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This specification is related to:

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* *STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 2: STIX Objects*. Edited by Rich Piazza, John Wunder, and Bret Jordan. Latest version: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/cti/stix/v2.0/stix-v2.0-part2-stix-objects.html>.
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* *STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 4: Cyber Observable Objects*. Edited by Ivan Kirillov and Trey Darley. Latest version: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/cti/stix/v2.0/stix-v2.0-part4-cyber-observable-objects.html>.
* *STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 5: STIX Patterning*. Edited by Ivan Kirillov and Trey Darley. Latest version: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/cti/stix/v2.0/stix-v2.0-part5-stix-patterning.html>.

Abstract:

Trusted Automated eXchange of Intelligence Information (TAXII™) is an application layer protocol for the communication of cyber threat information in a simple and scalable manner. This specification defines the TAXII RESTful API and its resources along with the requirements for TAXII Client and Server implementations.

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# Introduction

TAXII™ is an application layer protocol for the communication of cyber threat information in a simple and scalable manner. This specification defines the TAXII RESTful API and its resources along with the requirements for TAXII Client and Server implementations.

### IPR Policy

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## Terminology

The key words “**MUST**”, “**MUST NOT**”, “**REQUIRED**”, “**SHALL**”, “**SHALL NOT**”, “**SHOULD**”, “**SHOULD NOT**”, “**RECOMMENDED**”, “**MAY**”, and “**OPTIONAL**” in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#m6xfm7mdrdha)].

All text is normative except for examples, the overview (section [1.4](#_g6vzg6qixpic)), and any text marked non-normative.

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## Document Conventions

### Naming Conventions

All type names, property names and literals are in lowercase. Words in property names are separated with an underscore (\_), while words in type names and string enumerations are separated with a dash (-). All type names, property names, object names, and vocabulary terms are between three and 250 characters long.

### Font Colors and Style

The following color, font and font style conventions are used in this document:

* The Consolas font is used for all type names, property names and literals.
	+ resource and type names are in red with a light red background – collection
	+ property names are in bold style – **description**
	+ parameter names in URLs are stylized with angled brackets - <**api-root>**
	+ literals (values) are in blue with a blue background – complete
* All examples in this document are expressed in JSON. They are in Consolas 9-point font, with straight quotes, black text and a light grey background, and 2-space indentation.
* Parts of the example may be omitted for conciseness and clarity. These omitted parts are denoted with ellipses (...).

## Overview

Trusted Automated Exchange of Intelligence Information (TAXII) is an application layer protocol used to exchange cyber threat intelligence (CTI) over HTTPS. TAXII enables organizations to share CTI by defining an API that aligns with common sharing models. Specifically, TAXII defines two primary services, Collections and Channels, to support a variety of commonly-used sharing models. Collections allow a producer to host a set of CTI data that can be requested by consumers. Channels allow producers to push data to many consumers; and allow consumers to receive data from many producers. Collections and Channels can be organized by grouping them into an API Root to support the needs of a particular trust group or to organize them in some other way. *Note*: This version of the TAXII specification reserves the keywords required for Channels but does **not** specify Channel services. Channels and their services will be defined in a subsequent version of this specification.

TAXII is specifically designed to support the exchange of CTI represented in STIX. As such, the examples and some features in the specification are intended to align with STIX. This does not mean TAXII cannot be used to share data in other formats; it is designed for STIX, but is not limited to STIX.

### Discovery

This specification defines two discovery methods. The first is a network level discovery that uses a DNS SRV record [[RFC2782](#bte6i4qgx8ch)]. This DNS SRV record can be used to advertise the location of a TAXII Server within a network (e.g., so that TAXII-enabled security infrastructure can automatically locate an organization's internal TAXII Server) or to the general Internet. See section [3.9](#_xkiz3sryjgjy) for complete information on advertising TAXII Servers in DNS.

The second discovery method is a Discovery Endpoint (this specification uses the term Endpoint to identify a URL and an HTTP method with a defined request and response) that enables authorized clients to obtain information about a TAXII Server and get a list of API Roots. See section [4.1](#_q0a03pfr5x7n) for complete information on the Discovery Endpoint.

### API Roots

API Roots are logical groupings of TAXII Channels, Collections, and related functionality. A TAXII server instance can support one or more API Roots. API Roots can be thought of as instances of the TAXII API available at different URLs, where each API Root is the "root" URL of that particular instance of the TAXII API. Organizing the Channels and Collections into API Roots allows for a division of content and access control by trust group or any other logical grouping. For example, a single TAXII Server could host multiple API Roots - one API Root for Channels and Collections used by Sharing Group A and another API Root for Channels and Collections used by Sharing Group B.

Each API Root contains a set of Endpoints that a TAXII Client contacts in order to interact with the TAXII Server. This interaction can take several forms:

* Server Discovery, as described above, can be used to learn about the API Roots hosted by a TAXII Server.
* Each API Root might support zero or more Collections. Interactions with Collections include discovering the type of CTI contained in that Collection, pushing new CTI to that Collection, and/or retrieving CTI from that Collection. Each piece of CTI content in a Collection is referred to as an Object.
* Each API Root might host zero or more Channels.
* Each API Root also allows TAXII Clients to check on the Status of certain types of requests to the TAXII Server. For example, if a TAXII Client submitted new CTI, a Status request can allow the Client to check on whether the new CTI was accepted.

Figure 1.1 summarizes the relationships between the components of an API Root.

Figure .1



### Endpoints

An Endpoint consists of a specific URL and HTTP Method on a TAXII Server that a TAXII Client can contact to engage in one, specific type of TAXII exchange. For example, each Collection on a TAXII Server has an Endpoint that can be used to get information about it; TAXII Clients can contact the Collection’s Endpoint to request a description of that Collection. A separate Endpoint is used for the TAXII Client to collect a manifest of that Collection’s Content. Yet another Endpoint is used to get objects from the Collection and, at the same URL, a POST can be used to add objects to the collection. The Endpoints supported by a TAXII Server are summarized in section [3.1](#_on5bbeus95hi) [a](#_on5bbeus95hi)n[d](#_on5bbeus95hi) [f](#_on5bbeus95hi)u[l](#_on5bbeus95hi)l[y](#_on5bbeus95hi) [d](#_on5bbeus95hi)e[f](#_on5bbeus95hi)i[n](#_on5bbeus95hi)e[d](#_on5bbeus95hi) [i](#_on5bbeus95hi)n sections [4](#_esajpdlxor7i), [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc), and [6](#_ajzyjryzbne1).

### Collections

A TAXII Collection is an interface to a logical repository of CTI objects provided by a TAXII Server and is used by TAXII Clients to send information to the TAXII Server or request information from the TAXII Server. A TAXII Server can host multiple Collections per API Root, and Collections are used to exchange information in a request–response manner.

Figure 1.2 below illustrates how Collection based communications are used when a single TAXII Client makes a request to a TAXII Server and the TAXII Server fulfills that request with information available to the TAXII Server (nominally from a database).

### Channels

A TAXII Channel is maintained by a TAXII Server and enables TAXII Clients to exchange information with other TAXII Clients in a publish-subscribe model. TAXII Clients can publish messages to Channels and subscribe to Channels to receive published messages. A TAXII Server may host multiple Channels per API Root.

Figure 1.3 below illustrates how Channel communications are used when a single authorized TAXII Client sends a message to the TAXII Server, and that TAXII Server then distributes the message to all authorized TAXII Clients that are connected to the Channel.

 Figure 1.2 Figure 1.3

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|  |

### Transport

The TAXII protocol defined in this specification uses HTTPS (HTTP over TLS) as the transport for all communications.

