays the value of the field. Some fields do not support this value. In these cases, the text:display attribute only takes the values value of none, and value of formula, respectively.</li> </ul>	N0942:40	COR1	-
6.7.5	[Change the text of the second list item] <ul> <li>formula</li> <li>This value allows the display of the formula rather than the value of the field. Some fields do not-support this value. In these cases, the text:display attribute only takes the values value of none, and value of formula, respectively. This value is not supported by all kinds of fields.</li> </ul>	N0942:40	COR1	-
7.3.1/ Use Outline	[Change at the end of the only paragraph] [ ]] See section 7.1 for more information on index marks.	N1078:3	COR2	-
7.3.1/ Index Scope	<pre>[Change the only paragraph]] The text:index-scope attribute determines whether the table-of-content is generated for the whole document, or only- for the current chapter.specifies whether index entries from an entire document or from the chapter that contains the <text:table-of-content> element are used to construct a table of contents. The default value and the determination of the chapter are implementation-dependent.</text:table-of-content></pre>	N1078:5	COR2	-
7.3.2	<pre>[Change the end of first paragraph]]</pre> [ ] for any outline level. (See below.)	N1078:6	COR2	-
7.4.1/ Use Caption	[Change the only paragraph] Each object contained in a text document has a name. In addition, images also have a caption. The image caption or the image name can be gathered for the index of illustrations. The text:use-caption attribute specifies whether the captions or names of illustrations are used for an index. The defined values of the text:use-caption attribute are: <ul> <li>true: illustration captions are used for an index.</li> <li>false: illustration names are used for an index.</li> </ul>	N1078:7	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
7.7.1/ Copy Outline	[Change the entire text] This attribute can have a value of true or false.	N1078:8	1.0-02	N
Levels	If the value is true, the entries are gathered at the outline- level of the source element to which they refer. If the value is false, all index entries gathered are at the top- outline level. For example, if an image appears in section 1.2.3, the entry for the image is located at outline level 3. The text:copy-outline-levels attribute specifies whether index entries are indented according to the outline level of their source. The defined values for the text:copy- outline-levels attribute are: false: no indentation is added. true: index entries are indented according to the outline level of their source.			
7.8.2	[Insert a new paragraph after the only one]] [[]] an XLink, which points to the resource containing the list of terms. The format of an index mark file is implementation- dependent.	N1078:9	COR2	-
7.12	[Change the first sentence] There are <u>seveneight</u> types of index entr <u>yies</u> , as follows:	N1078:10 3798	COR2 WG6	-
8.1.1/ Protected	<pre>[Change, at the end of the first paragraph] [[]] If a table is protected, all of the table's cell elements- and the cell elements with a style:cell-protect attribute set to true a different value than none are protected.</pre>	N1078:11	COR2	-
8.1.1/ Protected	[Change, at the end of the second paragraph] [] only a hash value of the password is stored within the table:protection-key attribute. The hashing is implementation-dependent.	N1078:18	COR2	_
8.1.2/ Default Cell Style	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph] [[]] Cells contained in the row that don't have a table:style-namestyle name attribute use this default cell style.</pre>	3799	WG6	Y

