AS4 Profile of ebMS 3.0 Version 1.0
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Related work:
This specification is related to:
• OASIS ebXML Messaging Services Version 3.0: Part 1, Core Features
• OASIS ebXML Messaging Services Version 3.0: Part 2, Advanced Features
Abstract:
While ebMS 3.0 represents a leap forward in reducing the complexity of Web Services B2B messaging, the specification still contains numerous options and comprehensive alternatives for addressing a variety of scenarios for exchanging data over a Web Services platform. The AS4 profile of the ebMS 3.0 specification has been developed in order to bring continuity to the principles and simplicity that made AS2 successful, while adding better compliance to Web Services standards, and features such as message pulling capability and a built-in Receipt mechanism. Using ebMS 3.0 as a base, a subset of functionality is defined along with implementation guidelines adopted based on the "just-enough" design principles and AS2 functional requirements to trim down ebMS 3.0 into a more simplified and AS2-like specification for Web Services B2B messaging. This document defines the AS4 profile as a combination of a conformance profile that concerns an implementation capability, and of a usage profile that concerns how to use this implementation. A couple of variants are defined for the AS4 conformance profile - the AS4 ebHandler profile and the AS4 Light Client profile - that reflect different endpoint capabilities.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Rationale and Context

Historically, the platform for mission-critical business-to-business (B2B) transactions has steadily moved
from proprietary value-added networks (VANs) to Internet-based protocols free from the data transfer fees
imposed by the VAN operators. This trend has been accelerated by lower costs and product ownership, a
maturing of technology, internationalization, widespread interoperability, and marketplace momentum. The
exchange of EDI business documents over the Internet has substantially increased along with a growing
presence of XML and other document types such as binary and text files.

The Internet messaging services standards that have emerged provide a variety of options for end users
to consider when deciding which standard to adopt. These include pre-Internet protocols, the EDIINT
series of AS1 [RFC3335] AS2 [RFC4130] and AS3 [RFC4823], simple XML over HTTP, government
specific frameworks, ebMS 2.0 [ebMS2], and Web Services variants. As Internet messaging services
standards have matured, new standards are emerging that leverage prior B2B messaging services
knowledge for applicability to Web Services messaging.

The emergence of the OASIS ebMS 3.0 Standard [ebMS3CORE] represents a leap forward in Web
Services B2B messaging services by meeting the challenge of composing many Web Services standards
into a single comprehensive specification for defining the secure and reliable exchange of documents
using Web Services. The ebMS 3.0 standard composes fundamental Web Services standards SOAP 1.1
[SOAP11], SOAP 1.2 [SOAP12], SOAP with Attachments [SOAPATTACH], WS-Security 1.0 [WSS10],
WS-Security 1.1 [WSS11], WS-Addressing [WSADDRCORE], and reliable messaging (WS-Reliability 1.1
[WSR11]) or WS-ReliableMessaging - currently at version 1.2 [WSRM12]) together with guidance for the
packaging of messages and receipts along with definitions of messaging choreographies for orchestrating
document exchanges.

Like AS2, ebMS 3.0 brings together many existing standards that govern the packaging, security, and
transport of electronic data under the umbrella of a single specification document. While ebMS 3.0
represents a leap forward in reducing the complexity of Web Services B2B messaging, the specification
still contains numerous options and comprehensive alternatives for addressing a variety of scenarios for
exchanging data over a Web Services platform.

In order to fully take advantage of the AS2 success story, this profile of the ebMS 3.0 specification has
been developed. Using ebMS 3.0 as a base, a subset of functionality has been defined along with
implementation guidelines adopted based on the “just-enough” design principles and AS2 functional
requirements to trim down ebMS 3.0 into a more simplified and AS2-like specification for Web Services
B2B messaging. The main benefits of AS4 compared to AS2 are:

- Compatibility with Web services standards.
- Message pulling capability.
- A built-in Receipt mechanism

Profiling ebMS V3 means:

- Defining a subset of ebMS V3 options to be supported by the AS4 handler.
- Deciding which types of message exchanges must be supported, and how these exchanges
  should be conducted (level of security, binding to HTTP, etc.).
- Deciding of AS4-specific message contents and practices (how to make use of the ebMS
  message header fields, in an AS4 context).
- Deciding of some operational best practices, for the end-user.
The overall goal of a profile for a standard is to ensure interoperability by:

- Establishing particular usage and practices of the standard within a community of users.
- Defining the subset of features in this standard that needs to be supported by an implementation.

Two kinds of profiles are usually to be considered when profiling an existing standard:

1. **Conformance Profiles.** These define the different ways a product can conform to a standard, based on specific ways to implement this standard. A conformance profile is usually associated with a specific conformance clause. Conformance profiles are of prime interest for product managers and developers: they define a precise subset of features to be supported.

2. **Usage Profiles** (also called Deployment Profiles). These define how a standard should be used by a community of users, in order to ensure best compatibility with business practices and interoperability. Usage profiles are of prime interest for IT end-users: they define how to configure the use of a standard (and related product) as well as how to bind this standard to business applications. A usage profile usually points at required or compatible conformance profile(s).

AS4 is defined as a combination of:

- Two primary AS4 conformance profiles (see section 2) that define two subsets of ebMS V3 features, one of which is to be supported by an AS4 implementation.
- An optional complementary conformance profile (see section 4) that specifies how to use AS4 endpoints with ebMS 3.0 intermediaries. This is based on a simplified subset of the multi-hop messaging feature defined in ebMS 3.0 Part 2, Advanced Features specification [ebMS3ADV].
- An AS4 Usage Profile (see section 5) that defines how to use an AS4-compliant implementation in order to achieve similar functions as specified in AS2.

The two primary AS4 conformance profiles (CP) are defined below:

(1) The **AS4 ebHandler CP**. This conformance profile supports both Sending and Receiving roles, and for each role both message pushing and message pulling.

(2) The **AS4 Light Client CP**. This conformance profile supports both Sending and Receiving roles, but only message pushing for Sending and message pulling for Receiving. In other words, it does not support incoming HTTP requests, and may have no fixed IP address.

Compatible existing conformance profiles for ebMS V3 are:

- Gateway RM V3 or Gateway RX V3: a Message Service Handler (MSH) implementing any of these profiles will also be conforming to the AS4 ebHandler CP (the reverse is not true).

NOTE: Full compliance to AS4 actually requires and/or authorizes a message handler to implement a few additional features beyond the above CPs, as described in the Conformance section 6. These additional features are described in Section 3.

### 1.2 Terminology

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as described in IETF RFC 2119.

### 1.3 Normative References

http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-bp/ebbp-signals-2.0
1.4 Non-normative References


[ebCorePartyId] OASIS ebCore Party Id Type Technical Specification Version 1.0. OASIS Committee Specification, 28 September 2010. http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebcore/PartyIdType/v1.0/PartyIdType-1.0.odt
v2.0.4. OASIS Standard, 21 December 2006. http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-bp/2.0.4/ebxmlbp-v2.0.4-Spec-os-en.odt


http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ebxml-msg/documents/ebMS_v2_0.pdf

GS1 Global Location Number (GLN).
http://www.gs1.org/barcodes/technical/idkeys/gln

Deployment Profile Template For OASIS ebXML Message Service 2.0 Standard.
http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-iic/ebXML_DPT-v1.1-ebMS2-template-pr-01.pdf


http://tools.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4130


Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) 1.1, W3C Note. 08 May 2000.
http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/NOTE-SOAP-20000508/

Basic Profile Version 1.2. WS-I Final Material. 09 November 2010.
http://ws-i.org/Profiles/BasicProfile-1.2-2010-11-09.html


http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmi/200702/wsrmi-1.2-spec-os.doc

2 AS4 Conformance Profiles for ebMS V3 Core Specification

NOTE: AS4 is more than a conformance profile, in the sense given in [ebMS3-CP]. It is a combination of a conformance profile and a usage profile, as explained in the introduction section. Consequently, only this section (section 2) is conforming to the format recommended in [ebMS3-CP] for describing conformance profiles. The usage profile part (section 5) is following a format based on tables similar to those found in [IIC-DP].

2.1 The AS4 ebHandler Conformance Profile

The AS4 ebHandler is identified by the URI:
http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/cprofiles/200809/as4ebhandler
(Note: this URI is only an identifier, not a document address.)