### Content Negotiation

This specification uses HTTP content negotiation [[RFC7231](#o3goampoulbe)]. The STIX 2.0 and TAXII 2.0 media types are defined in the following table.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Media Type** | **Description** |
| application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json | Any version of TAXII in JSON |
| application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0  | TAXII version 2.0 in JSON |
| application/vnd.oasis.stix+json | Any version of STIX in JSON |
| application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0 | STIX version 2.0 in JSON |

### Authentication and Authorization

Access control to an instance of the TAXII API is expected to be specific to the sharing community, vendor, or product and is not defined by this specification.

Authentication and Authorization in TAXII is implemented as defined in [[RFC7235](#ybriqzbmdopa)], using the Authorization and WWW-Authenticate HTTP headers respectively.

HTTP Basic authentication, as defined in [[RFC7617](#vde58tur741j)] is the mandatory to implement authentication scheme in TAXII. As specified in sections [8.2.2](#_gygtg7mt1jza) and [8.5.1](#_9qk2tpsyb8e3), TAXII Servers and Clients are required to implement support for HTTP Basic, though other authentication schemes can also be supported. Implementers can allow operators to disable the use of HTTP Basic in their operations.

If the TAXII Server receives a request for any Endpoint that requires authentication, regardless of HTTP method, and either an acceptable Authorization header that grants the client access to that object is not sent with the request or the TAXII Server does not determine via alternate means that the client is authorized to access the resource, the TAXII Server responds with a HTTP 401 (Unauthorized) status code and a WWW-Authenticate HTTP header.

The WWW-Authenticate header contains one or more challenges, which define which authentication schemes are supported by the TAXII Server. The format of the WWW-Authenticate HTTP header and any challenges are defined in [[RFC7235](#ybriqzbmdopa)]. To ensure compatibility, it is recommended that any authentication schemes used in challenges be registered in the IANA Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Authentication Scheme Registry [[HTTP Auth](#1jb1x0wn137h)].

A TAXII Server may omit objects, information, or optional fields from any response if the authenticated client is not authorized to receive them, so long as that omission does not violate this specification.

### STIX and Other Content

TAXII is designed with STIX in mind and support for exchanging STIX 2.0 [[*STIX*](#RelatedWork)[*™*](#lq5lkamlx4vg) [*Version 2.0. Part 1: STIX Core Concepts*](#RelatedWork)] content is mandatory to implement. Additional content types are permitted, but specific requirements for STIX are present throughout the document. See section [3.7](#_2njtsnfo6dhz) for more details.

# Data Types

This section defines the names and permitted values of common types used throughout this specification. These types are referenced by the “Type” column in other sections. This table does not, however, define the meaning of any fields using these types. These types may be further restricted elsewhere in the document.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type** | **Description** |
| api-root | An API Root Resource, see section [4.2.1](#_3n5r3cjoheja). |
| boolean | A boolean is a value of either true or false. Properties with this type MUST have a literal (unquoted) value of true or false. |
| bundle | A STIX Bundle, see section 5 of [*STIX™*](#lq5lkamlx4vg) [*Version 2.0. Part 1: STIX Core Concepts*](#RelatedWork). |
| collection | A Collection Resource, see section [5.2.1](#_868250i2vzaz). |
| collections | A Collections Resource, see section [5.1.1](#_tuwdlrft3p44). |
| dictionary | A dictionary is a JSON object that captures an arbitrary set of key/value pairs. |
| discovery | A Discovery Resource, see section [4.1.1](#_cnwttwtm2b4k). |
| error | An Error Message, see section [3.6.1](#_xk0ieev25bnn). |
| identifier | An identifier is an RFC 4122-compliant Version 4 UUID. The UUID **MUST** be generated according to the algorithm(s) defined in RFC 4122, section 4.4 (Version 4 UUID) [[RFC4122](#dlnoxmeb3ux0)]. |
| integer | The integer data type represents a whole number. Unless otherwise specified, all integers **MUST** be capable of being represented as a signed 64-bit value. Additional restrictions **MAY** be placed on the type where it is used. |
| list | The list type defines a sequence of values ordered based on how they appear in the list. The phrasing “list of type <type>” is used to indicate that all values within the list **MUST** conform to the specified type. For instance, list of type integer means that all values of the list must be of the integer type. This specification does not specify the maximum number of allowed values in a list, however every instance of a list **MUST** have at least one value. Specific TAXII resource properties may define more restrictive upper and/or lower bounds for the length of the list.Empty lists are prohibited in TAXII and **MUST NOT** be used as a substitute for omitting optional properties. If the property is required, the list **MUST** be present and **MUST** have at least one value.The JSON MTI serialization uses the JSON array type [[RFC7159](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1u11fNxZZj8yYXhwTwMpRTMeJw4iYtAxQZEiRA2XHM8U/edit#bookmark=id.mmt4e4p953r5)], which is an ordered list of zero or more values. |
| manifest | A Manifest Resource, see section [5.6.1](#_1e8i1z1cmxi8). |
| object | An Object Resource, see section [3.7](#_2njtsnfo6dhz). |
| status | A Status Resource, see section [4.3.1](#_21tzry6u9dbz). |
| string | The string data type represents a finite-length string of valid characters from the Unicode coded character set [[ISO10646](#kix.eor7wuifg8us)] that are encoded in UTF-8. Unicode incorporates ASCII [[RFC0020](#kix.nptgsiph1u6g)] and the characters of many other international character sets.  |
| timestamp | The timestamp type defines how timestamps are represented in TAXII and is represented in serialization as a string. * The timestamp field MUST be a valid RFC 3339-formatted timestamp [[RFC3339](#kix.dxm6kbk8toqp)] using the format YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.[s+]Z where the “s+” represents 1 or more sub-second values. The brackets denote that sub-second precision is optional, and that if no digits are provided, the decimal place MUST NOT be present.
* The timestamp **MUST** be represented in the UTC timezone and **MUST** use the “Z” designation to indicate this.
 |

# TAXII™ API - Core Concepts

The TAXII API is described as sets of Endpoints. Each Endpoint is identified by the URL that it is accessible at and the HTTP method that is used to make the request. For example, the "Get Collections" Endpoint is requested by issuing a GET to `<api-root>/collections/`. Each Endpoint identifies its URL, which parameters it accepts (including both path parameters and standard parameters), which features it supports (e.g. filtering, pagination), and which content types it defines on request and response. It also identifies common error conditions and provides guidance on how to use the Endpoint.

This section defines behavior that applies across Endpoints, such as normative requirements to support each Endpoint, sorting, pagination, filtering, and error handling.

## Endpoints

Sections [4](#_esajpdlxor7i), [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc) and [6](#_ajzyjryzbne1) define the set of TAXII Endpoints used in the TAXII API. The following normative requirements apply to each Endpoint:

* All TAXII requests **MUST** include a media range in the Accept header. Requests for TAXII or STIX content **MUST** use the values from section [1.4.7](#_vwl52ujjvbnw) and **SHOULD** include the version parameter.
* All TAXII responses **MUST** include the appropriate media type and version parameter in the Content-Type header as defined for that Endpoint.
* TAXII responses **SHOULD** be the highest version of content (e.g., TAXII, STIX) that the server supports if the version parameter in the Accept header is omitted during content negotiation.
* TAXII responses with an HTTP success code (200 series) that permit a response body **MUST** include the appropriate response body for the specified content type as identified in the definition of that Endpoint.
* TAXII responses with an HTTP error code (400-series and 500-series status codes, defined by sections 6.5 and 6.6 of [[RFC7231](#o3goampoulbe)]) that permit a response body (i.e. are not in response to a HEAD request) **MUST** contain an error message (see section [3.6.1](#_xk0ieev25bnn)) in the response body.
* Requests with media types in the Accept and/or Content-Type headers that are defined for that Endpoint **MUST NOT** result in an HTTP 406 (Not Acceptable) or HTTP 415 (Unacceptable Media Type) response.
* Requests with media types in the Accept and/or Content-Type headers that are not defined for that Endpoint **MAY** be satisfied with the appropriate content or **MAY** result in an HTTP 406 (Not Acceptable) or HTTP 415 (Unacceptable Media Type) response.
* TAXII responses from Endpoints that support pagination and include items as a requested range unit MUST comply with the normative requirements in section [3.4](#_tvfy419udzxi) and MUST respond with an appropriate 200, 206, or 416 response per the HTTP specification [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)].
* TAXII responses to Endpoints that support filtering **MUST** filter results per the requirements in section [3.5](#_w16tj2673s8q).