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.1.2/ Visibility	[Change, in the only paragraph] The table:visibility attribute specifies whether the row-	N1078:12 N1078:13	COR2	-
	is visible, filtered, or collapsed. Filtered and collapsed rows- are not visible. Filtered rows are invisible, because a filter is applied to the table that does not select the table row. Col-			
	lapsed rows have been made invisible by invisible in the Ul- directly-the conditions under which the table row is visible. The values of the attribute are:			
	<ul> <li>visible: the row is visible</li> <li>collapse: the row is not visible</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li><u>filter: the row is not visible as the result of apply-</u> ing a filter (see section 8.7)</li> </ul>			
	The default is visible.			
8.1.3/ Cell Content Validation	[Change, in the last paragraph, following the schema fragment]	3800	WG6	Y
	See section 8.5.3 for more information on cell content validation and the <table:cell_content-validation> element.</table:cell_content-validation>			
8.1.3/ Value Type	[Change, in the first sentence]]	N1078:14	COR2	-
value Type	The <u>tableoffice</u> :value-type attribute specifies the type of value that can appear in a cell.			
8.1.3/ Cell Current	[Change, in the first paragraph]]	N1078:14	COR2	-
Numeric Value	The office:value attribute specifies the current numeric value of a cell. This attribute is only evaluated for cells that contain the following data typespresent only whenever there is an office:value-type attribute with one of the			
	following values:			
8.1.3/ Cell Current	[Change, in the first paragraph]]	N1078:14	1.0-2	N
Currency	The tableoffice:currency attribute specifies the current currency value of a cell. The value of this attribute is usually currency information such as DEM or EUR. This attribute is only evaluated for cells whose data type is currencythe.			
	currency system in which the value of the office:value attribute is expressed. The value of this attribute is usually a currency identifier, such as "DEM" or "EUR". This attribute may			
	<u>be present only when the office:value-type attribute</u> value is "currency".			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.1.3/ Cell Current Date Value	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph] [[]] This attribute is present only evaluated for cells whose- data typewhenever the office:value-type attribute is "date".</pre>	N1078:14	COR2	-
8.1.3/ Cell Current Time Value	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph] [[]] This attribute is present only evaluated for cells whose- data typewhenever the office:value-type attribute is "time".</pre>	N1078:14	COR2	-
8.1.3/ Cell Current Boolean Value	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph] [[]] This attribute is present only evaluated for cells whose- data typewhenever the office:value-type attribute is "boolean".</pre>	N1078:14	COR2	-
8.1.3/ Cell Current String Value	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] [[]] This attribute ismay be present only evaluated for cells- whose data typewhenever the office:value-type attribute is "string".</pre>	N1078:14	COR2	-
8.1.3/ Table Cell Protection	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The table:protected attribute protects the table cells. [] [Change, in the last paragraph]] [] the tablestyle:cell-protect attribute for table cell styles []</pre>	N1078:15	COR2	-
8.2.1/ Default Cell Style	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] [[]] cells that don't have a table:style-namestyle-name attribute use this style when there is no default cell style specified for the cell's row as well.</pre>	3801	WG6	Y
8.3.4	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <table:shapes> element contains all graphic shapes with an anchor on the table this element is a child of the elements that represent graphic shapes (see section 9.2) that are anchored on a table where this element occurs. []</table:shapes></pre>	N1078:16	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.4.3	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <table:detective> element contains information about what relationships between the current cell and other cells are revealed in the presentation of the table.has two purposes. One the one hand, it contains information about relations that exist between table cells because of formulas and that should be highlighted in the UI. On the other hand, the element contains information about cells that are highlighted currently in the UI either because of the relations mentioned above or because of error conditions.</table:detective></pre>	N1078:17	COR2	-
8.4.4	[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <table:operation> element specifies both the type of detective operation that leads to the discovery of relationships between cells (table:name attribute) and the order in which those operations are applied (table:index attribute). Once relationships between cells have been discovered, those cells are highlighted to show those relationships.that certain- relations that exist between the cell the element is a child of and other cells should be made visible or invisible in the UL. One and the same detective operation can be applied- multiple times to the same cell. In this case, the second- operation is applied to the resulting cells of the first operation- and so on. This means that an operation not necessarily is applied to the cell the operation is defined in, but also to other- cells, and that it therefor can interact with operations that make- relations invisible. To get a determinate behavior, operations- have an index and are applied in the order of that index. The attributes associated with the <table:operation> element are:</table:operation></table:operation>	N1078:17	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
	<pre>[Change, in the only paragraph]] The table:name attribute specifies the name of athe detect- ive operation. Possible names are trace-dependents, remove-dependents, trace-precedents, re- move-precedents and trace-errors.trace-depend- ents and remove-dependents displays or hides cells that use the value of the current cell in their formula. Trace-pre- cedents and remove-precedents displays or hides cells whose value is used in the formula of the current cell. Trace-errors displays cells that cause an error while cal- culating the result of the current cell's formula. The defined values for the table:name attribute are:</pre>	Issue N1078:17	Source COR2	Amd?
	<ul> <li>cells that use the value of the current cell in their formula</li> <li>remove-precedents: removes highlighting from cells whose values are use in the formula of the current cell.</li> <li>trace-dependents: highlights cells that use the value of the current cell in their formula.</li> <li>trace-errors: highlights cells that cause an error while calculating the result of the current cell's formula.</li> </ul>			
	mula.         • trace-precedents: highlights cells whose values are use in the formula of the current cell.         The nature of the highlighting imposed or removed from cells as the result of detective operations is implementation dependent.			
8.5.1	[Change, at the end of the only paragraph] [] a hash value of the password is stored. The hashing is implementation-dependent.	N1078:18	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.5.2/ Search	<pre>[Change the only paragraph] The table:search-criteria-must-apply-to-whole- cell attribute specifies whether a search pattern from the table:value attribute matches the entire content of a cellor not the specified search criteria, according to the regular ex- pression used, must apply to the entire cell contents. The defined values of the table:search-criter- ia-must-apply-to-whole-cell are: false: a search pattern can match any substring at any position in a cell. true: a search pattern must match the entire con- tent of a cell.</pre> The table:search-criteria-must-apply-to-whole- cell attribute is only used with the <table:filter-con- dition&gt; element when its table:data-type attribute has one</table:filter-con- 	N1078:20	COR2	
	of the values:         • match (i.e. matches)         • !match (i.e. does not match)         • = (i.e. equal to)         • != (i.e. not equal to).			
8.5.2/ Use Regular Expressions	<pre>[ Insert after the only paragraph] [ ] enabled for character string comparisons and when searching. The syntax and semantics of the regular expressions are implementation-dependent.</pre>	N1309:4	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.5.3/ Condition	<pre>[Change the entire text] The table:condition attribute specifies the condition that must evaluate to "true" for all cells the validation rule is ap- plied to. The value of this attribute should be a namespace prefix, followed by an implementation-dependent Boolean ex- pression. A typical syntax of the expression may be similar to the XPath syntax. The following are valid conditions: Condition ::= ExtendedTrueCondition   TrueFunction 'and' TrueCondition TrueFunction ':= cell con tent is whole number() + cell con- tent is dete() + cell content is time() + cell content is - text() ExtendedGetFunction + cell content text length() Operator Value TrueCondition ::= CelFunction + cell content() Operator Value CetFunction ::= cell content is between(Value, Value) + cell content is not between(Value, Value) + cell content text length is between(Value, Value) + cell content text length is not between(Value, Value) + cell-content is in list( String Hist ) Operator ::= '&lt;' + '&gt;' + '&lt;=' + '&gt;=' + '=' tist ) Operator ::= StringList ';' String   String A Formula is a formula without an equals (=) sign at the beginning. See section 8.1.3 for more information. A String comprises one or more characters surrounded by quotation marks. A numberValue is a whole or decimal number. It must not contain comma separators for numbers of 1000 or greater. </pre>	N1078:21	COR2	
8.6.10/ Function	<pre>[ Insert after the only paragraph] [ ] stdevp, sum, var and varp. These functions are implementation-dependent.</pre>	N1078:23	COR2	-
8.7.1/ Condition Source Range Address	[ Change in the top row of the Example table ]]         [ ]]       G   GH   I	N1078:24	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
8.8	[ Change in the only paragraph]	N1078:22	COR2	-
	Data pilot tables allow it to analyze and evaluate data- contained in spreadsheet tablesenable users to analyze and evaluate data extracted from a range of structured data sources, such as spreadsheet tables, database tables, or external service components. The data pilot tables element []			
8.8.4/ Function	<ul> <li>[ Insert after the only paragraph]</li> <li>[ ] that no function is applied at all.</li> </ul>	N1078:23	COR2	-
	These functions are implementation-dependent.			
8.8.4/	[ Change in the last sentence of the text]	N1078:26	COR2	-
Used Hierarchy	[ ] The value $-1$ means that no hierarchy should be applied at all.			
8.8.7/ Function	[Insert after the only paragraph]	N1078:23	COR2	-
	[] sum, var and varp. <u>These functions are implementation-dependent.</u>			
8.9/ Function	<pre>[ Insert after the only paragraph] [ ] sum, var and varp.</pre>	N1078:23	COR2	-
8.11.7	These functions are implementation-dependent.         [Change the text]	N0942:61	COR1	_
	The <table:change-deletion> element specifiesd the id of a previously tracked change that gets deleted by the current change.</table:change-deletion>			
8.11.8/ Position	[Change the text] The table:position attribute specifies the position where the deletion was made in the table. Depending on the deletion type, $\frac{1}{2}$ is either the number of a row, a column or a table.	N0942:62	COR1	-
8.11.14/ Formulas	[Change, in the first line]	N0942:63	COR1	-
and Values 9.1.3	The change track table cells additionally supports [] [Change, in the sentence immediately after the schema fragment]	3359	WG6	Y
	The <draw:layer>_element&gt; may contain the following elements:</draw:layer>			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.1.4/ Master Page	[Change, in the first list item]]	N0942:64	COR1	-
	<ul> <li>Defines properties such as the size and <u>borders</u> of the <i>drawing page</i></li> </ul>			
9.1.5	<pre>[Change, near the bottom of the example]]</pre>	N0942:65	COR1	-
9.2.5	<pre>[Change, in the sentence immediately after the schema fragment] The attributes that may be associated with the <draw:regular-polygon> element are:</draw:regular-polygon></pre>	3364	WG6	Y
9.2.5/ Sharpness	[Change, in the last sentence]] In general, if <i>r</i> is the radius of the polygon, and <i>s</i> is the sharpness, the inner corners are located on an ellipse whose that's radius is $r(100-s)/100$ .	N0942:65	COR1	-
9.2.6/ Path Data	[ <i>Change, in the last sentence</i> ] Some implementations may only support <mark>s</mark> a subset [[]]	N0942:42	COR1	-
9.2.7/ Radius	[Change, in the last sentence]] If this optional attribute isare not set, the position and [[]]	N0942:43	COR1	-
9.2.9	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <draw:connector> element represents a series of lines that are connected to the glue points of two other shapesconnected set of one or more lines, that visually con- nects a start and an end point. Start and/or end points can be assigned to glue points (see section 9.2.19) or absolute positions.</draw:connector></pre>	N1078:25	COR2	-
9.2.11	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <draw:measure> element represents a shape that is used to measure distances in drawings. The layout of the measure shape is implementation-dependent.</draw:measure></pre>	N1078:27	COR2	-
9.2.12/ Control	<pre>[Change, in the first line]] The attributes draw:control attribute specifies the control []</pre>	N0942:44	COR1	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.2.15/ Caption-ID	[Change, in the entire text]]	3365 3366	тс	N
	The draw:caption-id attribute establishes a relationship between a drawing objects and its caption. It takes a value of type IDREF. The value forof the draw:caption-id attribute is the target ID assigned to the <draw:text-box> (see section 9.3.1) used to represent the corresponding caption.</draw:text-box>	3367		
	When a caption is assigned by a user agent, an id must be assigned to the element containing the text used to caption a drawing element. The drawing element being captioned must then be assigned the draw:caption_id attribute with an IDREF equivalent to the id <draw:text_box> containing the captioning text, thus establishing a relationship between the captioned text and the object captioned as needed for accessibility. Removing the caption should result in removing the draw:caption_id attribute of the object that was being-captioned.</draw:text_box>			
	If the user agent supports a platform which provides a draw:caption-id relationship in its accessibility API, this relationship for captions should be used to fulfill the relation- ship.			
	See appendix E for guidelines how to use this attribute on the use of this provision to support accessibility.			
9.2.18	[Change, in the first sentence]	N0942:45	COR1	-
	The following defined attributes are common for all shapes that supports styles and no text.			
9.2.18	[Change, in the last sentence]	N0942:46	COR1	-
	The following defined attributes are common for all shapes that support <mark>s</mark> styles and text.			
9.2.19/ Position	[Change, in the first sentence]	N0942:47	COR1	-
TOSIGOT	The svg:x and svg:y attributes specifyies the position			
9.2.19/ Align	[Change, in the first sentence]]	N0942:48	COR1	-
	The attribute draw:align specifies the alignment behavior of the glue point if the drawing object is resized and the shape edge to which the glue point's position relates <u>defines the</u> horizontal and vertical edges to which a glue point with absolute position aligns.			
9.2.19/ Escape	[Change, in the second sentence]	N0942:49	COR1	-
Escape Direction	The value <u>horizontal</u> means <u>that</u> the connection line may escape to the <u>left</u> or to the <u>right</u> , the value <u>vertical</u> means that the connection may escape up or down.			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.2.20	[Change the last sentence of the section]] It is further supported byThe <svg:title> and <svg:desc> elements are also usable with layers (see section 9.1.3) and client side image maps (see section 9.3.10).</svg:desc></svg:title>	3368	TC	N
9.3	<pre>[Change, in the first sentence]] A frame is a rectangular container where that contains []</pre>	N0942:50	COR1	-
9.3	<ul> <li>[Change, in the third list item after the schema fragment, by inserting a section and subsection reference]</li> <li>Presentation class – see section <u>9.6.1 Class</u></li> </ul>	3802	WG6	Y
9.3/ Relative Sizes	<pre>[Change, in the fifth paragraph]] The value scale-min equals the value <u>scale</u>, except that the []</pre>	N0942:52	COR2	-
9.3/ Relative Sizes	<pre>[Change, at the end of the last paragraph] [] real width and heights in the svg:width and svg:height_or/fo:min-height attributes.</pre>	N0942:53	COR1	-
9.3/ Copy Frames	<pre>[Change, in the last paragraph]] [[] This does not aeffect style and position information. That This is, the frame that has the [[]]</pre>	N0942:54 N0942:55	COR1	-
9.3.1/ Minimum Height and Width	<pre>[Change, in the only paragraph]] The fo:min-height and fo:min-width attributes specify a minimum height and or width for a text box. If they are existing, they overwrite the height and or width of a text box []</pre>	N0942:56 N0942:57	COR1	-
9.3.3	<ul> <li>[Change,in the last item of the first list and the paragraph just before the schema fragment]</li> <li>Objects that do not have an XML representation. These objects only have a binary representation. For example, an OLE object has no XML representationAn example for this kind of objects OLE objects (see [OLE]).</li> <li>The <draw:object> element represents objects that have an XML representation. []</draw:object></li> </ul>	N0942:58 N0942:59	COR1	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.3.3/ Object Data	<ul> <li>[Change, in the first list item]</li> <li>The xlink:href attribute links to the object representation, as follows:         <ul> <li>For objects that have an XML representation, the link references the sub package of the object. The object is contained within this sub page exactly as it would as it is a document of its own.For objects that have an XML representation, the representation of the object is equivalent to a separate document. representing that object, except it is stored in a folder in the document package. The link references that folder.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	N0942:60 3814	COR1 WG6	N
9.3.9	[NOTE: In ODF 1.0 (and COR1), there was a section 9.3.9 that is not present in ODF 1.1 and is also removed in AMD1. The ODF 1.1 section 9.3.9 corresponds to section 9.3.10 in COR1.] <i>Change,in the first paragraph</i> ] Frames may behave like hyperlinks. Such hyperlinks are represented by the <draw:a> element, where; the element's content []</draw:a>	N0942:1	COR1	-
9.3.9/ Link Target Frame	<pre>[Change, in the last paragraph] [[]] If the value of the this attribute is _blank, the xlink:show attribute value is new. If the value of the this attribute is any of the other [[]]</pre>	N0942:2 N0942:3	COR1	-
9.3.10/ Common Image Map Attributes and Elements	<ul> <li>[NOTE: In ODF 1.0 (andCOR1), there was a section 9.3.9 that is not present in ODF 1.1 and is also removed in AMD1. The ODF 1.1 section 9.3.10 corresponds to section 9.3.11 in COR1.</li> <li>Change, in the first list item]</li> <li>Link, including an IRI and link target frame.</li> </ul>	N0942:4	COR1	-
9.4	[Insert, as the first paragraph of the section] 3D shapes are used to define geometry inside coordinate systems. All ODF coordinate systems are right-handed. Geometry is represented by a tree of scenes. Each scene may contain zero or more 3D shapes, with scene being a special case of shape. The root scene defines the world coordinate system. Each 3D shape may define a local coordinate system relative to its parent 3D scene.	N0942:52	COR2	-
9.4.1/ 3D Transforma- tion	<pre>[Change,in the last list item]] • rotatez (<rotate-angle> ), which specifies a rotation by <rotate-angle> degrees along the zy-axis.</rotate-angle></rotate-angle></pre>	N0942:5	COR1	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	lssue	Source	Amd?
9.4.5	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The <dr3d:extrude> element represents a three- dimensional extruded object based on athe given polygon. The 3D geometry is formed by extruding the polygon perpendicular to the plane of the polygon by a depth (see dr3d:depth, 15.22.6), thus creating a front face, a back face and side faces. The side faces are formed by connecting all corresponding single edges of the front and back plane. When no depth is given, the polygon forms a shape without depth. The closing of the front face depends on dr3d:close-front (15.22.9). The closing of the back face depends on dr3d:close-back (15.22.10). The size of the back face can be relative to the size of the front face when dr3d:back-scale (15.22.5) is used. The side faces defined by the extrusion of the shape are always closed.</dr3d:extrude></pre>	N1078:32	COR2	-
9.4.6	[Change, in the first paragraph] The <dr3d:rotate> element represents a three- dimensional rotation shape based on athe given polygon. The 3D geometry is defined by rotating the XY-Plane with the polygon around the Y-Axis of the local coordinate system. This rotation is linearly interpolated in the given number of steps (see dr3d:horizontal-segments) around the given angle (see dr3d:end-angle). The side faces are formed by connecting all corresponding single edges of neighboring pairs of rotated polygons. By default, the rotation uses a full rotation (360 degrees, see dr3d:end-angle_15.22.8). In that case the 3D geometry is implicitly closed and no front face or back face is created (unless they are of different sizes). If the rotation is different, a front face is created using the first, unrotated polygon and a back face is created using the last rotated polygon. The closing of a front face also depends on dr3d:close-front (15.22.9) and back face on dr3d:close-back (15.22.10). The size of the back face can be different than the size of the front face when dr3d:back-scale (15.22.5) is used.</dr3d:rotate>	N1078:32	COR2	-
9.5	<ul> <li>[Change, at the end of the first paragraph]</li> <li>[ ] that provide a simple way to modify the the geometry.</li> </ul>	N0942:6	COR1	-
9.5.2/ Extrusion First Light Harsh	<pre>[Addition, after the only paragraph]] The draw:extrusion-first-light-harsh attribute spe- cifies if the primary light is harsh. When the attribute value is true, the light is harsh. The light is an undiffused point source. When the attribute value is false, the light is not harsh. The means by which the light is softened is implementation-dependent.</pre>	N1078:32	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.5.2/ Extrusion Second Life Harsh	<pre>[Addition, after the only paragraph]] The draw:extrusion-second-light-harsh attribute specifies if the secondary light is harsh. When the attribute value is true, the light is harsh. The light is an undiffused point source. When the attribute value is false, the light is not harsh. The means by which the light is softened is implementation-dependent.</pre>	N1078:32	COR2	-
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change in the first paragraph] [[]] other instructions together with its parameter are describing their parameters determine shape which can be filled and <u>for stroked</u> . [[]]	3815	WG6	N
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	<ul> <li>[Change in the list of parameter enhancements "?" and "\$"]</li> <li>If "\$" is preceding aprecedes an integer value, the value is a indexingindexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	3816	WG6	N
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change, at the beginning of the Description Entry for Command A] (x1,y1) and (x2,y2) is definingdefine the bounding box of an ellipse. []	3803	WG6	N
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change, at the end of the Description Entry for Command         A]         [] the end-angle that is specified by point (x4, y4).	N0942:7	COR1	-
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change, in the Description Entry for Command B]         The same as the "A" command, except that an implied moveto to the starting point is done.	N0942:8	COR1	-
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change, in the Description Entry for Command V] The same as the "A" command, except that an implied moveto to the starting point is done and the arc is drawn clockwise.	N0942:9	COR1	-
9.5.3/ Text Areas	[Change, in the first paragraph]] The draw:text-areas attribute specifies an optional list of text areas. The text areas are is used to position and align the text. If no text area is omitted specified, the area of the shape itself is used. If a second text area is available specified, it is used for vertical text.	3818	WG6	N