2.1.1 Features Set

The AS4 CP is defined as follows, using the table template and terminology provided in Appendix A ("Conformance") of the core ebXML Messaging Services V3.0 Conformance Profiles specification [ebMS3-CP].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conformance Profile:</th>
<th>Profile summary: &lt;&quot;Sending+Receiving&quot; / &quot;AS4 eb Handler&quot; / Level 1 / HTTP1.1 + SOAP 1.2 + WSS1.1 &gt;</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>AS4 ebHandler</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<th>Functional Aspects</th>
<th>Profile Feature Set</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ebMS MEP</td>
<td>Both Sender and Receiver MUST support the following ebMS simple Message Exchange Patterns (MEPs):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● One-way / Push</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● One-way / Pull</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Regardless of which MEP is used, the sending of an eb:Receipt message MUST be supported:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● For the One-way / Push, both “response” and “callback” reply patterns MUST be supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● For the One-way / Pull, the “callback” pattern is the only viable option, and the User message sender MUST be ready to accept an eb:Receipt either piggybacked on (or bundled with) a PullRequest, or piggybacked on another User Message, or sent separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In all MEPs, the User message receiver MUST be able to send an eb:Receipt as a separate message (i.e. not piggybacked on a PullRequest message or on another User message). An MSH conforming to this profile is therefore NOT required to bundle an eb:Receipt with any other ebMS header or message body.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use of the ebbpsig:NonRepudiationInformation element (as defined in [ebBP-SIG]) is REQUIRED as content for the eb:Receipt message, i.e. when conforming</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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to this profile a Sending MSH must be able to create a Receipt with such a content, and a Receiving MSH must be able to process it.

| Reliability          | Reception Awareness, defined as the ability for a Sending ebHandler to notify its application (message Producer) of lack of reception of an eb:Receipt related to a sent message, MUST be supported. This implies support for:
|                     |   ● Correlating eb:Receipts with previously sent User messages, based on the ebMS message ID
|                     |   ● Detection of a missing eb:Receipt for a sent message
|                     |   ● Ability to report an error to the message Producer in case no eb:Receipt has been received for a sent message.
|                     | The semantics for sending back an eb:Receipt message is as follows: a well-formed ebMS user message has been received and the MSH is taking responsibility for its processing (additional application-level delivery semantics, and payload validation semantics are not relevant).
|                     | Support for a WS reliable messaging specification is optional.

| Security            | The following security features MUST be supported:
|                     |   ● Support for username / password token, digital signatures and encryption.
|                     |   ● Support for content-only transforms.
|                     |   ● Support for security of attachments.
|                     |   ● Support for message authorization at P-Mode level (see 7.10 in [ebMS3CORE]) Authorization of the Pull signal, for a particular MPC, must be supported at minimum.
|                     | Two authorization options MUST be supported by an MSH in the Receiving role, and at least one of them in the Sending role:
|                     |   ● **Authorization Option 1**: Use of the WSS security header targeted to the “ebms” actor, as specified in section 7.10 of ebMS V3, with the wsse:UsernameToken profile. This header may either come in addition to the regular wsse security header (XMLDsig for authentication), or may be the sole wsse header, if a transport-level secure protocol such as SSL or TLS is used.
|                     |   ● **Authorization Option 2**: Use of a regular wsse security header (XMLDsig for authentication, use of X509), and no additional wsse security header targeted to “ebms”. In that case, the MSH must be able to use the credential present in this security header for Pull authorization, i.e. to associate these with a specific MPC.
|                     | NOTE on XMLDsig: XMLDsig allows arbitrary XSLT transformations when constructing the plaintext over which a signature or reference is created. Conforming applications that allow use of XSLT transformations when verifying either signatures or references are encouraged to maintain lists of “safe” transformations for a given partner, service, action and role combination. Static analysis of XSLT expressions with a human user audit is encouraged for trusting a given expression as “safe”.

### Error generation and reporting

The following error processing capabilities MUST be supported:

- Capability of the Receiving MSH to report errors from message processing, either as ebMS error messages or as SOAP Faults to the Sending MSH. The following modes of reporting to a Sending MSH are supported:
  - Sending error as a separate request (ErrorHandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo=<URL of Sending MSH>)
  - Sending error on the back channel of the underlying protocol (ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse="true").
  - Capability to report to a third-party address (ErrorHandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo=<other address>).
  - Capability of Sending MSH to report generated errors as notifications to the message producer (support for Report.ProcessErrorNotifyProducer="true") (e.g. delivery failure).

- Generated errors: All specified errors in [ebMS3CORE] must be generated when applicable, except for EBMS:0010: On a Receiving MSH, there is no requirement to generate error EBMS:0010 for discrepancies between message header and the P-Mode.reliability and P-Mode.security features. It is required to generate such errors, on a Receiving MSH, for other discrepancies.

### Message Partition Channels

Message partition channels (MPC) MUST be supported in addition to the default channel, so that selective pulling by a partner MSH is possible. This means AS4 handlers MUST be able to use the @mpc attribute and to process it as expected.

### Message packaging

The following features MUST be supported both on sending and receiving sides:

- Support for attachments.
- Support for MessageProperties.
- Support for processing messages that contain both a signal message unit (eb:SignalMessage) and a user message unit (eb:UserMessage).

### Interoperability Parameters

The following interoperability parameters values MUST be supported for this conformance profile:

- **Transport:** HTTP 1.1
- **SOAP version:** 1.2
- **Reliability Specification:** none.
- **Security Specification:** WSS 1.1.
2.1.2 WS-I Conformance Profiles

The Web-Services Interoperability consortium has defined guidelines for interoperability of SOAP messaging implementations. In order to ensure maximal interoperability across different SOAP stacks, eg. MIME and HTTP implementations, compliance with the following WS-I profiles is REQUIRED whenever related features are used:

- Basic Security Profile (BSP) 1.1 [WSIBSP11].
- Attachment Profile (AP) 1.0 [WSIAP10] with regard to the use of MIME and SOAP with Attachments.

Notes:
- Compliance with AP1.0 would normally require compliance with BP1.1, which in turn requires the absence of a SOAP Envelope in the HTTP response of a One-Way MEP (R2714). However, recent BP versions such as BP1.2 [WSIBP12] and BP2.0 [WSIBP20] override this requirement. Consequently, the AS4 ebHandler conformance profile does not require conformance to these deprecated requirements inherited from BP1.1 (R2714, R1143) regarding the use of HTTP.
- WS-I compliance is here understood as requiring that the features exhibited by an AS4 ebHandler MUST comply with the above WS-I profiles. For example, since only SOAP 1.2 is required by the AS4 ebHandler, the requirements from BSP 1.1 that depend on SOAP 1.1 would not apply. Similarly, none of the requirements for DESCRIPTION (WSDL) or REGDATA (UDDI) apply here, as these are not used.

This conformance profile also requires conformance to the following WS-I profiles:

- Basic Profile 2.0 (BP2.0) [WSIBP20].

2.1.3 Processing Mode Parameters

This section contains a summary of P-Mode parameters relevant to AS4 features for this conformance profile. An AS4 handler MUST support and understand those that are mentioned as "required". For each parameter, either:

- Full support is required: An implementation MUST support the possible options for this parameter.
- Partial support is required: Support for a subset of values is required.
- No support is required: An implementation is not required to support the features controlled by this parameter, and therefore is not required to understand this parameter.

An AS4 handler is expected to support the P-Mode set below both as a Sender (of the user message) and as a Receiver.

2.1.3.1 General P-Mode parameters

- PMode.ID: support required.
- PMode.Agreement: support required.
- PMode.MEP: support required for: http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ebxml-msg/one-way
PMode.Initiator.Role: support required.
PMode.Responder.Role: support required.

2.1.3.2 PMode[1].Protocol

2.1.3.3 PMode[1].BusinessInfo
PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Properties[]: support required.
(PMode[1].BusinessInfo.PayloadProfile[]): support not required
(PMode[1].BusinessInfo.PayloadProfile.maxSize: support not required)

2.1.3.4 PMode[1].ErrorHandling
(PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo: support not required)
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo: support required (for address of the MSH sending the message in error or for third-party).
(PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer support not required)
PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.DeliveryFailuresNotifyProducer: support required (true/false)

2.1.3.5 PMode[1].Reliability
Support not required.
2.1.3.6 PMode[1].Security

- PMode[1].Security.WSSVersion: support required for: 1.1
- PMode[1].Security.UsernameToken_DIGEST: support required (true/false)
- (PMode[1].Security.UsernameTokenNonce: support not required)
- PMode[1].Security.PModeAuthorize: support required (true/false)
- PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt: support required (true/false)
- Pmode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern: support required (both “response” and “callback”)

2.2 The AS4 Light Client Conformance Profile

The AS4 light Client is identified by the URI:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/cprofiles/200809/as4lightclient

(Note: this URI is only an identifier, not a document address.)

2.2.1 Feature Set

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conformance Profile:</th>
<th>Profile summary: &lt;“Sending+Receiving” / “lighthandler-rm” / Level 1 / HTTP1.1 + SOAP 1.1&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS4-LightClient</td>
<td>Functional Aspects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Profile Feature Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The following Message Exchange Patterns (MEPs) MUST be supported:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- One-way / Push (as initiator).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- One-way / Pull (as initiator).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Regardless of which MEP is used, the sending of an eb:Receipt message MUST be supported:

- For the One-way / Push, the “response” reply pattern MUST be supported.
- For the One-way / Pull, the “callback” pattern is the only viable option, and the User message sender MUST be ready to accept an eb:Receipt either piggybacked on a PullRequest, or sent separately. The User message receiver MUST be able to send an eb:Receipt separately from the PullRequest.

In all MEPs, the User message receiver MUST be able to send an eb:Receipt as a separate message (i.e. not piggybacked on a PullRequest message or on another User message). An MSH conforming to this profile is therefore NOT REQUIRED to bundle an eb:Receipt with any other ebMS header or message body. However, when receiving a Receipt, an MSH conforming to this profile MUST be able to process an eb:Receipt bundled with an other ebMS message header or body.