The following table provides a summary of the Endpoints (URLs and HTTP Methods) defined by TAXII and the Resources they operate on.

| **URL** | **Methods** | **Resource Type (section** [**2**](#_1fev7l7zi12l)**)** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Core Concepts (section** [**4**](#_esajpdlxor7i)**)** |  |  |
| /taxii/ | GET | discovery |
| **<api-root>** | GET | api |
| **<api-root>**/status/**<status-id>**/ | GET | status |
| **Collections (section** [**5**](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc)**)** |  |  |
| **<api-root>**/collections/ | GET | collections |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<id>**/ | GET | collection |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<id>**/objects/ | GET, POST | object\* |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<id>**/objects/**<object-id>**/ | GET | object\* |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<id>**/manifest/ | GET | manifest |
| **Channels (section** [**6**](#_ajzyjryzbne1)**)** |  |  |
| <TBD in a future version> |  |  |

*\* The actual format of objects is dependent on HTTP Content negotiation, as discussed in section* [*1.4.7*](#_vwl52ujjvbnw)

## HTTP Headers

This section summarizes the HTTP headers and defines custom headers used by this specification.

| **Type** | **Description** |
| --- | --- |
| **Standard Headers** |  |
| Accept | The Accept header is used by HTTP Requests to specify which Content-Types are acceptable in response. STIX and TAXII define media types that can be used in the Accept header in section [1.4.7](#_vwl52ujjvbnw). See section 5.3.2 of [[RFC7231](#o3goampoulbe)]. |
| Accept-Ranges | The Accept-Ranges header is used by HTTP Responses to specify its acceptance of range requests for a resource. See section 2.3 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)]. |
| Authorization | The Authorization header is used by HTTP Requests to specify authentication credentials. See section 4.2 of [[RFC7235](#ybriqzbmdopa)]. |
| Content-Range | The Content-Range header is used by HTTP to identify which subrange(s) of a resource are contained in an HTTP 206 (Partial Content) response. See section 4.2 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)].  |
| Content-Type | The Content-Type header is used by HTTP to identify the format of HTTP Requests and HTTP Responses. STIX and TAXII define media types that can be used in the Content-Type header in section [1.4.7](#_vwl52ujjvbnw). See section 3.1.1.5 of [[RFC7231](#o3goampoulbe)]. |
| Range | The Range header is used by HTTP to request a subrange of a resource. TAXII uses the Range header, and related headers, to perform pagination. See section 3.1 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)]. |
| WWW-Authenticate | The WWW-Authenticate header is used by HTTP Responses to indicate that authentication is required and to specify the authentication schemes and parameters that are supported. See section 4.1 of [[RFC7235](#ybriqzbmdopa)]. |
| **Custom Headers** |  |
| X-TAXII-Date-Added-First | The X-TAXII-Date-Added-First header is an extension header. It indicates the **date\_added** timestamp of the first object of the response. The value of this header **MUST** be a timestamp. All HTTP 200 and 206 responses to the following Endpoints **MUST** include the X-TAXII-Date-Added-First header:* GET <api-root>/collections/objects/
* GET <api-root>/collections/manifest/
 |
| X-TAXII-Date-Added-Last | The X-TAXII-Date-Added-Last header is an extension header. It indicates the **date\_added** timestamp of the last object of the response. The value of this header **MUST** be a timestamp. All HTTP 200 and 206 responses to the following Endpoints **MUST** include the X-TAXII-Date-Added-Last header:* GET <api-root>/collections/objects/
* GET <api-root>/collections/manifest/
 |

## Sorting

For the Collection and Manifest Endpoints, objects **MUST** be sorted in ascending order by the date the object first appeared in the TAXII Collection (i.e., the added date). The most recently added object is last in the list.

For the Object Search Endpoint, objects **MUST** be sorted in ascending order by the date the object first appeared in object search (i.e., the added date). If an object would appear multiple times (for instance, a single object was added to different Collections at different times), subsequent appearances of that object **MUST** be omitted from the result.

For the Collections Endpoint, Collections **MUST** be sorted and **MAY** be sorted in any order. Pagination requires a consistent sort order, and therefore multiple responses from the same endpoint need to be sorted in a consistent manner. Sort order **MUST** be consistent across responses.

## Pagination

Pagination is a feature that is used to break up result sets over multiple request/response pairs. TAXII uses HTTP's Range and Content-Range headers, and defines the items range unit, to perform pagination as defined in section 2 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)]. items is the mandatory to implement range unit for TAXII. Other range units MAY be implemented by clients and servers.

### Object and Collection Ranges

The items range unit is defined for expressing subranges of a resource [[HTTP 7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)]. For the Endpoints that return object, items represents objects. For the Endpoints that return collections, items represents Collections.

The first items value in the Range and Content-Range headers gives the first item in a range. The last items value in the Range and Content-Range headers gives the last item in the range; that is, items ranges specified are inclusive. items are zero-indexed; that is, the first item is object zero. A Content-Range header will have a third value that identifies the size of the available dataset.

For example:

* If the Range header contains "items 10-49", "10" represents the first item requested; and "49" represents the last item requested.
* if the Content-Range header contains "items 10-49/500", "10" represents the first object in the response; "49" represents the last object in the response; and "500" represents the total number of items available.

All items values **MUST** be:

* a non-negative integer
* zero indexed (i.e., the first object is object "0")

### Requirements

The following requirements only apply to items based range requests (aka pagination).

* The Accept-Ranges header allows a server to indicate that it supports range requests for the target resource [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)] as well as which range units are supported.
* For resources where items-based pagination is supported, and where the Accept-Ranges header is present, the Accept-Ranges header **MUST** contain items as an acceptable range. The Accept-Ranges header **MAY** contain other acceptable ranges, if the server supports them.
* Requests **MAY** use the Range header to request a subset of data that would otherwise be returned.
* As defined in the HTTP specification, HTTP 206 (Partial Content) [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)] responses include a Content-Range header, even if the entire resource is contained in the response.
* As defined in the HTTP specification, if the requested Range cannot be satisfied, an HTTP 416 (Requested Range Not Satisfiable) [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)] response is used.
	+ For example, if a range requests items 500-600, but only 0-100 are available, an HTTP 416 (Requested Range Not Satisfiable) is used.
* An HTTP 206 (Partial Content) response with a Content-Range header **MAY** be returned even if the original request did not have a Range header.
	+ Note that this is a deviation from the HTTP specification, which indicates that HTTP 206 responses are only permitted when the Range header is present in the request.
* Responses to requests with a Range header **SHOULD** contain only the requested range and **MAY** include a range smaller than what was requested.
* TAXII follows standard HTTP rules for the Content-Range and Range headers, with the exception of allowing a 206 response to a request without a Range header:
	+ The 206 (Partial Content) status code indicates that the server is successfully fulfilling a range request for the target resource see section 4.1 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)]
	+ If a single part is being transferred, the server generating the 206 response **MUST** generate a Content-Range header field, describing what range of the selected representation is enclosed, and a payload consisting of the range. See section 4.2 of [[RFC7233](#7g7s1l7zvazm)].

NOTE: The total number of items available in a result may change with each request for a new page in the paginated result set. This can happen if items have been added or deleted between subsequent requests.

### Endpoints Supporting Pagination

The following URL Endpoints support Pagination.