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.5.3/ Text Areas	<ul> <li>[Change, in the second list item]]</li> <li>If "\$" is preceding aprecedes an integer value, the value is a indexingindexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	N0942:10 3816	COR1 WG6	- N
9.5.3/ Text Areas	<i>【Change, in the last paragraph】</i> A <u>n</u> example of the <i>【 】</i>	N0942:11	COR1	-
9.5.3/ Glue Points	<pre>[Change, in the first paragraph]] The draw:glue-points attribute specifies a list of object defined glue points. In contradiction toUnlike the user defined glue points which are defined by the <draw:glue-point> sub-element, the position of an object defined glue point can make use ofbe defined using equations and modifiers.</draw:glue-point></pre>	3819	WG6	N
9.5.3/ Glue Points	<ul> <li>[Change, in the second list item]]</li> <li>If "\$" is preceding aprecedes an integer value, the value is a indexingindexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	N0942:12 3816	COR1 WG6	- N
9.5.3/ Glue Points	[Change, in the last paragraph] An example of the <u>draw:glue-points</u> attribute that defines two glue points, including modifier and equation usage, would be: <u>draw:glue-points=""0 ?Formula1 100 \$1"</u> "	N0942:13 3804	COR1 WG6	- N
9.5.3/ Glue Point Type	<ul> <li>[Change, in the last list item]]</li> <li>rectangle: the middle of each side of the shape bound rectangle specifies an object specific glue point</li> </ul>	N0942:14	COR1	-
9.5.3/ Glue Point Leaving Directions	【 <i>Change, in the last sentence</i> 】 The position in the list is the same as the to be referenced glue-point 【…】	N0942:15	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Equation	[ <i>Change, in the last sentence</i> ]] Due to the fact that modifier values may <u>be</u> changed [[]]	N0942:16	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the first paragraph] [ ] A formula can make use of other formulas or modifier values by function and or modifier reference.	N0942:17	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the table heading row] [identifier	N0942:18	COR1	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the Description entry for Identifier "top"] The top position of the svg:viewBox attribute has to be used.	N0942:19	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the Description entry for Identifier "right"] The right position of the svg:viewBox attribute has to be used.	N0942:20	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the Description entry for Identifier "bottom"] The bottom position <u>of</u> the svg:viewBox attribute has to be used.	N0942:21	COR1	-
9.5.5/ Formula	[Change, in the last paragraph]] An example for the draw: formula attribute []	N0942:22	COR1	-
9.5.6/ Handle Position	<ul> <li>[Change, in the second list item]]</li> <li>If "\$" is preceding aprecedes an integer value, the value is a indexingindexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value-then.</li> </ul>	N0942:23 3816	COR1 WG6	- N
9.7.2/ Effect	<ul> <li>[Change, in the tenth list item]</li> <li>lines: the shape is faded in <u>orour</u> out by drawing <ul> <li>[]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	N0942:24	COR1	-
9.8.1	<ul> <li>[Change, at the end of the first paragraph]</li> <li>[ ] animate a single shape and or a shape's paragraphs.</li> </ul>	N0942:25	COR1	-
9.8.2/ Command	[Change, in the first sentence]] For presentation documents, the The anim:command [[]]	N0942:26	COR1	-
9.9/ Event Action	<ul> <li>[Change, in the eighth list item]]</li> <li>execute: another application is launched when this event is triggered. []</li> </ul>	N0942:27	COR1	-
9.10	[Change, in the first sentence]] This section describes text fields that are specific to the text of drawing shapes that are contained <u>in presentations</u> .	N0942:28	COR1	-
9.11.4/ Source	[Change, in the first sentence]] The presentation:source attribute specifies whether the current date/time or the fixed content of the the field declaration is displayed.	N0942:29	COR1	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
10.3.1	[Change, in the only paragraph] [] This element can contain fixed text or it can contain a <table:cell_address> element pointing to the text that should be displayed as the titlehave a table:cell_range attribute referencing the cell to be taken as the source of the text, over-riding any fixed text. []</table:cell_address>	3369	тс	N
11.6	[In the Value of script:event-name Attribute column of the table, correct the entry for "form:startrealod", adjusting the alphabetical index entry accordingly]] form:startrealodform:startreload	3805	WG6	Y
11.7.3	[Change, at the end of the first paragraph] (See section 6.7.1 for more information on value and value type attributes.)	N0942:82	COR1	-
12.4	[At the end of the last list item where the referenced section number is missing or an error is indicated, insert a cross reference by number to section 9.9 Presentation Events] [ ]] Presentation events are described in section 9.9.	N0942:83	COR1	-
12.4.1/ Event Name	<pre>[ In the Value of script:event-name Attribute column of the table, correct the entry for "on-mouseout", adjusting the alphabetical index entry accordingly]] on_mouseoutdom:mouseout</pre>	3806	WG6	Y
14.5.1	<pre>[Change, at the end of the first paragraph] [[]] They have a <u>text:</u>style-name attribute that references these styles.</pre>	2716	WG6	Y
14.5.1	[Add period at the end of the second paragraph] [ ]] created in the corresponding cells.	3807	WG6	Y
14.5.1	<pre>[In schema fragment lines 11519-11523 the <optional> element should include the <attribute> element, not the reverse.]] 11519</attribute></optional></pre>	3808	WG6	Y
14.7.9/ Country	[Change, at the end of the first paragraph] [ ] The countrylanguage attribute can be used with all data style elements.	N0942:84	COR1	-
14.10.3/ Bullet Character	[In the table, change the "UNICODE Character Name" entry for UNICODE Character Code U+2794]] HEAVY WIDE-HEADED RIGHTWARDS ARROW	3809	WG6	Y