Use of the ebbpsig:NonRepudiationInformation element (as defined in [ebBP-SIG]) is REQUIRED as content for the eb:Receipt message, i.e. when conforming to this profile a Sending MSH must be able to create a Receipt with such a content, and a Receiving MSH must be able to process it.

### Reliability

**Reception Awareness**, defined as the ability for a Sending light Client to notify its application (message Producer) of lack of reception of an eb:Receipt related to a sent message, MUST be supported. This implies support for:

- Correlating eb:Receipts with previously sent User messages, based on the ebMS message ID.
- Detection of a missing eb:Receipt for a sent message.
- Ability to report an error to the message Producer in case no eb:Receipt has been received for a sent message.

The semantics for sending back an eb:Receipt message is as follows: a well-formed ebMS user message has been received and the MSH is taking responsibility for its processing, (additional application-level delivery semantics, and payload validation semantics are not relevant).

Support for a WS reliable messaging specification is optional.

### Security

Both authorization options for message pulling (authorizing a PullRequest for a particular MPC) described in the ebHandler conformance profile MUST be supported:

1. Support for username / password token: minimal support for wss:UsernameToken profile in the Pull signal - for authorizing a particular MPC. Support for adding a WSS security header targeted to the “ebms” actor, as specified in section 7.10 of ebMS V3, with the wsse:UsernameToken profile. The use of transport-level secure protocol such as SSL or TLS is recommended.
2. Support for a regular wsse security header (XMLDsig for authentication, use of X509), and no additional wsse security header targeted to “ebms”.

### Error generation and reporting

Error notification to the local message producer MUST be supported (e.g. reported failure to deliver pushed messages).
The reporting of message processing errors for pulled messages to the remote party MUST be supported via Error messages (errors may be bundled with another pushed message or a Pull Request signal message).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message Partition Channels</th>
<th>Sending on the default message partition channel is sufficient (support for additional message partitions is NOT REQUIRED.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Message packaging</td>
<td>Support for attachments is NOT REQUIRED – i.e. any XML message payload will use the SOAP body. Support for MessageProperties is NOT REQUIRED.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interoperability Parameters</td>
<td>The following interoperability parameters values MUST be supported for this conformance profile:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● <strong>Transport</strong>: HTTP 1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● <strong>SOAP version</strong>: 1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● <strong>Reliability Specification</strong>: none.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● <strong>Security Specification</strong>: WSS 1.1.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.2.2 WS-I Conformance Requirements

This conformance profile will require compliance with the following WS-I profile:

- Basic Profile 2.0 (BP2.0) [WSIBP20].

Note: this must be interpreted as requiring that the features exhibited by an AS4 Light Client ebMS conformance profile MUST comply with the above WS-I profile.

### 2.2.3 Processing Mode Parameters

This section contains a summary of P-Mode parameters relevant to AS4 features for this conformance profile. An AS4 Light client MUST support and understand those that are mentioned as "required". For each parameter, either:

- Full support is required: An implementation is supposed to support the possible options for this parameter.
- Partial support is required: Support for a subset of values is required.
- No support is required: An implementation is not required to support the features controlled by this parameter, and therefore not required to understand this parameter.

An AS4 Light client is expected to support the P-Mode set below both as a Sender (of the user message, in case of a one-way / push) and as a Receiver (in case of a one-way / pull).
2.2.3.1 General P-Mode parameters

- **PMode.ID**: support required.
- **PMode.Agreement**: support required.
- **PMode.MEP**: support required for: http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ebxml-msg/one-way
- **PMode.Initiator.Party**: support required.
- **PMode.Initiator.Role**: support required.
- **PMode.Responder.Party**: support required.
- **PMode.Responder.Role**: support required.

2.2.3.2 PMode[1].Protocol

- **PMode[1].Protocol.SOAPVersion**: support required for SOAP 1.2.

2.2.3.3 PMode[1].BusinessInfo

- **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Service**: support required.
- **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Action**: support required.
- **PMode[1].BusinessInfo.Properties[]**: support required.
- **(PMode[1].BusinessInfo.PayloadProfile[])**: support not required
- **(PMode[1].BusinessInfo.PayloadProfile.maxSize)**: support not required

2.2.3.4 PMode[1].ErrorHandling

- **(PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo)**: support not required
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse**: support required (true/false) as initiator of the one-way / push, as well as for the PullRequest signal (PMode[1][s]).
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyProducer**: support required (true/false)
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.DeliveryFailuresNotifyProducer**: support required (true/false)
2.2.3.5 Pmode[1].Reliability

Support not required.

2.2.3.6 PMode[1].Security

- PMode[1].Security.WSSVersion: support required for: 1.1
- PMode[1].Security.UsernameToken.Digest: support required (true/false)
- PMode[1].Security.PModeAuthorize: support required (true/false)
- PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt: support required (true/false)
- PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern: support required for “response” if PMode.MEPbinding is "push", and for “callback” if PMode.MEPbinding is "pull".

2.3 Conformance Profiles Compatibility

The AS4 profile is compatible with the following ebMS V3 conformance profiles, defined in [ebMS3-CP]:

- Gateway RM V2/3
- Gateway RM V3
- Gateway RX V2/3
- Gateway RX V3

AS4 may be deployed on any MSH that conforms to one of the above conformance profiles.

NOTE: AS4 may also be deployed on an MSH that supports B2B messaging protocols other than ebMS, such as AS2 [RFC4130]. Such an MSH could be used by organizations that use AS2 for some business partners, or for some types of documents, and AS4 for others.
3 AS4 Additional Features

This section defines features that were not specified in the ebMS V3 Core Specification and therefore out of scope for the previous conformance profiles (ebHandler CP and Light Client CP). These features should be considered as additional capabilities that are either required by or made optional to AS4 implementations as indicated below.

The profiling tables below can be used for adding user-defined profiling requirements to be adopted within a business community. Whenever the feature, or its profiling, is mandatory, the right-side column (Profile Requirement) will specify it.

3.1 Compression

Application payloads that are built in conformance with the SOAP Messages with Attachments [SOAPATTACH] specification may be compressed. Support for compression MUST then be provided by AS4 implementations. Compression of the SOAP envelope and/or payload containers within the SOAP Body of an ebMS Message is not supported.

To compress the payload(s) of a message built in conformance with the SOAP Messages with Attachments [SOAPATTACH] specification, the GZIP [RFC1952] compression algorithm MUST be used. Compression MUST be applied before payloads are attached to the SOAP Message.

The eb:PartInfo element in the message header that relates to the compressed message part, MUST have an eb:Property element with @name =”Compressed”:

```
<eb:Property name="Compressed"/>
```

The content type of the compressed attachment MUST be "application/gzip".

These are indicators to the receiver that compression has been used on this part.

When compression, signature and encryption are required of the MSH, the message MUST be compressed prior to being signed and/or encrypted.

Packaging requirements:

- An eb:PartInfo/eb:PartProperties/eb:Property/@name="MimeType" value is RECOMMENDED to identify the mimetype of the payload before compression was applied.
- An eb:PartInfo/eb:PartProperties/eb:Property/@name="CharacterSet" value is RECOMMENDED to identify the character set of the payload before compression was applied.

Example:

```
<eb:PartInfo href="cid:attachment1234@example.com">
  <eb:Property name="MimeType">application/xml</eb:Property>
  <eb:Property name="CharacterSet">utf-8</eb:Property>
  <eb:Property name="Compressed"/>
</eb:PartInfo>
```

An additional P-Mode parameter is defined, that MUST be supported:

- **PMode[1].PayloadService.Compression**: {true / false}

**True**: some attached payload(s) may be compressed over this MEP segment.
False (default): no compression is used over this MEP segment.

NOTE: the requirement for Compression feature applies to both conformance profiles (AS4 ebHandler and AS4 light Client).

3.2 Reception Awareness features and Duplicate Detection

These capabilities make use of the eb:Receipt as the sole type of acknowledgement. Duplicate detection only relies on the eb:MessageInfo/eb:MessageId.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Features</th>
<th>Profile requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reception awareness error handling (REQUIRED support)</td>
<td>Ability for the MSH expecting an eb:Receipt to generate an error in case no eb:Receipt has been received for a sent message. It is RECOMMENDED that this error be a new error: Code = EBMS:0301, Short Description = MissingReceipt, Severity = Failure, Category = Communication. Ability for the MSH expecting an eb:Receipt to report a MissingReceipt error to the message Producer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Retry (OPTIONAL support)</td>
<td>Ability for a User message sender that has not received an expected eb:Receipt to resend the User message. If doing so, the eb:MessageInfo/eb:MessageId element of the resend message and of the original User message MUST be same. When resending a message for which non-repudiation of receipt is required, the sender MUST ensure that the hash values for the digests to be included in the Receipt (i.e. the content of MessagePartNRInformation elements), do not vary from the original message to the retry(ies), so that non-repudiation of receipt can be asserted based on the original message and the receipt of any of its retries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate Detection ( REQUIRED support)</td>
<td>Ability for the MSH receiving a User message to detect and/or eliminate duplicates based on eb:MessageInfo/eb:MessageId. If duplicates are just detected (not eliminated) then at the very least it is REQUIRED that the Receiving MSH notifies its application (message Consumer) of the duplicates. For examples, these could be logged. Related quantitative parameters (time window for the detection, or maximum message log size) are left to the implementation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: these requirements apply to both conformance profiles (AS4 ebHandler and AS4 light Client)

The following additional P-Mode parameters are defined and MUST be supported:

- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness**: (true / false) Note: when set to true, the PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt must also be set to true.
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Replay**: (true / false)
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Replay.Parameters**: (contains a composite string specifying: (a) maximum number of retries or some timeout, (b) frequency of retries or some retry rule).
3.3 Alternative Pull Authorization

In addition to the two authorization options described in the AS4 Conformance Profile (section 2.1.1), an implementation MAY optionally decide to support a third authorization technique, based on transient security (SSL or TLS).