* GET <api-root>/collections/ - see section [5.1](#_g5nhvit9iwpo).
* GET <api-root>/collections/<name>/objects/ - see section [5.3](#_xlss9yvcfjov).
* GET <api-root>/collections/<name>/manifest/ - see section [5.6](#_4jiwyx7i0uyw).

**Examples**

*Client makes a request with no Range header and server returns all results, no pagination.*

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request* GET .../collections/my-collection/objects/?added\_after=2016-02-01T00:00:01.000Z HTTP/1.1Accept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*Get Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OkContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0 |

*Client makes a request for items 0-49 (50 items) and the server responds with 0-49.*

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request* GET .../collections/my-collection/objects/?added\_after=2016-02-01T00:00:01.000Z HTTP/1.1Range: items 0-49Accept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 206 Partial ContentContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0X-TAXII-Date-Added-First=2016-02-21T05:01:01.000ZX-TAXII-Date-Added-Last=2016-02-21T12:01:01.000ZContent-Range: items 0-49/500 |

*Client makes a request for items 0-999 (1000 items) and the server responds with 0-49 (50 items).*

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request* GET .../collections/my-collection/objects/?added\_after=2016-02-01T00:00:01.000Z HTTP/1.1Range: items 0-999Accept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 206 Partial ContentContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0X-TAXII-Date-Added-First=2016-02-21T05:01:01.000ZX-TAXII-Date-Added-Last=2016-02-21T12:01:01.000ZContent-Range: items 0-49/500 |

*Client makes a request with no Range header and server responds with pagination. This example shows the first and second requests in this series. Note: the client needs to add the "Range" header to the second request.*

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request 1*GET .../collections/my-collection/objects/?added\_after=2016-02-01T00:00:01.000Z HTTP/1.1Accept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response 1*HTTP/1.1 206 Partial ContentContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0X-TAXII-Date-Added-First=2016-02-21T05:01:01.000ZX-TAXII-Date-Added-Last=2016-02-21T12:01:01.000ZContent-Range: items 0-99/500*GET Request 2*GET .../collections/my-collection/objects/?added\_after=2016-02-01T00:00:01.000Z HTTP/1.1Range: items 100-199Accept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response 2*HTTP/1.1 206 Partial ContentContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0X-TAXII-Date-Added-First=2016-02-21T05:01:01.000ZX-TAXII-Date-Added-Last=2016-02-21T12:01:01.000ZContent-Range: items 100-199/500 |

## Filtering

This section defines the URL parameters used for matching and filtering content. A TAXII Client may request specific content from a TAXII Server by specifying a set of filters included in the request to the server. The match parameter specifies what to **include** in the response from the TAXII Server. If no match parameter is specified then the TAXII Client is requesting all content be returned for that Endpoint.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **URL Parameters** | **Description** |
| added\_after | A timestamp that filters objects to only include those added to the Channel or Collection after the specified timestamp. The value of this parameter is a timestamp.The added\_after parameter is not in any way related to dates or times in a STIX object or any other CTI object.*Note: The HTTP Date header can be used to identify and correct any time skew between client and server.* |
| match[<field>] | The match parameter defines filtering on the specified <field>. The list of fields that must be supported is defined per Endpoint as defined in sections [4](#_esajpdlxor7i), [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc), and [6](#_ajzyjryzbne1). The match parameter can be specified any number of times, where each match instance specifies an additional filter to be applied to the resulting data. Said another way, all match fields are ANDed together. All <field> parameters are defined in this table. Requests **MAY** use a <field> not defined in this specification, and servers **MAY** ignore fields they do not understand.Each <field> **MUST NOT** occur more than once in a request.Each match MAY contain one or more values. Multiple values are separated by a comma (U+002C COMMA, “,”) without any spaces. If multiple values are present, the match is treated as a logical OR. For instance, ?match[type]=incident,ttp specifies a filter for objects that are of type incident OR ttp.**Examples**?match[type]=incident,ttp,actor?match[type]=incident&match[version]=2016-01-01T01:01:01.000Z |

### Supported Fields for Match

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Match Field** | **Description** |
| id | The identifier of the object(s) that are being requested. When searching for a STIX Object, this is a STIX ID. **Examples**?match[id]=indicator--3600ad1b-fff1-4c98-bcc9-4de3bc2e2ffb?match[id]=indicator--3600ad1b-fff1-4c98-bcc9-4de3bc2e2ffb,sighting--4600ad1b-fff1-4c58-bcc9-4de3bc5e2ffd |
| type | The type of the object(s) that are being requested. Only the types listed in this parameter are permitted in the response.Requests for types defined in [[STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 2: STIX ObjectsSTIX 2.0](#RelatedWork)] **MUST NOT** result in an error due to an invalid type.Requests for other types not defined in [[STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 2: STIX ObjectsSTIX 2.0](#RelatedWork)] **MAY** be fulfilled.**Examples**?match[type]=indicator?match[type]=indicator,sighting |
| version | The version of the object(s) that are being requested. If no version parameter is provided, the server **MUST** return the latest version of the object.Valid values for the version parameter are:* last - requests the latest version of an object. This is the default parameter value.
* first - requests the earliest version of an object
* all - requests all versions of an object
* <value> - requests a specific version of an object.
	+ For STIX objects this requests objects whose modified time matches exactly the provided value. This value **MUST** follow the rules for timestamp as defined in [[STIX™ Version 2.0. Part 1: STIX Core Concepts](#RelatedWork)].
	+ For example: "2016-01-01T01:01:01.000Z" tells the server to give you the exact STIX object with a modified time of "2016-01-01T01:01:01.000Z".
	+ For non-STIX objects this value **MAY** be any string that represents the version of that object type. If the target format does not support object versions, this parameter **MUST** be ignored.
 |

## Errors

TAXII primarily relies on the standard HTTP error semantics (400-series and 500-series status codes, defined by sections 6.5 and 6.6 of [[RFC7231](#o3goampoulbe)]) to allow TAXII Servers to indicate when an error has occurred. For example, an HTTP 404 (Not Found) status code in response to a request to get information about a Collection means that the Collection could not be found. The tables defining the Endpoints in sections [4](#_q0a03pfr5x7n) and [5](#_g5nhvit9iwpo) identify common errors and which response should be used, but are not exhaustive and do not describe all possible errors.

In addition to this, TAXII defines an error message structure that is provided in the response body when an error status is being returned. It does not, however, define any error codes or error conditions beyond those defined by HTTP.

### Error Message

**Message Name:** error

The error message is provided by TAXII Servers in the response body when returning an HTTP error status and contains more information describing the error, including a human-readable **title** and **description**, an **error\_code** and **error\_id**, and a **details** structure to capture further structured information about the error. All of the fields are application-specific and clients shouldn't assume consistent meaning across TAXII Servers even if the codes, IDs, or titles are the same.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **title** (required) | string | A human readable plain text title for this error. |
| **description** (optional) | string | A human readable plain text description that gives details about the error or problem that was encountered by the application. |
| **error\_id** (optional) | string | An identifier for this particular error instance. A TAXII Server might choose to assign each error occurrence it's own identifier in order to facilitate debugging. |
| **error\_code** (optional) | string | The error code for this error type. A TAXII Server might choose to assign a common error code to all errors of the same type. Error codes are application-specific and not intended to be meaningful across different TAXII Servers. |
| **http\_status** (optional) | string | The HTTP status code applicable to this error. |
| **external\_details** (optional) | string | A URL that points to additional details. For example, this could be a URL pointing to a knowledge base article describing the error code. Absence of this field indicates that there are no additional details. |
| **details** (optional) | dictionary | The details property captures additional server-specific details about the error. The keys and values are determined by the TAXII Server and **MAY** be any valid JSON object structure. |

**Examples**

{

 "title": "Error condition XYZ",

 "description": "This error is caused when the application tries to access data...",

 "error\_id": "1234",

 "error\_code": "581234",

 "http\_status": "409",

 "external\_details": "http://example.com/ticketnumber1/errorid-1234",

 "details": {

 "somekey1": "somevalue",

 "somekey2": "some other value"

 }

}

## Object Resource

**Resource Name:** object

This resource type is negotiated based on the media type. This specification does not define any form of content wrapper for objects. Instead, objects are the direct payload of HTTP messages.