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.4.7	[Change, in the last line of the only paragraph]]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.2 of [CSS3Text] for details.			
15.4.8	[Change, in the next to last sentence of the only paragraph]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.3 of [CSS3Text] for details.			
15.4.19	[Change the first sentence of the second paragraph]]	3691 N0942:30	WG6	-
	The value of these propert <u>yies</u> is either an absolute length or a percentage as described in $\frac{78}{28}$ .8.4 of [XSL].			
15.4.29	[Change, in the last line of the only paragraph]]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.2 of [CSS3Text] for details.			
15.4.30	[Change, in the last line of the only paragraph]]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.3 of [CSS3Text] for details.			
15.4.33	[Change, in the last line of the only paragraph]]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.5 of [CSS3Text] for details.			
15.4.34	[Change, in the last line of the only paragraph]]	N0942:38	COR1	-
	See §9.5 of [CSS3Text] for details.			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.4.38	[Change the entire text]	N1309:7	COR2	-
	Use the style:text-combine property to combine charac- ters so that they are displayed within two lines.			
	The value of this attribute can be none, letters or lines. If the value is lines, all characters with this attribute value			
	that immediately follow each other are displayed within two- lines of approximately the same length. There can be a line- break between any two characters to meet this constraint. If the value of the attribute is letters, up to 5 characters are			
	combined within two lines. Any additional character is displayed as normal text. The style:text-combine attribute specifies whether to			
	combine characters so that they are displayed within two lines.			
	The defined values for the style:text-combine attribute are:			
	<u>letters: Display text in Kumimoji. Up to five (5)</u> <u>characters are combined within two lines and are</u> <u>displayed with a reduced size in a single wide-cell</u> <u>character. Additional characters are displayed as</u>			
	<ul> <li><u>normal text.</u></li> <li><u>lines: Displays text in Warichu. All characters with</u> the style:text-combine attribute that</li> </ul>			
	immediately follow each other are displayed within two lines of approximately the same length. A line break may occur between any two characters to meet this constraint.			
45 5 00	<u>none: characters should not be combined.</u>	2010		
15.5.20	[Change in the first paragraph] [] If the attributes are is contained in a common style, the attributes' values may be also percentages. []	3810	WG6	-
15.5.29	[Change in the referencing of [XSL]]	N0942:31 N0942:34	COR1	-
	See §7. <u>14.99.14</u> of [XSL] for details.			
15.5.38	[Change in the title of the section]] 15.5.38 Snap To Layout Grid	N0942:67	COR1	-
15.5.38	[Change in the first sentence]	3811	WG6	N
15.10.1	The style:snap-to_layout-grid attribute [Change the second paragraph]	N0942:97	COR1	
13.10.1	The style:row-height property specifies a fixed row height, while the style:min-row-height property specifies a fixed minimum height.	110342.37	CORT	