SSL/TLS can provide certificate-based client authentication. Once the identity of the Pulling client is established, the Security module may pass this identity to the ebms module, which can then associate it with the right authorization entry, e.g. the set of MPCs this client is allowed to pull from.

This third authorization option, compatible with AS4 although not specified in ebMS Core V3, relies on the ability of the ebms module to obtain the client credentials. This capability represents an (optional) new feature. When using this option for authorizing pulling, there is no need to insert any WS-Security header in the Pull request at all.

3.4 Semantics of Receipt in AS4

The notion of Receipt in ebMS V3 is not associated with any particular semantics, such as delivery assurance. However, when combined with security (signing), it is intended to support Non Repudiation of Receipt (NRR).

In AS4, the eb:Receipt message serves both as a business receipt (its content is profiled in Section 2), and as a reception indicator, being a key element of the reception awareness feature. No particular delivery semantics can be assumed however: the sending of an eb:Receipt only means the following, from a message processing viewpoint:

(a) The related ebMS user message has been received and is well-formed.

(b) The Receiving MSH is taking responsibility for processing this user message. However, no guarantee can be made that this user message will be ultimately delivered to its Consumer application (this responsibility lays however now on the Receiver side).

The meaning of NOT getting an expected Receipt, for the sender of a related user message, is one of the following:

1. The user message was lost and never received by the Receiving MSH.

2. The user message was received, but the eb:Receipt was never generated, e.g. due to a faulty configuration (P-Mode).

3. The user message was received, the eb:Receipt was sent back but was lost on the way.

See section 5.1.8 for AS4 usage rules about Receipts.

Note: The use of the phrase 'business receipt' in AS4 is to distinguish the nature of the AS4/ebMS3 receipt as being sufficient for Non-Repudiation of Receipt (NRR). In this sense it is very similar to the Message Disposition Notification (MDN, [RFC3798]) response that is used by AS2 as a business receipt.
for non-repudiation. This receipt in AS4/ebMS3 contains the same information as the MDN, and thus
distinguishes itself from the web services reliable messaging (sequence) acknowledgment.
4 Complementary Requirements for the AS4 Multi-Hop Profile

The ebMS 3.0 Part 2, Advanced Features specification [ebMS3ADV] defines several advanced messaging features. One of these is a multi-hop feature that provides functionality to exchange ebMS messages through clouds of intermediaries, or I-Clouds. These intermediaries serve various purposes, including message routing and store-and-forward (or store-and-collect) connections. Intermediaries allow messages to flow through a multi-hop path and serve to interconnect (private or public) networks and clouds. This section specifies an optional profile for AS4 endpoints in order to converse with ebMS 3.0 intermediaries. This profile is complementary to the primary profiles defined in section 2. This complementary profile:

- Simplifies the fine-grained endpoint configuration options of [ebMS3ADV] to a single processing mode parameter (section 4.3).
- Extends the capability of AS4 endpoints to exchange messages in a peer-to-peer fashion to exchanges across intermediaries (section 4.4).

Section 4.1 is non-normative and provides the rationale and context for using AS4 and intermediaries. Section 4.2 defines some general constraints and assumptions. Section 4.3 presents the single additional processing mode parameter required for multi-hop. Section 4.4 provides a minimal interoperability subset for AS4 endpoints in an I-Cloud.

4.1 Rationale and Context

A key motivation for AS4 is to provide a simplified profile of ebMS 3.0 that allows Small and Medium-Size Enterprises (SMEs) to exchange messages using Web Services. Two situations can be distinguished:

- Situations where one partner in an exchange is an SME and the other is a larger organization. AS4 allows SME trading partners of a large organization to operate “client-only” endpoints and pull messages from a B2B gateway server operated by the large organization. That B2B gateway operates as a server and is addressable and available for pulling. These exchanges can be said to be asymmetric.
- Situations where all partners are SMEs, organized in collaborative SME B2B networks. In these situations there is no single larger partner that the other partners are organized around. These exchanges can be said to be symmetric.

When two endpoints exchange messages directly, they cannot both be client-only endpoints. Intermediaries can serve SME networks by offering store-and-collect capabilities, just like Internet Service Providers (ISPs) offer mailbox services for email, Value-Added Network (VAN) services offer document exchange services, and Cloud-based File Storage services offer secure temporary storage and exchange of large files.
In the diagram, messages can be sent any time to MSH A or MSH B as long as the I-Cloud is able to forward messages to AS4 edge intermediaries $I_0$ and $I_N$, from which they can be pulled at a convenient time.

### 4.2 General Constraints

This profile defines the following general constraints:

- Whether or not two AS4 endpoint exchange user messages in a peer-to-peer fashion or across an I-Cloud is determined by a single processing mode parameter.

- Sender and Receiver MSH can diverge in some “init” and “resp” parameters (terminology from section 2.7.2 of [ebMS3ADV]), as some parameters in an exchange relate to the edge intermediaries, not to the ultimate destination MSH.

- Whether or not an AS4 endpoint returns related response signals (receipts, errors) in a peer-to-peer fashion or across an I-Cloud is not based on configuration, but is determined by how the associated user message was delivered:
  - Receipts and errors for user messages received directly are sent back directly.
  - Receipts and errors for user messages received through an I-Cloud are sent back through the I-Cloud.

- Edge intermediaries connect to AS4 endpoints as servers: they do not pull messages from endpoints.

- Pull signals from AS4 endpoints target AS4 edge intermediaries and are not forwarded across an I-Cloud.

- An AS4 edge intermediary that is capable of delivering a particular user message to an AS4 endpoint SHOULD be configured to provide initial reverse routing of any related signals (receipts, errors).

- There is no requirement to support WS-ReliableMessaging lifecycle messages.

### 4.3 Processing Mode Parameter

In this profile, AS4 processors either operate in peer-to-peer exchange mode or exchange messages across intermediaries based on the value of a single processing mode parameter, defined in section 6.4.2 of [ebMS3ADV]: `Pmode[1].Protocol.AddActorOrRoleAttribute`.

- If this value is set to `true` for a P-Mode, the ebMS header in AS4 user messages MUST have a SOAP 1.2 role attribute and its value MUST be set to the fixed value `http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/part2/200811/nextmsh`.

- For AS4, the default value of this parameter is `false`, meaning that the SOAP 1.2 role attribute is not present. In SOAP 1.2, this is equivalent to the attribute being present with the value `http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/ultimateReceiver`.

### 4.4 AS4 Endpoint Requirements

The ebMS 3.0 multi-hop feature specifies requirements on endpoints to be able to exchange messages in an I-Cloud. This section further constrains these requirements and provides a minimal interoperability subset for AS4 endpoints. The structure of this section follows the structure of section 2.6 of [ebMS3ADV], which considers initiating messages and responding messages.
The section distinguishes three types of initiating messages:

- **User Messages.** No special processing is required of an AS4 processor, other than being able to insert the `role` attribute with the appropriate value, subject to the selected processing mode, as specified in section 4.3.

- **ebMS Signal Messages.** This AS4 profile constrains this further as follows:
  - No `RoutingInput` reference parameter and no `role` attribute are added to `PullRequest` messages.
  - AS4 endpoints MUST NOT send initiating error messages.

- **Non-ebMS Messages:** this situation is not relevant in the case of AS4 as it does not require support for Web Services protocols like WS-ReliableMessaging [WSRM12]. For this reason there is no need to support initiating non-ebMS messages.

Section 2.6 of [ebMS3ADV] distinguishes the following type of responding messages:

- **ebMS response User Messages.** This is handled in the same way as ebMS request User Messages.

- **ebMS Signal Messages.** These messages are making use of WS-Addressing headers [WSADDRCORE] under certain conditions. This profile restricts or relaxes further the use of and/or support for these “wsa” headers.
  - AS4 endpoints are NOT REQUIRED to support `wsa:ReplyTo` header or `wsa:FaultTo` when generating responses.
  - If the user message that the signal relates to DOES NOT contain a `role` attribute with a value of http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/part2/200811/nextmsh, processing of signals is as specified in the ebMS 3.0 Core Specification and in the other chapters of this specification.
  - If the user message that the signal relates to DOES contain a `role` attribute with a value of http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/part2/200811/nextmsh, a response signal MUST contain
    - a `wsa:To` header element with value http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/part2/200811/icloud
    - a `wsa:Action` header element with value http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay.receipt or http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay.error
    - and a WS-Addressing reference parameter with content as specified in the subsection “Inferred RoutingInput for the reverse path” of section 2.6.2 of [ebMS3ADV]. The value of the MPC attribute is to be set based on the value of the MPC attribute in the user message. If that value is not set, the default value http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultMPC is assumed (as defined in section 3.4.1 in [ebMS3CORE]):
      - The MPC value for an AS4 receipt signal is formed by concatenating the string ".receipt” to the (default) MPC value of the received message.
      - The MPC value for an AS4 error signal is formed by concatenating the string ".error” to the (default) MPC value of the message in error.