When returning STIX 2 content (the Content-Type header contains application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0) in a TAXII response, the root object **MUST** be a STIX bundle per section 5 of [*STIX™*](#lq5lkamlx4vg) [*Version 2.0. Part 1: STIX Core Concepts*](#RelatedWork). For example:

* A single indicator in response to a request for an indicator by ID is enclosed in a bundle.
* A list of campaigns returned from a Collection is enclosed in a bundle.
* An empty response with no STIX objects results in an empty bundle.

Definitions for media types other than STIX can be found in their respective specifications.

**Examples**

{

 "type": "bundle",

 ...,

 "indicators": [

 {

 "type": "indicator",

 "id": "indicator--252c7c11-daf2-42bd-843b-be65edca9f61",

 ...,

 }

 ]

}

## Property Names

* All property names and string literals **MUST** be exactly the same, including case, as the names listed in the property tables in this specification.
	+ For example, the discovery resource has a property called api\_roots and it must result in the JSON key name api\_roots.
* Properties marked required in the property tables **MUST** be present in the JSON serialization of that resource.

## DNS SRV Names

Organizations that choose to implement a DNS SRV record in their DNS server to advertise the location of their TAXII Server MUST use the service name taxii.

**Examples**

The following example is for a DNS SRV record advertising a TAXII Server for the domain “example.com” located at taxii-hub-1.example.com:443:

\_taxii.\_tcp.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 0 5 443 taxii-hub-1.example.com

# TAXII™ API - Server Information

The following table provides a summary of the Server Information Endpoints (URLs and HTTP Methods) defined by TAXII and the Resources they operate on.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **URL** | **Methods** | **Resource Type** |
| /taxii/ | GET | discovery |
| **<api-root>**/ | GET | api-root |
| **<api-root>**/status/**<status-id>**/ | GET | status |

## Server Discovery

This Endpoint provides general information about a TAXII Server, including the advertised API Roots. It's a common entry point for TAXII Clients into the data and services provided by a TAXII Server. For example, clients auto-discovering TAXII Servers via the DNS SRV record defined in section [1.4.1](#_3zdz9jiis8g6) will be able to automatically retrieve a discovery response for that server by requesting the /taxii/ path on that domain.

Discovery API responses **MAY** advertise any TAXII API Root (included those hosted on other servers).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /taxii/ |
| **Parameters** | **N/A** |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: discovery |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - No discovery information could be found or the requester does not have access to get discovery information.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get discovery information |

### Discovery Resource

**Resource Name:** discovery

The discovery resource contains information about the TAXII Server, such as a human-readable **title**, **description**, and **contact** information, as well as a list of API Roots that it is advertising. It also has an indication of which API Root it considers the **default**, or the one to use in the absence of other information/user choice.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **title** (required) | string | A human readable plain text name used to identify this server. |
| **description** (optional) | string | A human readable plain text description for this server. |
| **contact** (optional) | string | The human readable plain text contact information for this server and/or the administrator of this server.  |
| **default** (optional) | string | The default API Root that a TAXII Client **MAY** use. Absence of this field indicates that there is no default API Root. The default API Root **MUST** be an item in **api\_roots**. |
| **api\_roots** (optional) | list of type string | A list of URLs that identify known API Roots. This list **MAY** be filtered on a per-client basis. |

**Examples**

*URLs*

https://taxii.example.com:443/taxii/

https://someserver.example.net/taxii/

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /taxii/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "title": "Some TAXII Server", "description": "This TAXII Server contains a listing of...", "contact": "string containing contact information", "default": "https://example.com/api2/", "api\_roots": [ "https://example.com/api1/", "https://example.com/api2/", "https://example.net/trustgroup1/" ]} |

## Get API Root Information

This Endpoint provides general information about an API Root, which can be used to help users and clients decide whether and how they want to interact with it. Multiple API Roots **MAY** be hosted on a single TAXII Server. Often, an API Root represents a single trust group.

* Each API Root **MUST** have a unique URL.
* Each API Root **MAY** have different authentication and authorization schemes.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collections |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: api-root |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - No API Root could be found or the requester does not have access to get API Root information.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get API Root information. |

### API Root Resource

**Resource Name:** api-root

The api-root resource contains general information about the API Root, such as a human-readable **title** and **description**, the TAXII **versions** it supports, and the maximum size of the content body it will accept in a PUT or POST (**max\_content\_length**).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **title** (required) | string | A human readable plain text name used to identify this API instance.  |
| **description** (optional) | string | A human readable plain text description for this API Root. |
| **versions** (required) | list of type string | The list of TAXII versions that this API Root is compatible with. A value of taxii-2.0 MUST be included in this list to indicate conformance with this specification. |
| **max\_content\_length** (required) | integer | The maximum size of the request body in octets (8-bit bytes) that the server can support. This applies to requests only and is determined by the server. Requests with total body length values smaller than this value **MUST NOT** result in an HTTP 413 (Request Entity Too Large) response. |

**Examples**

*URLs*

https://example.com/api1/

https://example.com/api2/

https://example.org/trustgroup1/

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version-2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "title": "Malware Research Group", "description": "A trust group setup for malware researchers", "versions": ["taxii-2.0"], "max\_content\_length": 9765625} |

## Get Status

This Endpoint provides information about the status of a previous request. In TAXII 2.0, the only request that can be monitored is one to add objects to a Collection (see section [5.4](#_4miz6vh6cpf5)). It is typically used by TAXII Clients to monitor a request that they made in order to take action when it is complete.

TAXII Servers **SHOULD** provide status messages at this Endpoint while the request is in progress until at least 24 hours after it has been marked completed.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/status/<status-id>/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collections<status-id> - the identifier of the status message being requested |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: status |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - No status could be found or the requester does not have access to get status information.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get status information |

### Status Resource

**Resource Name:** status

The status resource represents information about a request to add objects to a Collection. It contains information about the status of the request, such as whether or not it's completed (**status**) and the status of individual objects within the request (i.e. whether they are still pending, completed and failed, or completed and succeeded).

The status resource is returned in two places: as a response to the initial request (see section [5.4](#_4miz6vh6cpf5)) and in response to a get status request (see section [4.3](#_qhki2dow699u)), which can be made after the initial request to continuously monitor its status.

The list of objects that are still pending and the list of objects that have been added are both lists of strings containing the identifier of the object (e.g., for STIX objects, their **id**). The list of objects that failed to be added is a simple type so that both the **id** and a message indicating why it failed can be provided.

| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **id** (required) | string | The identifier of this Status resource. |
| **status** (required) | string | The overall status of a previous POST request where an HTTP 202 (Accept) was returned. The value of this property **MUST** be one of complete or pending. A value of complete indicates that this resource will not be updated further and **MAY** be removed in the future. A status of pending indicates that this resource **MAY** update in the future. |
| **request\_timestamp** (optional) | timestamp | The datetime of the request that this status resource is monitoring. |
| **total\_count** (required) | integer | The total number of objects that were in the request. For a STIX bundle this would be the number of objects in the bundle. |
| **success\_count** (required) | integer | The number of objects that were successfully created. |
| **successes** (optional) | list of type string | A list of object IDs that were successfully processed. For STIX objects the STIX ID **MUST** be used here. For object types that do not have their own identifier, the server **MAY** use any value as the **id**. |
| **failure\_count** (required) | integer | The number of objects that failed to be created. |
| **failures** (optional) | list of type status-failure | A list of objects that were not successfully processed. |
| **pending\_count** (required) | integer | The number of objects that have yet to be processed. |
| **pendings** (optional) | list of type string | A list of objects for objects that have yet to be processed. For STIX objects the STIX ID **MUST** be used here. For object types that do not have their own identifier, the server **MAY** use any value as the **id**. |