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.11.9	<pre>[Change in the only paragraph]] [[] properties of the border lines of the <u>cellpage</u>. [[]]</pre>	N0942:98	COR1	-
15.11.11	[ <i>Change in the first referencing of [XSL]</i> ] See §7. <u>1</u> 5.13 of [XSL] for details.	N0942:32 N0942:35	COR1	-
15.12/ Font Name	[Change in the only paragraph]] The style:font-name attribute specifies [[]]	N0942:96	COR1	-
15.14.12	<pre>[Change in the first paragraph] [[] This attribute is only interpreted if the value of the current style:repeat attribute is tiledrepeat. [[]]</pre>	N1078:28	COR2	-
15.19	[Change in the only paragraph] [[]] contained in all kinds of applications. <u>The layout of the connector is implementation-dependent.</u>	N1078:25	COR2	-
15.20	[Change in the only paragraph] [ ] contained in all kinds of applications. <u>The layout of the</u> measure drawing objects is implementation-dependent.	N1078:29	COR2	-
15.22.5	[Change in the first paragraph] The attribute dr3d:back-scale attribute specifies the proportion of the background geometry for lathe <u>3D rotation</u> and extrude objects.	N1078:32	COR2	-
15.22.8	[Change in the first paragraph] The attribute dr3d:end-angle specifies the rotation angle for 3D latherotation objects. If it is the default (360°), the lathe3D rotation object is closed and completely rotated. With smaller-values less than 360° it is possible to define opened lathe3D rotation objects (segments). The then visible sides are closed and take into account the dr3d:back-scale and dr3d:edge-rounding attributes. With bigger-values greater than 360° it is possible to create lathe3D rotation objects with more than one rotation. This will only have a visible effect when e.g., dr3d:back-scale is used.	N1078:32	COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.22.9	[Change in the only paragraph]]	N1078:32	COR2	-
	The dr3d:close-front property specifies whether a front plane shall beis generated. E.g., if an ellipse is extruded, and- this attribute is set, the ellipse will have an open front. The attribute can be used with extrudes and lathe objects. When set to false, generation of a front face may be suppressed. This will only have an effect when the provided geometry is closed and thus would produce a face.			
15.22.10	[Change in the only paragraph]]	N1078:32	COR2	-
	The dr3d:close-back property describes if a back plane shall beis generated. E.g., if an ellipse is extruded, and- this attribute is set, the ellipse will have an open back. The attribute can be used with extrudes and lathe objects. When set to false, generation of a back face may be suppressed. This will only have an effect when the provided geometry is closed and thus would produce a face.			
15.24.4	[Change in the only paragraph]]	N1078:30 N1078:31	COR2	-
	The attribute dr3d: normals direction texture mode is used to specify how the texture is modulated. The values of the dr3d:texture mode attribute are:			
	<ul> <li>blend: blends the texture color with the object color.</li> <li>modulate: modulates the object color with the texture color.</li> <li>replace: replaces the object color with the texture color.</li> </ul>			
15.27.21	[Change in the list entries]]	N0942:92	COR1	-
	<ul> <li>right: Text may wrap around the <u>right</u> side of the drawing shape.</li> </ul>			
15.27.31	[Change in the first paragraph after the schema fragment] [] Without wrapping, the images overliev the text []	N0942:90 N0942:95	COR1	-
15.27.31	[Change in the second paragraph after the schema fragment]	N0942:94	COR1	-
	[] This corresponds to the optionobject once- concurrently.			
15.28.3	[Change in the only paragraph]]	N0942:88	COR1	-
	The draw: <u>frame-</u> margin-horizontal and draw: <u>frame-</u> margin-vertical attributes []			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.28.4	[Change the only paragraph]] The attributes described in <u>15.28.5 and 15.28.6 this section</u> can be assigned to a graphic style that is assigned to objects.	N0942:93	COR1	-
15.28.6	[Change the first sentence] For embedded OLE objects, the <u>draw:ole-draw-aspect</u> attribute []	3023	WG6	-
15.30.4	<pre>[Change the only paragraph]] The width and height of each symbol can be set using the attribute chart:symbol-width and chart:symbol- heightlength.</pre>	N0942:87	COR1	-
15.30.9	[Change the last sentence]] The line interpolation is determined by the chart: <u>interpolation</u> splines property.	N0942:86	COR1	-
15.31.2	<pre>[Change the first sentence]] To determine whether or not an axis object is visible, use the chart:axis_visible style property.</pre>	N0942:85	COR1	-
15.31.3	<pre>[Change in the first two paragraphs]] [[]] However, the chart:axis-logarithmic attribute is set to false. The optional chart:axis-logarithmic attribute can be used to cause logarithmic scaling on an axis. [[]]</pre>	N0942:81	COR1	-
15.31.4	[Change the text] The tick mark properties are used to specify the existence of tick marks at an axis. The major marks are drawn with respect to the major interval that may be specified by the chart: axis interval-major attribute. The minor tick marks refer to the chart: axis interval-minor attribute. The chart:tick-mark-major-inner and chart:tick- mark-major-outer attributes define the marks for a major interval. The chart:tick-mark-minor-inner and chart:tick-mark-minor-outer attributes define the marks for a minor interval. Inner marks are drawn towards the inside of the plot area, that is to the right for an axis displayed on the left hand side of the plot area, and to the left for an axis displayed on the right hand side of the plot area. Outer marks point in the opposite direction. If both inner or outer attributesproperties are specified for one mark, one tick mark is drawn that crosses the axis.	N0942:81 N1078:36 3552	COR1 COR2	-