- **Non-ebMS Messages:** this situation is not relevant in the case of AS4, because AS4 does not require support for Web Services protocols that return signal messages, such as reliable messaging acknowledgments.
5 AS4 Usage Profile of ebMS 3.0 Core Specification

While the previous sections were describing messaging handler requirements for AS4 compliance (i.e. mostly intended for product developers), this section is about configuration and usage options.

This section is split in two major subsections:

- **AS4 Usage Rules**: this section provides the rules for using messaging features in an AS4-compliant way.
- **AS4 Usage Agreements**: this section provides notes to the users on the main options left open by the AS4 profiles, that have to be agreed on in order to interoperate.

Both sections are about features that are under responsibility of the user when using an AS4-compliant product.

5.1 AS4 Usage Rules

5.1.1 Core Components / Modules to be Used

This table summarizes which functional modules in the ebMS V3 specification are required to be implemented by the AS4 profile, and whether or not these modules are actually profiled for AS4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ebMS V3 Component Name and Reference</th>
<th>Profiling status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Messaging Model (section 2)</td>
<td>Usage: Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Profiled: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Notes: This Profile only supports the One-Way/Push MEP (Sync and Async) and the One-Way/Pull MEP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Pulling and Partitioning (section 3)</td>
<td>Usage: Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Profiled: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Notes: The profiling of QoS associated with Pulling is defined in another module. The MPC and pulling feature itself are not profiled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processing Modes (section 4)</td>
<td>Usage: Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Profiled: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Packaging (section 5)</td>
<td>Usage: Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Profiled: Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Notes: Default business process defines acceptable defaults for Role, Service and Action. Bundling options for message headers (piggybacking) are restricted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ebMS V3 Component Name and Reference</td>
<td>Profiling status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Error Handling (section 6)          | Usage: **Required**  
|                                     | Profiled: **Yes**  
|                                     | Notes: Addition of some new Error Codes regarding Reception Awareness |
| Security Module (section 7)         | Usage: **Required**  
|                                     | Profiled: **Yes**  
|                                     | Notes: Guidance regarding which part(s) of the message may be encrypted and included in the signature. Further guidance on how to secure the PullRequest Signal and the preventing of replay attacks. |
| Reliable Messaging Module (section 8) | Usage: **Not Required**  
|                                     | Profiled: **No**  
|                                     | Notes: This profile does not require the use of the Reliable Messaging Module using either WS-ReliableMessaging or WS-Reliability. It relies instead on eb:Receipts for supporting a light reliability feature called “Reception Awareness”. |

### 5.1.2 Bundling rules

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope of the Profile Feature</th>
<th>Defines bundling (or “piggybacking”) rules of ebMS MEPs, including Receipts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Feature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 2.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Profiling Rule (a)           | This profile supports the One-Way/Push MEP.  
|                             | Both synchronous and asynchronous transport channels for the response (eb:Receipt) are allowed by this profile.  
|                             | When sending a Receipt for this MEP, a Receiving MSH conforming to this profile SHOULD NOT bundle the Receipt with any other ebMS message header or body. |
| Profiling Rule (b)           | This profile supports the One-Way/Pull MEP. When sending a Receipt for this MEP, a Receiving MSH conforming to this profile SHOULD NOT bundle the Receipt with any other ebMS message header (including a PullRequest signal) or message body, |

### Test References

- AS4-profile-v1.0-csd04  
  25 May 2011  
  Copyright © OASIS Open 2011. All Rights Reserved.  
  Standards Track Work Product  
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### 5.1.3 Security Element

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Use of WSS features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>When using digital signatures or encryption, an AS4 MSH implementation is REQUIRED to use the Web Services Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile [WSS11-X509].</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• *Web Services Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile 1.1*, 2006 [WSS11-X509]. |
| Test References | |
| Notes | |

### 5.1.4 Signing Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Digital Signatures for SOAP message headers and body</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to use Detached Signatures as defined by the XML Signature Specification [XMLDSIG] when signing AS4 user or signal messages. Enveloped Signatures as defined by [XMLDSIG] are not supported by or authorized in this profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (b)</td>
<td>AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to include the entire eb:Messaging SOAP header block and the (possibly empty) SOAP Body in the signature. The eb:Messaging header SHOULD be referenced using the “id” attribute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alignment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test References</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.1.5 Signing SOAP with Attachments Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Signing attachments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to use the Attachment-Content-Only transform when building application payloads using SOAP with Attachments [SOAPATTACH]. The Attachment-Complete transform is not supported by this profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (b)</td>
<td>AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to include the entire eb:Messaging header block and all MIME body parts of included payloads in the signature.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 5.1.6 Encrypting Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Encrypting messages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>If an AS4 user message is to be encrypted, AS4 MSH implementations MUST encrypt ALL payload parts. However, AS4 MSH implementations SHALL NOT encrypt the eb:Messaging header. If confidentiality of data in the eb:Messaging header is required, implementations SHOULD use transport level security.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (b)</td>
<td>If an AS4 user message is to be encrypted and the user-specified payload data is to be packaged in the SOAP Body, AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to encrypt the SOAP Body.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.1.7 Encrypting SOAP with Attachments Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Encryption of message attachments.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>If an AS4 user message is to be encrypted and the user-specified payload data is to be packaged in conformance with the [SOAPATTACH] specification, AS4 MSH implementations are REQUIRED to encrypt the MIME Body parts of included payloads.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5.1.8 Generating Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>eb:Receipt signal messages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.12..2 (Persistent Signed Receipt)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 5.2.3.3, eb:Messaging/eb:SignalMessage/eb:Receipt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a): Receipts for reception awareness</td>
<td>In AS4, the content of the eb:Receipt element MUST be a valid ebbpsig:NonRepudiationInformation element. When a Receipt is to be used solely as a reception indicator (for reception awareness), the sender of the Receipt MUST use ebbp:MessagePartIdentifier elements in the ebbpsig:NonRepudiationInformation instead of ds:Reference elements to</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
reference message parts. The `eb:Receipt`

- **MUST** contain an `ebbp:MessagePartIdentifier` element for each `eb:PartInfo`. The content of each of these elements **MUST** be identical to the value of the “href” attribute in the corresponding `eb:PartInfo` element.

- **SHOULD** include an `ebbp:MessagePartIdentifier` element that identifies the MIME part in the received message that contains the AS4 SOAP envelope. Its content **MUST** be an MIME Content-Id Uniform Resource Locator that matches the “start” parameter of the received SOAP-with-attachments message. The element **is REQUIRED** in receipts for user messages that have no `eb:PartInfo` elements, as the cardinality of the `ebbp:MessagePartIdentifier` in the `ebbp:NonRepudiationInformation` schema definition is non-zero.

The `eb:RefToMessageId` in the `eb:MessageInfo` group in the `eb:SignalMessage` contains the message identifier of the received message.

### Profiling Rule (b): Receipts for Non Repudiation of Receipt (NRR)

In AS4, the content of the `eb:Receipt` element **MUST** be a valid `ebbpsig:NonRepudiationInformation` element. When a Receipt is to be used for Non Repudiation of Receipt (NRR), the sender of the Receipt:

- **MUST** use `ds:Reference` elements containing digests of the original message parts for which NRR is required. Message parts **MUST NOT** be identified using `ebbp:MessagePartIdentifier` elements.

- **MUST** sign the AS4 receipt Signal Message.

When signed receipts are requested in AS4 that make use of default conventions, the Sending message handler (i.e. the MSH sending messages for which signed receipts are expected) **MUST** identify message parts (referenced in `eb:PartInfo` elements in the received User Message) and **MUST** sign the SOAP body and all attachments using the [http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SwAProfile-1.1#Attachment-Content-Signature-Transform](http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-SwAProfile-1.1#Attachment-Content-Signature-Transform). The Receiving message handler (i.e. the MSH generating receipt signal) can reuse the `ds:Reference` elements from the `SignedInfo` reference list in the received message.

Note that the Sending message handler **MUST NOT** encrypt any signed content before signing (Section 7.6 in ebMS V3). If using compression in an attachment, the Sending message handler **MUST** sign the data after compression (see section 3.1). Variations from default conventions can be agreed to bilaterally, but conforming implementations are only required to provide receipts using the default conventions described in this section.

### Profiling Rule (c)

An AS4 message that has been digitally signed **MUST** be acknowledged with a message containing an `eb:Receipt` signal that itself is digitally signed. The `eb:Receipt` **MUST** contain the information necessary to provide non-repudiation of receipt of the original message, as described in profiling rule (b).