**Type Name:** status-failure

This type represents an object that was not added to the Collection. It contains the **id** of the object and a **message** describing why it couldn't be added.

| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **id** (required) | string | The identifier of the object that failed to be created. For STIX objects the **id** **MUST** be the STIX Object **id**. For object types that do not have their own identifier, the server **MAY** use any value as the **id**. |
| **message** (optional) | string | A message indicating why the object failed to be created. |

**Examples**

*URLs*

https://example.com/api1/status/2d086da7-4bdc-4f91-900e-d77486753710/

https://example.com/api2/status/88dc8293-827e-44f0-a592-4b5302fbe9d3/

https://example.org/trustgroup1/status/5d26743b-4ade-4b7d-8fea-f68119d4f909/

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/status/2d086da7-4bdc-4f91-900e-d77486753710/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "id": "2d086da7-4bdc-4f91-900e-d77486753710", "status": "pending", "request\_url": "https://example.com/api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/objects", "request\_timestamp": "2016-11-02T12:34:34.12345Z", "total\_objects": 4, "success\_count": 1, "successes": [ "indicator--c410e480-e42b-47d1-9476-85307c12bcbf" ], "failure\_count": 1, "failures": [ { "id": "malware--664fa29d-bf65-4f28-a667-bdb76f29ec98", "message": "Unable to process object" } ], "pending\_count": 2, "pendings": [ "indicator--252c7c11-daf2-42bd-843b-be65edca9f61", "relationship--045585ad-a22f-4333-af33-bfd503a683b5" ]} |

# TAXII™ API - Collections

A TAXII Collection is a logical grouping of threat intelligence that enables the exchange of information between a TAXII Client and a TAXII Server in a request-response manner. Collections are hosted in the context of an API Root. Each API Root **MAY** have zero or more Collections. As with other TAXII Endpoints, the ability of TAXII Clients to read from and write to Collections canbe restricted depending on their permissions level.

This sections defines the TAXII API Collection Endpoints (URLs and methods), valid media types, and responses.

The following table provides a summary of the Endpoints (URLs and HTTP Methods) defined by TAXII and the Resources they operate on.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **URL** | **Methods** | **Resource Type** |
| **<api-root>**/collections/ | GET | collections |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<name>**/ | GET | collection |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<name>**/objects/ | GET, POST | object |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<name>**/objects/**<object-id>**/ | GET | object |
| **<api-root>**/collections/**<name>**/manifest/ | GET | manifest |

## Get Collections

This Endpoint provides information about the Collections hosted under this API Root. This is similar to the response to get a Collection (see section [5.2](#_8akkdelgbkrg)), but rather than providing information about one Collection it provides information about all of the Collections. Most importantly, it provides the Collection's **id**, which is used to request objects or manifest entries from the Collection.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/collections/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collections |
| **Pagination** | **Yes** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: collections |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - The Collections resource does not exist or the client does not have access to the Collections resource.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get Collection information. |

### Collections Resource

**Resource Name:** collections

The collections resource is a simple wrapper around a list of collection resources.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **collections** (optional) | list of type collection | A list of Collections. If there are no Collections in the list, this key **MUST** be omitted and the response is an empty object. The collection resource is defined in section [5.2.1](#_868250i2vzaz). |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/collections/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "collections": [ { "id": "91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116", "title": "High Value Indicator Collection", "description": "This data collection is for collecting high value IOCs", "can\_read": true, "can\_write": false, "media\_types": [ "application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0" ] }, { "id": "52892447-4d7e-4f70-b94d-d7f22742ff63", "title": "Indicators from the past 24-hours", "description": "This data collection is for collecting current IOCs", "can\_read": true, "can\_write": false, "media\_types": [ "application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0" ] } ]} |

## Get a Collection

This Endpoint provides general information about a Collection, which can be used to help users and clients decide whether and how they want to interact with it. For example, it will tell clients what it's called and what permissions they have to it.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/collections/<id>/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collection<id> - the identifier of the Collection being requested |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: collection |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - The Collection could not be found or the requester does not have access to get Collection information.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get Collection information |

### Collection Resource

**Resource Name:** collection

The collection resource contains general information about a Collection, such as its **id**, a human-readable **title** and **description**, an optional list of supported **media\_types** (representing the media type of objects can be requested from or added to it), and whether the TAXII Client, as authenticated, can get objects from the Collection and/or add objects to it.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **id** (required) | identifier | The **id** property universally and uniquely identifies this Collection. It is used in the Get Collection Endpoint (see section [5.2](#_8akkdelgbkrg)) as the **<id>** parameter to retrieve the Collection. |
| **title** (required) | string | A human readable plain text title used to identify this Collection. |
| **description** (optional) | string | A human readable plain text description for this Collection. |
| **can\_read** (required) | boolean | Indicates if the requester can read (i.e., GET) objects from this Collection. |
| **can\_write** (required) | boolean | Indicates if the the requester can write (i.e., POST) objects to this Collection. |
| **media\_types** (optional) | list of type string | A list of supported media types for Objects in this Collection. Absence of this field is equivalent to a single-value list containing application/vnd.oasis.stix+json. |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "id": "91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116", "title": "High Value Indicator Collection", "description": "This data collection is for collecting high value IOCs", "can\_read": true, "can\_write": false, "media\_types": [ "application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0" ]} |

## Get Objects

This Endpoint retrieves objects from a Collection. Clients can search for objects in the Collection, retrieve all objects in a Collection, or paginate through objects in the Collection.

To support searching the Collection, the Endpoint supports filtering as defined in section [3.5](#_w16tj2673s8q). Clients can provide one or more filter parameters to get objects with a specific ID, of a specific type, or with a specific version. Future versions of TAXII will add more advanced filtering capabilities.

To support requesting a large number of objects, the Endpoint supports pagination as defined in section [3.4](#_tvfy419udzxi). Clients can optionally provide their desired number of items per page and which page they want and servers will return that result set. Servers can also override client-provided pagination parameters, including requiring pagination when it isn't requested. As such, all clients should be aware that responses to this Endpoint may be paginated and be prepared to properly handle that.

When requesting STIX 2.0 content, the content will always be delivered in a STIX bundle (even if there's only zero or one objects, in which case the bundle will be empty or only contain one object). Other content types can be requested by using a different Accept header, however the specific representation of other content types is not defined.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/collections/<id>/objects/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collection<id> - the identifier of the Collection from which objects are being requested |
| **Pagination** | **Yes** |
| **Filtering** | **Yes** - id, type, version |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0**Body**: bundle*Requests for other content types are permitted and may result in other response bodies.* |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - The Objects resource does not exist or the client does not have access to the Objects resource.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get objects in the Collection. |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| GET RequestGET /api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/objects/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0{  "type": "bundle", ... "objects": [ { "type": "indicator", ... } ]} |

## Add Objects

This Endpoint adds objects to a Collection.

Successful responses to this Endpoint will contain a status resource describing the status of the request. The status resource contains an **id**, which can be used to make requests to the get status Endpoint (see section [4.3](#_qhki2dow699u)), a **status** flag to indicate whether the request is completed or still being processed, and information about the status of the particular objects in the request.

If the request is marked pending in the **status** field, the client **SHOULD** periodically poll the get status Endpoint to get an updated status until such a time that the **status** property returns a value of complete. At that point, the request can be considered complete.