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.36	[Change in the first paragraph]	N0942:77	COR1	-
	<pre>[[] They are contained in a <style:style-drawing- page-properties&gt; element.</style:style-drawing- </pre>			
15.36	<ul> <li>[Change end of list immediately before 15.36.1]</li> <li>Display Date and Time</li> <li><u>Transition Type or Family</u></li> <li><u>Transition Subtype</u></li> <li><u>Transition Direction</u></li> <li><u>Fade Color</u></li> </ul>	N0942:75	COR1	-
15.36.8	[Change in the first paragraph]	N0942:76	COR1	-
	The attribute presentation: <pre>page duration controls the amount of time []</pre>			
15.36.10	[Change the text]	N0942:72	COR1	-
	Sound effects can be added to your presentation pages using the element presentation: sound. It must be included in the <style:presentation-properties> element.</style:presentation-properties>			
16.1	[In the list item for custom data types,change in the first paragraph of the entry for "length." Zoom the text to clearly see the difference in the quotation marks.]]	N0942:74	COR1 WG6	-
	<ul> <li>length         A (positive, <u>zero</u>, or negative) physical length, consisting of magnitude and unit, in conformance with §5.9.11 of [XSL]. Supported units are <u>""</u>, """, """, """, """, """, """, """</li></ul>			
16.1	[In the list item for custom data types,change the entry for "valueType." ]]	N0942:74	COR1	-
	<ul> <li>valueType</li> <li>A list of value types supported value types for certain generic values, such as "string" or "date".</li> </ul>			
17.6	[Change in the last paragraph]	N0942:74	COR1	-
	In order to conform to the Thumbnail Managing Standard- (TMS) at www.freedesktop.org, <u>T</u> thumbnails must be saved as 24bit, non-interlaced PNG image with full alpha transparency. []]			
17.7.3/ Media Type	[Change in the text] [ ] For a full list of mime types see http://www.isi.edu/in- notes/iana/assignments/media-types/media-	N0942:36 N0942:68	COR1	-
	typeshttp://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/. As an example, all XML streams have the media type "text/xml".			