**NOTE:** the digest(s) to be inserted in the `ebbp:MessagePartNRInformation` element(s) or the Receipt, related to the original message parts for which a receipt is required, may be obtained from the signature information of the original message (`ds:SignedInfo` element), as only those parts that have been signed are subject to NRR. This means a Receiving message handler may not have to compute digests outside its security module.
5.1.9 MIME Header and Filename information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Optional presence of a “filename” value in “Content-disposition” header on MIME body parts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>MIME specification (IETF) [RFC2045]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (a)</td>
<td>The “Content-disposition” header on MIME body parts, when used, MUST carry file name information. Implementations MUST support the setting (when sending) and reading (when receiving) of “Content-disposition” header,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profiling Rule (b)</td>
<td>When end users wish to supply file names and have that information confidential, they SHOULD use TLS/SSL based encryption.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2 AS4 Usage Agreements

This section defines the operational aspect of the profile configuration aspects that users have to agree on, mode of operation, etc to interoperate. This section is not normative and is provided here only as guidance for users.

All the user agreement options related to a specific type of message exchange instance (e.g. related to a specific type of business transaction) are controlled by the Processing Mode (P-Mode) parameters defined in the ebMS Core V3 specification. This section only lists the parameters that are particularly relevant to AS4.

5.2.1 Controlling Content and Sending of Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope of the Profile Feature</th>
<th>Choose among options in sending Receipts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Feature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage Profiling (a)</td>
<td>Must eb:Receipts be used for non-repudiation of receipt (NRR), or just act as reception awareness feature? For non-repudiation, the eb:Receipt element must contain a well-formed ebbp:NonRepudiationInformation element. This is indicated by the new P-Mode parameter:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.NonRepudiation</strong>: value = ‘true’ (to be used for non-repudiation of receipt), value = ‘false’ (to be used simply for reception awareness).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Usage Profiling (b)</td>
<td>Receipts for One-Way/Push MEP:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Both synchronous and asynchronous transport channels for the response (eb:Receipt) are allowed by this profile. and Callback

This option is controlled by the P-Mode parameter:

- **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern**: value = ‘Response’ (sending receipts on the HTTP response or back-channel).
- **PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern**: value = ‘Callback’ (sending receipts using a separate connection.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (c)</th>
<th>Receipts for the One-Way/Pull MEP:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>PMode[1].Security.SendReceipt.ReplyPattern</strong>: value = ‘Callback’ (sending receipts using a separate connection, and not bundled with PullRequest.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes

#### 5.2.2 Error Handling Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Error Handling options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specification Reference</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Usage Profiling (a): Receiver-side error**

All Receiver-side error reporting options are left for users to agree on, including the choice to not report at all:

- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ReceiverErrorsTo**: recommendation is to report such Receiver-side errors to the Sender. Otherwise: report URI that is different from sender URI?
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse**: recommendation for one-way messages (except when pulling is in use) is value="true": report errors on the back-channel of erroneous messages. Errors for pulled messages can only be reported on a separate connection.
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyConsumer**: (true / false) for controlling escalating the error to the application layer.

**Usage Profiling (b): Reception Awareness errors**

What is the behavior of a Sender that failed to receive a Receipt (even after message retries)?

(a) No error reporting (in case no reception awareness required).

(b) Error reporting from the Sender MSH to its message Producer (application-level notification). Error type: EBMS:0301: MissingReceipt (see Section 3.2 in Additional Features.)

P-Mode parameter:

- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.MissingReceiptNotifyProducer**: (new) true if (b), false if (a)
- **PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo**: (in case an error
### Usage Profiling (c): Error about Receipts

How are errors about Receipt messages reported?

P-Mode parameters:
- `PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.SenderErrorsTo`: reporting URI that is different from Receiver URI?
- `PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.AsResponse`: (true / false) NOTE: In case of Receipts already sent over the HTTP back-channel, can only be “false” meaning such errors will be sent over separate connection.
- `PMode[1].ErrorHandling.Report.ProcessErrorNotifyProducer`: (true / false) for controlling escalating the error to the application layer.

### 5.2.3 Securing the PullRequest

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Pulling authorization options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS v3.0, Section 7.11.x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AS4 Conformance Profile authorization options (section 2.1.1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An AS4 Sending MSH MAY authenticate a Receiving MSH that sends a PullRequest in two ways:

(a) (Option 1 in 2.1.1) Use of the WSS security header targeted to the “ebms” actor, as specified in section 7.10 of ebMS V3, with the wsse:UsernameToken profile.

(b) (Option 2 in 2.1.1) by using [WSS11-X509] coupled with the Message Partition Channel that a Pull signal is accessing for pulling messages.

P-Mode parameters:
- `PMode.Initiator.Authorization`: must be set to true (the initiator of a Pull request must be authorized).
- `PMode.Initiator.Authorization.username`: (for option (a))
- `PMode.Initiator.Authorization.password`: (for option (a))
- `PMode[1].Security.PModeAuthorize`: must be set to true in the PMode leg describing the transfer of a pulled message.
- `PMode[1].Security.X509.sign`: (for option (b))
- `PMode[1].Security.X509.SignatureCertificate`: (for option (b))

NOTE: in (b), the P-Mode parameters about X509 are controlling both the authentication of PullRequest signals and authentication of other User
Usage Profiling (b)

PullRequest signals: are they sent using the HTTPS transport protocol with optional Client-side Authentication?

P-Mode parameter:
- **PMode[1].Protocol.Address**: The URL scheme will indicate whether HTTPS is used or not.

Alignment

Test References

Notes

## 5.2.4 Reception Awareness Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Message Replay and Duplicate Detection options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AS4 Profile: additional features (section 3)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (a): Sender options</th>
<th>In case Reception Awareness is used: what is the behavior of a Sender that did not receive a Receipt?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) No message replay.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Resend the message. Replay parameters: to agree on: (1) retry number, (2) retry frequency.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P-Mode parameters (additional to those defined in ebMS Core V3):
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness**: (true / false)
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Replay**: (true / false)
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.Replay.Parameters**: (contains a composite string specifying: (a) maximum number of retries or some timeout, (b) frequency of retries or some retry rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (b): Receiver options</th>
<th>Is duplicate detection enabled?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) No. duplicates are not detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) In addition to (a), a receiver detects and eliminates duplicates based on eb:MessageInfo/eb:MessageId.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P-Mode parameters (additional to those defined in ebMS Core V3):
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection**: (true / false)
- **PMode[1].ReceptionAwareness.DuplicateDetection.Parameters**
## 5.2.5 Default Values of Some P-Mode Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>Default values and authorized values for main P-Mode parameters.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification Reference</td>
<td>ebMS 3.0, Appendix D.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Usage Profiling (a)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMode.MEP</td>
<td><a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay">http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/oneWay</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Usage Profiling (b)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Usage Profiling (c)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMode.Initiator.Role</td>
<td><a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator">http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/initiator</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Usage Profiling (d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMode.Responder.Role</td>
<td><a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder">http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/responder</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Usage Profiling (e)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**NOTE:** this default is to be considered a P-Mode content default: absence of the P-Mode itself will cause the default value defined in the ebMS V3 Core specification (section 4.3) to apply. This value is usually enforced by the MSH implementation itself.

### Usage Profiling (f)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**NOTE:** this default is to be considered a P-Mode content default: absence of the P-Mode itself will cause the default value defined in the ebMS V3 Core specification (section 4.3) to apply. This value is usually enforced by the MSH implementation itself.

### Usage Profiling (g)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PMode[1].Reliability</td>
<td>Parameters are not supported by this profile</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Alignment

| Test References | Notes |
### 5.2.6 HTTP Confidentiality and Security

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Feature</th>
<th>HTTP Security Management and Options</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This table is intended as a guide for users, to specify their own agreements on HTTP confidentiality and security.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification Reference</th>
<th>ebMS 3, Section 7, Appendix D.3.6.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<p>| Usage Profiling (a)     | Is HTTP transport-layer encryption required? |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>What protocol version(s)?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (b)</th>
<th>What encryption algorithm(s) and minimum key lengths are required?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (c)</th>
<th>What Certificate Authorities are acceptable for server certificate authentication?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (d)</th>
<th>Are direct-trust (self-signed) server certificates allowed?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (e)</th>
<th>Is client-side certificate-based authentication allowed or required?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (f)</th>
<th>What client Certificate Authorities are acceptable?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (g)</th>
<th>What certificate verification policies and procedures must be followed?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 5.2.7 Deployment and Processing requirements for CPAs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profile Feature</th>
<th>CPA Access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usage Profiling (a)</td>
<td>Is a specific registry for storing CPAs required? If so, provide details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (b)</th>
<th>Is there a set of predefined CPA templates that can be used to create given Parties’ CPAs?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (c)</th>
<th>Is there a particular format for file names of CPAs, in case that file name is different from CPAId value?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 5.2.8 Message Payload and Flow Profile

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profile Feature</th>
<th>Message Quantitative Aspects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usage Profiling (a)</td>
<td>What are typical and maximum message payload sizes that must be handled? (maximum, average)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profiling (b)</th>
<th>What are typical communication bandwidth and processing capabilities of an MSH for these Services?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
### Usage Profiling

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(c)</th>
<th>Expected Volume of Message flow (throughput): maximum (peak), average?</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>How many Payload Containers must be present?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>What is the structure and content of each container? [List MIME Content-Types and other process-specific requirements.] Are there restrictions on the MIME types allowed for attachments?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f)</td>
<td>How is each container distinguished from the others? [By a fixed ordering of containers, a fixed Manifest ordering, or specific Content-ID values.] Any expected relative order of attachments of various types?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g)</td>
<td>Is there an agreement that message part filenames must be present in MIME Content-Disposition parameter?</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| Others |

### 5.2.9 Additional Deployment or Operational Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usage Profile Feature</th>
<th>Operational or Deployment Conditions</th>
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<td>Operational or deployment aspects that are object to further requirements or recommendations.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

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5.2.9 Additional Deployment or Operational Requirements

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Usage Profile Feature</th>
<th>Operational or Deployment Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Operational or deployment aspects that are object to further requirements or recommendations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6 Conformance Clauses

This chapter defines five AS4 conformance clauses.