When adding STIX 2.0 content, clients **MUST** deliver all objects in a STIX bundle. Other content types **MAY** be added (if the Collection supports it) by using a different Content-Type header, however the specific representation of other content types is not defined.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | POST |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/Collections/<id>/objects/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collection<id> - the identifier of the Collection to which objects are being added |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **No** |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0**Body**: bundle*POSTs containing other Content-Types are permitted and may have a different body.* |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 202 (Accepted)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: status |
| **Common Error Codes** | **422** - The object type or version is not supported or could not be processed. This can happen, for example, when sending a version of STIX that this TAXII Server does not support and cannot process, when sending a malformed body, or other unprocessable content.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get Collection information |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| *POST Request*POST /api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/objects/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0Content-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0{  "type": "bundle", ... "objects": [ { "type": "indicator", "id": "indicator--c410e480-e42b-47d1-9476-85307c12bcbf", ... } ]}​​​*POST Response*HTTP/1.1 202 AcceptedContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "id": "2d086da7-4bdc-4f91-900e-d77486753710", "status": "pending", "request\_url": "https://example.com/api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/objects", "request\_timestamp": "2016-11-02T12:34:34.12345Z", "total\_count": 4, "success\_count": 1, "successes": [ "indicator--c410e480-e42b-47d1-9476-85307c12bcbf" ], "failure\_count": 0, "pending\_count": 3} |

## Get an Object

This Endpoint gets an object from a Collection by its **id**. It can be thought of as a search where the match[id] parameter is set to the <object-id> in the path. For STIX 2.0 objects, the <object-id> MUST be the STIX **id**.

To support getting a particular version of an object, this Endpoint supports filtering as defined in section [3.5](#_w16tj2673s8q). The only valid match parameter is version.

When requesting STIX 2.0 content, the content will always be delivered in a STIX bundle (even if there's only zero or one objects, in which case the bundle will be empty or only contain one object). Other content types **MAY** be requested by using a different Accept header, however the specific representation of other content types is not defined.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/collections/<id>/objects/<object-id>/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collection<id> - the identifier of the Collection being requested<object-id> - the ID of the object being requested |
| **Pagination** | **No** |
| **Filtering** | **Yes** - version |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0**Body**: bundle*Requests for other content types are permitted and may result in other response bodies.* |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - The object could not be found or the requester does not have access to get the object.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get the object. |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/object/indicator--252c7c11-daf2-42bd-843b-be65edca9f61/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0{  "type": "bundle", ..., "indicators": [ { "type": "indicator", "id": "indicator--252c7c11-daf2-42bd-843b-be65edca9f61", ..., } ]} |

## Get Object Manifests

This Endpoint retrieves a manifest about objects from a Collection. It supports filtering and pagination identical to the get objects Endpoint (see section [5.3](#_xlss9yvcfjov)) but rather than returning the object itself it returns metadata about the object. It can be used to retrieve metadata to decide whether it's worth retrieving the actual objects.

This Endpoint supports filtering, which is applied against the source object rather than the manifest entry for an object. Thus, searching the manifest for a **type** of indicator will return the manifest entries for objects with a type of indicator, even though the manifest doesn't have a **type** field.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Properties** |  |  |
| **Supported Method** | GET |
| **URL** | /<api-root>/collections/<id>/manifest/ |
| **Parameters** | <api-root> - the base URL of the API Root containing the Collection<id> - the identifier of the Collection being requested |
| **Pagination** | **Yes** |
| **Filtering** | **Yes** - id, type, versionFiltering is based on properties of the objects that the manifest entries represent. For example, filtering by type=indicator will return manifest entries for objects with a type of indicator. |
| **Valid Request Type** | **Accept:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0 |
| **Successful Response** | **Status:** 200 (OK)**Content-Type:** application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0**Body**: manifest |
| **Common Error Codes** | **404** - The Manifest resource does not exist or the client does not have access to the Manifest resource.**401, 403** - The client either needs to authenticate or does not have access to get manifests for objects in the Collection. |

### Manifest Resource

**Resource Name:** manifest

The manifest resource is a simple wrapper around a list of manifest-entry items.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **objects** (optional) | list of type manifest-entry | The list of manifest entries for objects returned by the request. If there are no manifest-entry items in the list, this key **MUST** be omitted and the response is an empty object. |

**Type Name:** manifest-entry

The manifest-entry type captures metadata about a single object, indicated by the **id** property. The metadata includes information such as when the object was added to the Collection, what versions of the object are available, and what media types the object is available in.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Property Name** | **Type** | **Description** |
| **id** (required) | identifier | The identifier of the object that this manifest entry describes. |
| **date\_added** (optional) | timestamp | The date and time this object was added to the server. |
| **versions** (optional) | list of type string | A list of available versions, sorted in order from most recent version to least recent version. For example versions[0] contains the newest version and versions[len-1] contains the oldest version.For objects in STIX format, the STIX **modified** field is the version. |
| **media\_types** (optional) | list of type string | The media types that this object can be requested in. |

**Examples**

|  |
| --- |
| *GET Request*GET /api1/collections/91a7b528-80eb-42ed-a74d-c6fbd5a26116/manifest/ HTTP/1.1Host: example.comAccept: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0*GET Response*HTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application/vnd.oasis.taxii+json; version=2.0{ "objects": [ { "id": "indicator--29aba82c-5393-42a8-9edb-6a2cb1df070b", "date\_added": "2016-11-01T03:04:05Z", "versions": ["2016-11-03T12:30:59.000Z","2016-12-03T12:30:59.000Z"], "media\_types": ["application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0"] }, { "id": "indicator--ef0b28e1-308c-4a30-8770-9b4851b260a5", "date\_added": "2016-11-01T10:29:05Z", "versions": ["2016-11-03T12:30:59.000Z"], "media\_types": ["application/vnd.oasis.stix+json; version=2.0"] } ]} |

# TAXII™ API - Channels

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# Customizing TAXII Resources

This section defines how to extent TAXII in an interoperable manner.

## Custom Properties

It is understood that there will be cases where certain information exchanges can be improved by adding properties that are not specified nor reserved in this document; these properties are called **Custom Properties**. This section provides guidance and requirements for how TAXII Servers and Clients should use and interpret Custom Properties in order to extend TAXII in an interoperable manner.

Note: The presence of Custom Properties may introduce variability of behavior depending on whether or not the TAXII Server or Client understands the Custom Properties. A reasonable strategy to minimize unwanted variations in behavior is to provide well defined and consistent rules for processing Custom Properties to any TAXII Server or Client that would be reasonably expected to parse them.

### Requirements

* A TAXII resource **MAY** have any number of Custom Properties.
* Custom Property names **MUST** be in ASCII and are limited to characters a-z (lowercase ASCII) and underscore (\_).
* Custom Property names **SHOULD** start with “x\_” followed by a source unique identifier (like a domain name), an underscore and then the name. For example: **x\_examplecom\_customfield**.
* Custom Property names **SHOULD** be no longer than 30 ASCII characters in length.
* Custom Property names **MUST** have a minimum length of 3 ASCII characters.
* Custom Property names **MUST** be no longer than 256 ASCII characters in length.
* Custom Property names that are not prefixed with “x\_” may be used in a future version of the specification for a different meaning. If compatibility with future versions of this specification is required, the “x\_” prefix **MUST** be used.
* Custom Property names **SHOULD** be unique when produced by the same source and **SHOULD** use a consistent namespace prefix (e.g., a domain name).
* Custom Properties **SHOULD** only be used when there are no existing properties defined by the TAXII specification that fulfill that need.

TAXII Servers that receive a TAXII Resource with one or more Custom Properties it does not understand **MAY** respond in one of two ways:

1. Either refuse to process the content further and respond to the message with an HTTP 422 (Unprocessable Entity) status code,
2. or silently ignore non-understood properties and continue processing the message.

TAXII Clients that receive a TAXII Resource with one or more Custom Properties it does not understand **MAY** silently ignore non-understood properties and continue processing the message.