Section/ Subsection	Instruction	Issue	Source	Amd?
17.7.4	<pre>[Change the first sentence after the schema fragment]] The &lt;<u>manifest:</u>encryption-data&gt; element contains the following elements:</pre>	N1078:33	COR2	-
17.7.6/ Key Derivation Name	<pre>[Change in the text] The manifest:key-derivation-name attribute specifies the name of the algorithm used to derive the encryption keyname. []</pre>	N0942:69	COR1	-
Appendix B	[In the References entry for [ZIP], change the URL]] ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/ziphttp://www.info- zip.org/doc/appnote- <u>19</u> 970311-iz.zip	N1309:8 3553	1.0-02 TC	N
Appendix D	[In the table entry for Section 12.2, change the Title]] Number Format for page numbers, etc.	N0942:71	COR1	-
Appendix D	[In the table entry for Section 15.16, change the Title]] Text and Text_Alignment Properties	N0942:71	COR1	-
Appendix E.4	[Change the only paragraph] Please see the additional, detailed Accessibility Guidelines http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/office- accessibility/guidelines. That more comprehensive document- will be the up-to-date set of recommendations for what all- OpenDocument applications should do in order to fully- support accessibility.	3817	WG6	N
Appendix F/ Numeric Digits Presentation and Calendars	[In the last sentence of the last paragraph] [ ] <u>number:calendar</u> attribute specified in section 14.7.11.	3813	WG6	N

# 3 Conformance

This informative document has no conformance clauses.

# **Appendix A Acknowledgments**

The OASIS Open Document Format for Office Applications (OpenDocument) TC gratefully acknowledges the contribution and partnership of the ISO/IEC JTC1 SC34 WG6 working group on ODF Maintenance for its participation in the creation of technical alignment between OASIS ODF 1.1 and the International Standard.

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# Appendix B Issues Not Applicable to ODF 1.1

Some items in previous errata and corrigenda for ODF 1.0 are not reflected in ODF 1.1 Errata 01. The omissions are because they do not apply to the ODF 1.1 text or they have been disposed of in some other manner.

This informative Appendix provides an accounting for those so it can be understood why those items and related issues are not transposed to ODF 1.1. This material can also be used to verify that all previous issues and defect reports have been accounted for and none have been overlooked.

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
15.27.22	In the schema fragment, the change of -treshold to -threshold has already been made in ODF 1.1.	N0942:91	COR1	-
15.31.3	COR1 makes the following changes: [Change the last paragraph (preceding the last schema fragment)]	N0942:80 3552	COR1	-
	chart:interval-major, chart:interval-minor- divisor - set major and minor interval for ticks or markings on the axis. The chart:interval-major defines the interval value. The minor interval is determined by dividing the chart:interval-major value by the chart:interval-minor-divisor.			
	However, the ODF 1.0 schema defines only chart:interval-minor. For ODF 1.1, the inconsistency is resolved by defining chart:interval-minor- divisor in the schema and leaving the original text intact. ODF 1.2 also uses chart:interval-minor-divisor alone.			
Appendix B	COR1 makes a change to the URL for [DOMEvents]. That reference does not occur in ODF 1.1. Instead, there are new references, [DOMEvents2] and [DOMEvents3] to which the COR1 change does not apply. IS 26300:2006/AMD1 makes an appropriate adjustment as part of ODF 1.1 alignment.	N0942:39	COR1	-

# Appendix C IS 26300:2006/Amd1 Reconciliation

There are errata instructions in this ODF 1.1 Errata 01 that are not reflected in IS 26300:2006/Amd1. This Appendix identifies each of them and where they apply.

The explanation includes instructions for making aligning changes to an IS 26300:2006 with COR1, COR2, and AMD1 applied. In some cases the correction is for a deviation introduced in COR1 or COR2.