6.1 AS4 ebHandler Conformance Clause

In order to conform to the AS4 ebHandler Profile, an implementation must comply with all normative statements and requirements in Section 2.1.

In particular, it must:

- Observe all requirements stated as such in the Feature Set table of Section 2.1.1.
- Comply with WS-I requirements listed in Section 2.1.2.
- Support the P-Mode parameters as required in Section 2.1.3.

In addition, the implementation must implement the additional features as indicated in Section 3.

Finally, the implementation must support the Usage Rules defined in Section 5.1.

The Usage Agreements in Section 5.2 are not prescriptive, and implementations are free to support any subset of the features described, that are not already mandated in sections 2.1, 3 or 5.1.

6.2 AS4 Light Client Conformance Clause

In order to conform to the AS4 Light Client Profile, an implementation must comply with all normative statements and requirements in Section 2.2.

In particular, it must:

- Observe all requirements stated as such in the Feature Set table of Section 2.2.1.
- Comply with WS-I requirements listed in Section 2.2.2.
- Support the P-Mode parameters as required in Section 2.2.3.

In addition, the implementation must implement the additional features as indicated in Section 3.

Finally, the implementation must support the Usage Rules defined in Section 5.1.

The Usage Agreements in Section 5.2 are not prescriptive, and implementations are free to support any subset of the features described that are not already mandated in sections 2.2, 3 or 5.1.

6.3 AS4 Minimal Client Conformance Clause

In order to conform to the AS4 Minimal Client Profile, an implementation MUST comply with all normative statements and requirements for the AS4 Light Client Conformance Clause stated in Section 6.2, with the exception that support for WS-Security is limited to support for the WS-Security UsernameToken profile [WSS11-UT], to be used for authorization of message pull signals (see section 7.10 in Core Spec).

Support for the WS-Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile 1.1 [WSS11-X509] is not REQUIRED. Clients and servers SHOULD use transport level security for message security for any message exchange.
6.4 AS2/AS4 ebHandler Conformance Clause

In order to conform to the AS2/AS4 ebHandler Profile, an implementation MUST, in addition to supporting AS4 message exchanges that comply with all normative statements and requirements specified in section 6.1, also conform to the EDIINT Applicability Statement 2 (AS2, [RFC4130]).

6.5 AS4 Multi-Hop Endpoint Conformance Clause

In AS4, support for the multi-hop feature of ebMS 3.0 Part 2 is optional. In order to conform to the AS4 Multi-Hop Endpoint Conformance Clause, an implementation MUST conform to:

- All normative statements and requirements specified in section 4.
- At least one of the other conformance clauses (AS4 ebHandler Conformance Clause, AS4 Light Client Conformance Clause, AS4 Minimal Client Conformance Clause, or the AS2/AS4 ebHandler Conformance Clause).
Appendix A Sample Messages

This appendix contains examples of:

- an AS4 user message;
- AS4 receipts providing Non-Repudiation of Receipt (NRR);
- an AS4 Pull message signal.

Appendix A.1 User Message

The following example contains the SOAP envelope of an AS4 message from a Seller to a Buyer to exchange an electronic invoice document. Both parties are identified using the GS1 global location numbers [GLN] encoded using the ebCore Party Id type notation [ebCorePartyId]. The XML business document is an XML document (only the root element is displayed) based on the version 2.0 UN/CEFACT Cross-Industry Invoice schema [CII], which is contained in the SOAP body. The values of eb:Service and eb:Action adopt the AS4 default values. The message is secured using a WS-Security header, details of which are omitted. In AS4, a SOAP envelope is included in a SOAP-with-attachment container, which is also not shown here.

```xml
<S12:Envelope
 xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
 xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
 xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
 xmlns:eb="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/" >
 <S12:Header>
 <eb:Messaging S12:mustUnderstand="true" id="_9eb9d3c-cef8-4006-ac18-f425c5c7ae3d">
 <eb:UserMessage>
 <eb:MessageInfo>
 <eb:MessageId>2011-921@5209999001264.example.com</eb:MessageId>
 </eb:MessageInfo>
 <eb:PartyInfo>
 <eb:From>
 <eb:PartyId type="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebcore:partyid-type:iso6523:0088" >5209999001264</eb:PartyId>
 <eb:Role>Seller</eb:Role>
 </eb:From>
 <eb:To>
 <eb:PartyId type="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebcore:partyid-type:iso6523:0088" >5209999001295</eb:PartyId>
 <eb:Role>Buyer</eb:Role>
 </eb:To>
 </eb:PartyInfo>
 <eb:CollaborationInfo>
 <eb:Service>http://docs.oasis-open.org/as4/200902/service</eb:Service>
 <eb:Action>http://docs.oasis-open.org/as4/200902/action</eb:Action>
 <eb:ConversationId>2011-921</eb:ConversationId>
 </eb:CollaborationInfo>
 <eb:PayloadInfo>
 <eb:PartInfo href="#_f8aa8b55-b31c-4364-94d0-3615ca65aa40"/>
 </eb:PayloadInfo>
 </eb:UserMessage>
 </eb:Messaging>
 <wsse:Security S12:mustUnderstand="true">
 <!-- Content omitted -->
 </wsse:Security>
 </S12:Header>
 <S12:Body
 xmlns="#_f8aa8b55-b31c-4364-94d0-3615ca65aa40" >
 <CrossIndustryInvoice xmlns="urn:un:unece:uncefact:data:standard:CrossIndustryInvoice:2"/>
 <!-- Content omitted -->
 </CrossIndustryInvoice>
 </S12:Body>
</S12:Envelope>
```
Appendix A.2 Non-Repudiation of Receipt

When the NonRepudiationInformation element is used in a Receipt, it contains a sequence of MessagePartNRInformation items for each message part for which evidence of non repudiation of receipt is being provided. In the normal default usage, these message parts are those that have been signed in the original message. Each message part is described with information defined by an XML Digital Signature Reference information item. The following example illustrates the ebMS V3 Signal Message header.

```
<eb3:Messaging S12:mustUnderstand="true" id="ValueOfMessagingHeader">
  <eb3:SignalMessage>
    <eb3:MessageInfo>
      <eb3:Timestamp>2009-11-06T08:00:09Z</eb3:Timestamp>
      <eb3:MessageId>orderreceipt@seller.com</eb3:MessageId>
      <eb3:RefToMessageId>orders123@buyer.com</eb3:RefToMessageId>
    </eb3:MessageInfo>
    <eb3:Receipt>
      <ebbp:NonRepudiationInformation>
        <ebbp:MessagePartNRInformation>
          <dsig:Reference URI="#5cb44655-5720-4cf4-a772-19cd480b0ad4">
            <dsig:Transforms>
              <dsig:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
            </dsig:Transforms>
            <dsig:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
            <dsig:DigestValue>o9QDCwWSiGVQACEsJH5nkV2a0=</dsig:DigestValue>
          </dsig:Reference>
        </ebbp:MessagePartNRInformation>
        <ebbp:MessagePartNRInformation>
          <dsig:Reference URI="cid:a1d7fdf5-d67e-403a-ad92-3b9deff25d43@buyer.com">
            <dsig:Transforms>
              <dsig:Transform Algorithm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-message-security-1.0#Attachment-Content-Signature-Transform"/>
              <dsig:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"/>
              <dsig:DigestValue>iWNSv2W6SxboYl1PzZDcXaxrw1</dsig:DigestValue>
            </dsig:Transforms>
          </dsig:Reference>
        </ebbp:MessagePartNRInformation>
      </ebbp:NonRepudiationInformation>
    </eb3:Receipt>
  </eb3:SignalMessage>
</eb3:Messaging>
```

For a signed receipt, a Web Services Security header signing over the signal header (and other elements as specified in sections 5.1.4 and 5.1.5 ) is required. An example WS-Security header is as follows:

```
<wss:Security S12:mustUnderstand="true">
  <wss:Timestamp wsu:Id="_1">
    <wss:Created>2009-11-06T08:00:10Z</wss:Created>
    <wss:Expires>2009-11-06T08:50:00Z</wss:Expires>
  </wss:Timestamp>
  <wss:BinarySecurityToken EncodingType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-soap-message-security-1.0#Base64Binary" ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-1.0#X509v3" wsu:Id="_2">WIFiDA3CmgAwIBAgIEOmmitted</wss:BinarySecurityToken>
  <ds:Signature Id="_3">
    <ds:SignedInfo>
      <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
      <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
      <ds:Reference URI="#ValueOfMessagingHeader"/>
    </ds:SignedInfo>
  </ds:Signature>
</wss:Security>
```
Appendix A.3 Pull Request Signal Message

The following example shows an AS4 Pull Request Signal on a particular message partition channel. The message contains two WS-Security headers:

1. The first WS-Security header is targeted to the "ebms" role, and is used for authorization of access to the pull channel. This header is added to the message before the second WS-Security header.