The reporting and logging of errors originating from the processing of Custom Properties depends on the TAXII Server and Client implementations and is therefore not covered in this specification.

**Examples**

{

 ...,

 "x\_acmeinc\_scoring": {

 "impact": "high",

 "probability": "low"

 },

 ...

}

# Conformance

## TAXII™ Servers

This section describes the types of TAXII Servers that can be implemented and which normative requirements those types of servers must conform to.

### TAXII™ 2.0 Server

A "TAXII 2.0 Server" is any software that conforms to the following normative requirements:

1. It **MUST** support all requirements for a TAXII Collections Server as defined in section [8.1.2](#_hek0yi1k51kf).

### TAXII™ 2.0 Collections Server

A "TAXII 2.0 Collections Server" is any software that conforms to the following normative requirements:

1. It **MUST** support all requirements as defined in section [3](#_dwru50atx72x), section [4](#_esajpdlxor7i) and section [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc).
2. It **MUST** include all required properties within TAXII Resources, as defined in section [4](#_esajpdlxor7i) and section [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc).
3. It **MUST** support all features listed in section [8.2](#_o9lxh48xtvrs), Mandatory Server Features.
4. It **MAY** support any features listed in section [8.3](#_9br2xarjg19b), Optional Server Features. Software supporting an optional feature **MUST** comply with the normative requirements of that feature.

### TAXII™ 2.0 Channels Server

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## Mandatory Server Features

This sections defines the mandatory features that all TAXII Servers must implement.

### TAXII Server Core Requirements

1. It **MUST** define the URL of the Discovery API to be /taxii/ and it **MUST** be located at the root of the server, e.g., <https://example.com/taxii/>
2. It **MUST** support at least one API Root.
3. It **MAY** support multiple API Roots.
4. It **MAY** implement other HTTP Methods, Content Types, and/or URLs beyond those defined in this specification.
5. It **MUST** be capable of sending HTTP responses for features that it supports whose content is valid TAXII as defined in sections [3](#_dwru50atx72x), [4](#_esajpdlxor7i), [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc), and [6](#_ajzyjryzbne1) or STIX as defined in [[*STIX™*](#lq5lkamlx4vg) [*Version 2.0. Part 1: STIX Core Concepts*](#RelatedWork)].
6. All properties **MUST** conform to the data type and normative requirements for that property.

### HTTPS and Authentication Server Requirements

1. It **MUST** accept TAXII 2.0 requests using HTTPS [[RFC7230](#hb9xzm4g5vgy)].
2. It **MUST** accept connections using TLS version 1.2 [[RFC5246](#hb5wa4a70wq)] and **SHOULD** accept connections using TLS version 1.3 [[TLS1.3](#kix.yf5qerprv11y)] or higher
3. It **SHOULD NOT** accept any TLS 1.2 connections that use any of the cipher suites that are listed in the cipher suite black list in Appendix A of [[RFC7540](#8zum78fjqsb)].
4. It **MUST** implement the HTTP Basic authentication scheme per [[RFC 7617](#vde58tur741j)].
5. It **MAY** permit configurations that enable and/or disable all authentication schemes, including HTTP Basic authentication.
6. It **MAY** implement additional authentication and authorization schemes beyond HTTP Basic, see section [1.4.8](#_58fh19e81uge).
7. It **MAY** restrict access to clients by omitting specific objects, information, or optional fields from any TAXII response.
8. It **MAY** permit operators to disable all authentication.
9. It **MAY** choose to not respond to (a.k.a. silently ignore) unauthorized requests.

## Optional Server Features

This sections defines the optional features that a TAXII Server **MAY** implement.

### Client Certificate Verification

TAXII 2.0 servers **MAY** choose to verify a client’s certificate and use it for authentication. TAXII Servers supporting client certificate verification and authentication **MUST** follow the normative requirements listed in this section.

* The default strategy for TAXII Servers authenticating and verifying certificates **SHOULD** be PKIX as defined in [[RFC5280]](#fvqqhg3mlxzq), [[RFC6818]](#3656fgjnywy2), [[RFC6125]](#ms8j2jrqzng8) et al.
* It **MAY** support other certificate verification policies such as Certificate Pinning.

## TAXII™ Clients

This section describes the types of TAXII Clients that can be implemented and which normative requirements those types of clients must conform to.

### TAXII™ 2.0 Client

A "TAXII 2.0 Client" is any software that conforms to the following normative requirements:

1. It **MUST** support all requirements for a TAXII Collections Client as defined in section [8.4.2](#_ns8dtm1a8v3h).

### TAXII™ 2.0 Collections Client

A "TAXII 2.0 Collections Client" is any software that exchanges CTI data with a TAXII 2.0 Collections Server or a TAXII 2.0 Server. A TAXII 2.0 Collections Client conforms to the following normative requirements:

1. It **SHOULD** be capable of looking up and using the TAXII SRV record from DNS.
2. It **MUST** support parsing all properties for resources defined in section [4](#_esajpdlxor7i) and section [5](#_wzwrwiz8wvuc).
3. It **MUST** support all features listed in section [8.5](#_mjg6k7au91bo), Mandatory Client Features.

### TAXII™ 2.0 Channels Client

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## Mandatory Client Features

This section defines the mandatory features that all TAXII Clients **MUST** support.

### HTTPS and Authentication Client Requirements

1. It **MUST** initiate TAXII 2.0 requests to a TAXII 2.0 Server using HTTPS [[RFC7230](#hb9xzm4g5vgy)].
2. It **MUST** support TLS 1.2 and **SHOULD** use TLS version 1.3 [[TLS1.3](#s33lfx8kqg1)] or higher
3. It **SHOULD NOT** use TLS 1.2 with any of the cipher suites that are listed in the cipher suite blacklist in Appendix A of [[RFC7540]](#8zum78fjqsb).
4. It **MUST** implement the HTTP Basic authentication scheme as a client per [[RFC 7617](#vde58tur741j)].
5. It **MAY** implement additional authentication and authorization schemes beyond HTTP Basic, see section [1.4.8](#_58fh19e81uge).

### Server Certificate Verification

* The default strategy for TAXII Clients authenticating and verifying the server's TLS certificate **SHOULD** be PKIX as defined in [[RFC5280]](#fvqqhg3mlxzq), [[RFC6818]](#3656fgjnywy2), [[RFC6125]](#ms8j2jrqzng8) et al.
* TAXII Clients **MAY** support other certification verification policies such as:
	+ Certificate Pinning: A single or limited set of either hard-coded or physically distributed pinned certificate authorities or end-entity certificates.
	+ DANE: DNS-based Authentication of Named Entities [[RFC7671](#nbwq8vosnsua)]. Systems implementing DANE **SHOULD** also implement DNSSEC [[RFC4033](#4dhfpgtppp5g)].
	+ Note that Self-Signed Certificates (like other certificates which cannot be verified by PKIX) **MAY** be supported via Certificate Pinning and/or DANE as noted above.
1. Glossary

**API Root** - A grouping of TAXII Channels, Collections, and related functionality.

**Channel** - A publish-subscribe communications method where messages are exchanged.

**CTI** - Cyber Threat Intelligence

**Collection** - A logical group of CTI objects.

**Endpoint** - A combination of a URL and HTTP method with defined behavior in TAXII.

**STIX** - Structured Threat Information Expression (STIX™) is a language and serialization format used to exchange cyber threat intelligence (CTI).

**STIX Content** - STIX documents, including STIX Objects, grouped as STIX Bundles.

**STIX Object** - A STIX Domain Object (SDO) or STIX Relationship Object (SRO).

**TAXII** - Trusted Automated eXchange of Intelligence Information (TAXII™) is an application layer protocol for the communication of cyber threat intelligence (CTI).

**TAXII Client** - A software package that connects to a TAXII Server and supports the exchange of CTI.

**TAXII Server** - A software package that supports the exchange of CTI.

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