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
3.1.18	<pre>[Change, in the schema, starting at line 791] []          <ref name="meta:frame-count"></ref></pre>	3743	TC	Ν
	<pre><optional></optional></pre>			
7.7.1/ Copy Outline Levels	The correction for this section in ODF 1.0 Errata 02 was transposed to IS 26300:2006/COR2 incorrectly. This change repairs IS 26300:2006/COR2 [In the list defined values, correct the first item] <ul> <li><u>false:</u> no indentation is added</li> </ul>	N1078:8	1.0-2	Ν
8.1.3/ Cell Current Currency	The correction for this section in ODF 1.0 Errata 02 was transposed to IS 26300:2006/COR2 incorrectly. This change repairs IS 26300:2006/COR2 [ <i>Change, in the first paragraph</i> ]] The office:currency attribute specifies the currency system in which the value of the office:value attribute is	N1078:14	1.0-2	N

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.2.15/ Caption-ID	[Change, in the entire text] The draw:caption-id attribute establishes a relationship between a drawing objects and its caption. It takes a value of type IDREF. The value for <u>of the</u> draw:caption-id attrib- ute is the target ID assigned to the <draw:text-box> (see section 9.3.1) used to represent the corresponding caption. When a caption is assigned by a user agent, an id must be- assigned to the element containing the text used to caption a drawing element. The drawing element being captioned must then be assigned the draw:caption-id attribute with an- IDREF equivalent to the id <draw:text-box> containing the captioning text, thus establishing a relationship between- the captioned text and the object captioned as needed for ac- cessibility. Removing the caption should result in removing- the draw:caption-id attribute of the object that was being captioned. If the user agent supports a platform which provides a draw:caption-id relationship in its accessibility API, this- relationship for captions should be used to fulfill the relation- ship. See appendix E for guidelines how to use this attributeon the use of this provision to support accessibility.</draw:text-box></draw:text-box>	3365 3366 3367	TC	Ν
9.2.20	ODF 1.1 Errata 01 alignment is achieved by applying this correction to a change introduced in IS 26300:2006/AMD1. [Change the last sentence of the section]] It is further supported byThe <svg:title> and <svg:desc> elements are also usable with layers (see section 9.1.3) and client side image maps (see section 9.3.10).</svg:desc></svg:title>	3368	тс	N
9.3.3/ Object Data	<ul> <li>The second part of this errata item (replacing xlink by link) applies to text introduced by IS 26300:2006/COR1 [Change, in the first list item]</li> <li>The xlink:href attribute links to the object representation; as follows: <ul> <li>For objects that have an XML representation, the link references the sub package of the object. For objects that have an XML representation, the representation of the object is equivalent to a separate document representing that object, except it is stored in a folder in the document package. The xlink references that folder.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	N0942:60 3814	COR1 WG6	N

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change in the first paragraph] [[]] other instructions together with its parameter are describing their parameters determine the geometry of a shape which can be filled and <u>/</u> or stroked. [[]]	3815	WG6	Ν
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	<ul> <li>This change applies to a passage as it already appears in ODF 1.1 and as it appears after IS 26300:2006/AMD1.</li> <li>[Change in the list of parameter enhancements "?" and "\$"]</li> <li>If "\$" is preceding aprecedes an integer value, the value is a indexing indexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	3816	WG6	Ν
9.5.3/ Enhanced Path	[Change, at the beginning of the Description Entry for Command A] (x1,y1) and (x2,y2) is definingdefine the bounding box of an ellipse. []	3803	WG6	Ν
9.5.3/ Text Areas	[Change, in the first paragraph] The draw:text-areas attribute specifies an optional list of text areas. The text areas are is used to position and align the text. If no text area is <u>omittedspecified</u> , the area of the shape itself is used. If a second text area is <u>availablespecified</u> , it is used for vertical text.	3818	WG6	N
9.5.3/ Text Areas	<ul> <li>This change modifies the text as modified by COR1.</li> <li>[Change, in the second list item]]</li> <li>If "\$" is precedingprecedes an integer value, the value is indexing indexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	N0942:10 3816	COR1 WG6	Ň
9.5.3/ Glue Points	[Change, in the first paragraph] The draw:glue-points attribute specifies a list of object defined glue points. In contradiction toUnlike the user defined glue points which are defined by the <draw:glue-point> sub-element, the position of an object defined glue point can make use of be defined using equations and modifiers.</draw:glue-point>	3819	WG6	Ν

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
9.5.3/ Glue Points	<ul> <li>This change modifies the text as modified by COR1.</li> <li>[Change, in the second list item]</li> <li>If "\$" is precedingprecedes an integer value, the value is indexing indexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value-then.</li> </ul>	N0942:12 3816	COR1 WG6	N
9.5.3/ Glue Points	The correction to "An" is from COR1. [Change, in the last paragraph]] An example of the <u>draw:glue-points</u> attribute that defines two glue points, including modifier and equation usage, would be: <u>draw:glue-points=""0 ?Formula1</u> <u>100 \$1"</u> <sup>2</sup>	N0942:13 3804	COR1 WG6	- N
9.5.6/ Handle Position	<ul> <li>This change modifies the text as modified by COR1.</li> <li>[Change, in the second list item]]</li> <li>If "\$" is precedingprecedes an integer value, the value is indexingindexes a draw:modifiers attribute. The corresponding modifier value is used as the parameter value then.</li> </ul>	N0942:23 3816	COR1 WG6	N
10.3.1	[Change, in the only paragraph] [] This element can contain fixed text or it can contain a <table:cell_address> element pointing to the text that should be displayed as the titlehave a table:cell_range attribute referencing the cell to be taken as the source of the text, over-riding any fixed text. []</table:cell_address>	3369	TC	N
15.5.38	Change in the first sentence	3811	WG6	N
15.31.3	<pre>[This correction rescinds an IS 26300 deviation introduced via IS 26300:2006/COR1. [Change in the last paragraph (preceding the last schema fragment)] [ ] chart:interval-major, chart:interval- minor_divisor - set major and minor interval for ticks or markings on the axis. The chart:interval-major defines the interval value. The minor interval is determined by dividing the chart:interval-major value by the chart:interval-minor_divisor.</pre>	3552	TC	N

Section/ Subsection	Explanation	Issue	Source	Amd?
Appendix B	[In the References entry for [ZIP], change the URL]	N1309:8 3553	1.0-2 TC	Ν
	ftp://ftp.uu.net/pub/archiving/ziphttp://www.info- zip.org/doc/appnote- <u>19</u> 970311-iz.zip			
Appendix E.4	[Change the only paragraph]]	3817	WG6	N
	Please see the additional, detailed Accessibility Guidelines http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/office-accessibility/v1.0/. http://docs.oasis-open.org/office/office- accessibility/guidelines. That more comprehensive document- will be the up-to-date set of recommendations for what all- OpenDocument applications should do in order to fully- support accessibility.			
Appendix F/ Numeric Digits Presentation and Calendars	<pre>[In the last sentence of the last paragraph] [ ] <u>number:calendar</u> attribute specified in section 14.7.11.</pre>	3813	WG6	N