2. A second WS-Security header is used to protect the signal message itself. This header is added to the message after the authorization header, and signs this authorization header, the ebMS Messaging header and the (empty) SOAP Body element.

```xml
<S12:Envelope xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
    xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/"
    xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
    xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd">
  <S12:Header>
    <eb3:Messaging S12:mustUnderstand="true" id='_ebmessaging'>
      <eb3:MessageInfo>
        <eb3:Timestamp>2011-02-19T11:30:11.320Z</eb3:Timestamp>
        <eb3:MessageId>msg123@smallco.example.com</eb3:MessageId>
      </eb3:MessageInfo>
      <eb3:PullRequest mpc="http://as4.bigco.example.com/queues/q_456"/>
    </eb3:Messaging>
  </S12:Header>
  <wsse:Security S12:role="ebms" S12:mustUnderstand="true" wsu:Id="_pullauthorization">
    <wsse:UsernameToken>
      <wsse:Username>smallcoAS4</wsse:Username>
      <wsse:Password Type="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0#PasswordDigest">
        B5twk47KwSrjeg==</wsse:Password>
      </wsse:UsernameToken>
      <wsse:Created>2011-02-19T11:30:11.327Z</wsse:Created>
    </wsse:UsernameToken>
    <wsse:SecurityTokenReference">
      <wsse:Reference URI="#_smallco_cert"/>
    </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
  </wsse:Security>
  <ds:Signature>
    <ds:SignedInfo>
      <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
    </ds:SignedInfo>
    <ds:SignatureValue>rxaP4of8JCpUkOmitted=</ds:SignatureValue>
    <ds:KeyInfo>
      <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
        <wsse:Reference URI="#_pullauthorization"/>
      </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
    </ds:KeyInfo>
    <ds:SignatureValue>xaP4of8JCpUkOmitted=</ds:SignatureValue>
  </ds:Signature>
</S12:Envelope>
```
Appendix B  Generating an AS4 Receipt

The following XSLT 1.0 stylesheet generates an AS4 Receipt message from an AS4 message, as specified in section 4.4. The stylesheet supports processing signed messages for which the Pmode[1].Security.SendReceipt.NonRepudiation is set to true. It could be used in an AS4 MSH after a WS-Security module has verified the wsse:Security header in the user message, allowing the reuse of ds:Reference elements in the user message in the AS4 Receipt. Note that this section is non-normative: AS4 implementations are not required to use this (or any other) XSLT stylesheet to generate receipts for user messages.

The stylesheet handles both the peer-to-peer, direct exchange (based on AS4 profiling of [ebMS3CORE]) and indirect exchange through an I-Cloud (based on AS4 profiling of [ebMS3ADV]). The generation of ebint:RoutingInput structures supports default MPC values in the user messages.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet
 xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
 xmlns:S12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
 xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
 xmlns:ebint="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/multihop/200902/"
 xmlns:wsse="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
 xmlns:eb3="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/"
 xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
 xmlns:ebbp="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-bp/ebbp-signals-2.0"
 xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
 version="1.0" >

<xsl:output method="xml" indent="yes"/>

<xsl:param name="messageid">messageid</xsl:param>
<xsl:param name="timestamp">2011-03-23T19:43:11.735Z</xsl:param>

<xsl:template match="S12:Envelope">
  <S12:Envelope>
    <xsl:apply-templates />
  </S12:Envelope>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="S12:Header">
  <S12:Header>
    <xsl:apply-templates select="eb3:Messaging" />
  </S12:Header>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="S12:Body">
  <S12:Body wsu:Id="{generate-id()}"/>
</xsl:template>

  <xsl:variable name="mpc">
    <xsl:choose>
      <xsl:when test="descendant::eb3:UserMessage[1]/@mpc">
        <xsl:value-of select="descendant::eb3:UserMessage[1]/@mpc"/>
      </xsl:when>
      <xsl:otherwise>http://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-msg/ebms/v3.0/ns/core/200704/defaultMPC</xsl:otherwise>
    </xsl:choose>
  </xsl:variable>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="eb3:Messaging[eb3:RoutingInput]">
  <eb3:RoutingInput wsu:Id="{concat('_eb-routinginput_',generate-id())}" S12:mustUnderstand="true"/>
</xsl:template>

  <eb3:UserMessage mpc="{concat($mpc,'.receipt')}"/>
</xsl:template>

</xsl:stylesheet>
```
Appendix C  Acknowledgments

The following individuals were members of the committee during the development of this specification or of a previous version of it:

- Timothy Bennett, Drummond Group Inc. <timothy@drummondgroup.com>
- Jacques Durand, Fujitsu America Inc. <jdurand@us.fujitsu.com>
- Richard Emery, Axway Software <remery@us.axway.com>
- Ian Jones, British Telecommunications plc <ian.c.jones@bt.com>
- Sander Fieten, Individual <sander@fieten-it.com>
- Theo Kramer, Flame Computing Enterprises <theo@flame.co.za>
- Dale Moberg, Axway Software <dmoberg@axway.com>
- Makesh Rao, Cisco Systems, Inc. <marao@cisco.com>
- Pim van der Eijk, Sonnenglanz Consulting <pvde@sonnenglanz.net>
- John Voss, Cisco Systems, Inc. <jovoss@cisco.com>
## Appendix D  Revision History

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Rev</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>By Whom</th>
<th>What</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25 Jul 2008</td>
<td>J. Durand / T. Bennett</td>
<td>Initial draft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rev 02</td>
<td>28 Oct 2008</td>
<td>J. Durand</td>
<td>candidate CD draft</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rev 03</td>
<td>15 Feb 2009</td>
<td>J. Durand</td>
<td>Various edits, updates on Receipts, Message samples.</td>
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<tr>
<td>CD 2</td>
<td>10/03/09</td>
<td>J. Durand</td>
<td>CD 2 draft for PR</td>
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<tr>
<td>CS 01</td>
<td>04/24/10</td>
<td>J. Durand</td>
<td>Document voted Committee Specification 01</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rev 06</td>
<td>02/22/11</td>
<td>J. Durand / P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>CSD 3 draft for PR: Many minor editorial updates and clarifications; updated references; new sections 2.2.3 and A.2.</td>
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<td>WD 8</td>
<td>03/28/11</td>
<td>J. Durand / T. Kramer</td>
<td>Follow-up on Theo comments; normalized PMode name as &quot;P-Mode&quot;, when in plain text. 2.1.3.1 and 2.2.3.1: made support &quot;required&quot; for PMode.ID and PMode.agreement (meaning an implementation must be able to use this Pmode value - if present - to fill-in the related message header element.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>WD 9</td>
<td>04/04/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Updated revision history and frontpage; suppressed line numbering in footers. Renamed some references to ebMS3 to &quot;ebMS3 Core&quot;. New optional profiling of the ebMS3, Part 2 multi-hop feature; New sample user message in appendix A. New Appendix B, Generating an AS4 Receipt. In Acknowledgments, names are ordered alphabetically by last name.</td>
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<tr>
<td>WD 10</td>
<td>04/11/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Improved language in section 4 (comment made by Theo), A.1 and B. In sample user message, added an id attribute to eb:Messageing (as it would need one to be signed). Appendix A.3, fixed a hash value. (The values are illustrative only but should be different).</td>
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<td>WD 11</td>
<td>04/12/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Improved sample message (added missing S12:mustUnderstand attribute). Removed requirement to pass receipts to applications.</td>
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<td>04/20/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Fixed bad reference in 6.5</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Fixed two affiliations</td>
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<tr>
<td>WD 13 / WD 14</td>
<td>04/22/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Fixed citations and front matter.</td>
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<tr>
<td>WD 15</td>
<td>05/09/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Update for message format of receipts for unsigned messages, supporting “reception awareness”.</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Section 3.2 added clarification that reception awareness requires sending of receipts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WD 16</td>
<td>05/16/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk / Jacques Durand</td>
<td>Discussion of receipts for messages without PayloadInfo.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fixed some section reference numbers and missing references. Many minor textual improvements.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Part 2 profiling as “complementary” to a “primary” profiling of Part 1.</td>
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<tr>
<td>WD 17</td>
<td>05/18/11</td>
<td>P. van der Eijk</td>
<td>Simplified Encryption, ebMS header is never encrypted (section 5.1.6 )</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Added note on “id” attribute in section 5.1.4.</td>
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